Crop Insured
Safflower planted and grown for harvest as seed is insurable in counties where a premium rate is provided by the actuarial documents.

Counties Available
South Dakota - Bennett, Corson, Fall River, Haskon, Harding, Jackson, Meade, Pennington, Perkins, and Oglala Lakota counties.

Safflower in counties with no actuarial documents may be insurable by written agreement.

Causes of Loss
You are protected against the following:
- Adverse weather conditions;
- Failure of irrigation water supply, if caused by an insured peril during the insurance period;
- Fire;
- Insect damage and plant disease, but not damage due to insufficient or improper application of control measures; or
- Wildlife.

Insurance Period
Insurance coverage begins on the later of the date your application is accepted or the date the insured crop is planted. Insurance coverage ends with the earliest occurrence of one of the following:
- Total destruction of the crop;
- October 31;
- Harvest;
- Abandonment of the crop; or
- Final adjustment of a loss.

Important Dates
Sales Closing ....................... March 15, 2018
Earliest Planting ................. Varies by County
Final Planting ..................... Varies by County
Acreage Reporting ............. July 15, 2018
Premium Billing .................. August 15, 2018

Production Reporting ... 45 Days After Sales Closing

Reporting Requirements
Acreage Report - You must report all your safflower acreage in the county both insured and uninsured, including share, type, practice, and land identifiers by the acreage reporting date.

Coverage Levels and Premium Subsidies
Catastrophic Risk Protection (CAT) coverage is 50 percent of your average yield and 55 percent of the price election. The cost for CAT coverage is an administrative fee of $300, regardless of the acreage. There is no additional premium for CAT. For insurance coverage above 50 percent (buy up), a $30 administrative fee is charged per crop per county. Additional premium applies. The premium is discounted for all units except optional units.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Percent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Coverage Level</td>
<td>50 55 60 65 70 75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Premium Subsidy</td>
<td>67 64 64 59 59 55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Your Premium Share</td>
<td>33 36 36 41 41 45</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For example, at the 70-percent coverage level, an average yield of 650 pounds per acre would result in a guarantee of 455 pounds per acre and a producer paid premium of 41 percent of the base premium.

This fact sheet gives only a general overview of the crop insurance program and is not a complete policy. For further information and an evaluation of your risk management needs, contact a crop insurance agent.
Price Elections
The value per pound is established annually and published in the actuarial documents. Organic production has a separate established price and contract pricing options are available for certified organic safflower grown under guaranteed contracts.

Insurance Plans Available
Actual Production History (APH) - Provides protection against a production loss. The guarantee is based on your individual yield history multiplied by the price election.

Additional Coverage Options
Actual Production History (APH) Yield Exclusion - You may choose to improve your average APH yield by excluding an actual yield from your production history in eligible crop years. Eligible crop years are listed in the actuarial documents.

Supplemental Coverage Option (SCO) - Provides additional coverage to your underlying policy. The losses are determined by overall area performance for a given year. SCO is only available in select counties. For more information see the SCO fact sheet at www.rma.usda.gov/pubs/rme/fctsht.html.

Rotation Requirements
Acreage on which safflower, sunflowers, dry beans, soybeans, mustard, rapeseed, or lentils were grown in the preceding crop year is not insurable.

Duties in the Event of Damage or Loss
You must perform the following duties in the event of damage or loss:

- Protect the crop from further damage by providing sufficient care;
- Notify your crop insurance agent within 72 hours of your initial discovery of damage (but not later than 15 days after the end of the insurance period); and
- You cannot destroy or put the crop to another use without prior approval.

Loss Example
Assume an APH average yield of 500 pounds per acre, 75-percent coverage level, one basic unit, and 100-percent share in the crop.

\[
\begin{align*}
500 \times 0.75 &= 375 \\
375 - 100 &= 275 \\
275 \times 0.27 &= 74.25
\end{align*}
\]

Indemnity per acre $74.25

Your premium will be deducted from any indemnity payment.

Where to Buy Crop Insurance
All multi-peril crop insurance, including CAT policies, are available from private crop insurance agents. A list of crop insurance agents is available at all USDA service centers and on the RMA website at www.rma.usda.gov/tools/agent.html.

Contact Us
USDA/Risk Management Agency
Billings Regional Office
3490 Gabel Road, Suite 100
Billings, MT 59102-7302
Telephone: (406) 657-6447
Fax: (406) 657-6573
Email: rsomt@rma.usda.gov

USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer and lender. To file a complaint of discrimination, write: USDA, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights, Office of Adjudication, 1400 Independence Ave., SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call (866) 632-9992 (toll-free customer service), (800) 877-8339 (local or federal relay), (866) 377-8642 (relay voice users).