SUMMARY OF CHANGES FOR THE CROP REVENUE COVERAGE POLICY BASIC PROVISIONS
98-CRC-BASIC

The following is a brief description of changes to the Crop Revenue Coverage (CRC) Basic Provisions. Please refer to the actual provisions for more complete information and to the summary of changes for individual Crop Provisions to determine the effective crop year of these new Basic Provisions.

1. "Agreement to Insure" - Amended this provision to specify that the order of priority is as follows if a conflict exists: the Special Provisions; the Crop Provisions; and the Basic Provisions.

2. Section 1 - Deleted all paragraph designations to avoid confusion in case of any future revision. Deleted the definition of "reporting date" because "acreage reporting date" is defined and this definition refers to the same date. Revised the definition of "abandon" to clarify that failure to continue providing sufficient care or failure to harvest in a timely manner is not considered abandonment if an insured cause of loss prevents the producer from properly caring for or harvesting the crop or causes damage to it to the extent that most producers would not normally further care for or harvest it. Revised the definition of "acreage reporting date" to clarify that the final acreage reporting date may be determined in accordance with section 7 (Report of Acreage) of the Basic Provisions rather than the acreage reporting date contained in the Special Provisions. Deleted duplicative provisions contained in the definition of "contract." Clarified that the definition of "contract" is synonymous with "policy." Revised the definition of "loss, notice of" by adding "whichever is earlier" after the two specific times notice of loss must be given. Revised the definition of "person" to clarify that the United States Government or any agency thereof is not considered a "person." Revised the definition of "premium billing date" to indicate that the date is contained in the Special Provisions. Revised the definition of "practical to replant" to add marketing window as an additional factor that must be considered when determining whether or not it is practical to replant; and specified that the unavailability of seed or plants will not be considered a valid reason for failure to replant. Revised the definition of "share" to remove provisions regarding how the share is determined. Added definitions for the terms "Act," "agricultural commodity," "days," "deductible," "field," "final planting date," "good farming practices," "interplanted," "irrigated practice," "late planted," "late planting period," "non-contiguous," "Palmer Drought Severity Index," "planted acreage," "prevented planting," "replanting," "substantial beneficial interest," "timely planted," and "void."

3. Section 2 - Defined the term "basic unit" rather than "unit" to be consistent with the language contained in the current Crop Provisions. The definition of "unit" amended to "basic unit" is revised to remove provisions regarding the determination of share. These provisions will now be covered in section 11 (Share Insured). Added the optional unit structure requirements previously included in the Crop Provisions. Also added definition for "enterprise unit" and the requirements that must be met to qualify for an enterprise unit.

4. Section 3 - Reformatted and amended these provisions for clarity. Revised the sentence that stated "Your policy will terminate if no premium is earned for 3 consecutive years" to read that the policy "may" terminate. Added an example to show when a producer becomes ineligible and when policies terminate if premium is not paid by the termination date.

5. Section 4(d) - Specified that if the producer filed a claim for any crop year, the amount of production used to complete the claim for indemnity will be the production report for that crop year unless otherwise specified by the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation (FCIC). Also clarified that production and acreage for the prior crop year must be reported for each proposed optional unit on or before the production reporting date.

6. Section 7 - Reformatted this section and changed the date by which an insured must submit an annual acreage report by allowing the insured until the latest applicable spring or fall acreage reporting date when multiple crops are insured in a county. However, if the Special Provisions designate separate planting periods, the insured must submit an acreage report on or before the acreage reporting date contained in the Special Provisions for the planting period.

Specified that if liability is denied for unreported units, the producer's share of any production from the unreported units will be allocated, for loss purposes only, as production to count to the reported units in proportion to the liability on each reported unit.

Specified that if the information contained on the acreage report results in:
(a) A lower liability than the actual liability determined by the insurance provider, the Final Guarantee will be reduced to conform to the reported information; or
(b) A higher liability than the actual liability determined by the insurance provider, the information contained on the acreage report will be revised to be consistent with the correct information.
Also specified that if the insurance provider discovers that the producer has incorrectly reported any information on the acreage report for any crop year, the producer may be required to provide documentation in subsequent crop years that substantiates the producers report of acreage for those crop years, including but not limited to an acreage measurement service at the producer's expense.

7. Section 8 - Clarified that any amount owed by the producer to the insurance provider related to any crop insured under the Act will be deducted from any prevented planting payment or indemnity due the insured for any crop insured under the authority of the Act. Amounts owed will no longer be deducted from a replant payment.

8. Section 9 - Amended provisions regarding acreage used for wildlife protection or management in section 9(b)(6) by adding "If the lease states that specific acreage must remain unharvested, only that acreage is uninsurable. If the lease specifies that a percentage of the crop must be left unharvested, your share will be reduced by such percentage."

9. Section 10(a)(1) - Specified that acreage will not be insurable if it has not been planted and harvested within one of the 3 previous crop years, unless such acreage was not planted: to comply with any other United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) program; because of crop rotation, (e.g., corn, soybeans, alfalfa; and the alfalfa remained for 4 years before the acreage was planted to corn again); due to an insurable cause of loss that prevented planting; or because a perennial crop was grown on the acreage. Such acreage will be insurable if it was planted but was not harvested due to an insurable cause of loss, or if the Crop Provisions specifically allow insurance for such acreage.

10. Section 10(a)(2) - Specified that acreage that has been strip-mined will not be insurable, unless an agricultural commodity other than a cover, hay, or forage crop (except corn silage), has been harvested from the acreage for at least five crop years after the strip-mined land was reclaimed.

11. Section 11 - Added provisions to clarify that a lease containing provisions for BOTH a minimum payment (such as a specified amount of cash, bushels, pounds, etc.) AND a crop share will be considered a crop share lease; and that a lease containing provisions for EITHER a minimum payment OR a crop share (such as a 50/50 share or $100.00 per acre, whichever is greater) will be considered a cash lease.

12. Section 12 - Clarified provisions regarding the time insurance attaches.

13. Section 14 - Deleted provisions that required the replanting payment to be reduced when information reported on the acreage report resulted in a lower premium than the actual premium determined.

14. Section 17 - Added a new section to incorporate coverage for acreage that is planted after the final planting date (previously included in the Crop Provisions). These provisions:
   - Differentiate between the Final Guarantees planted to the insured crop during the late planting period and acreage planted to the insured crop after the late planting period;
   - Amend the reductions in Final Guarantees for acreage planted to the insured crop during the late planting period. The Final Guarantees for acreage planted to the insured crop during the twenty-five day late planting period will be reduced one percent per day for each day the acreage is planted after the final planting date; and
   - Clarify that acreage on which planting cannot be completed (e.g., seed is broadcast on the soil surface but cannot be incorporated) will be insured, and that production from such acreage will be included as production to count.

15. Section 18 - Added a new section to incorporate the prevented planting coverage previously included in the Crop Provisions. Changes to the prevented planting provisions are as follows:
   (a) Provisions which previously allowed a substitute crop to be planted have been removed.
   (b) Section 18(b) - The Crop Provisions contain a prevented planting coverage level percentage that will automatically apply if the insured does not elect an available prevented planting coverage level percentage on or before the sales closing date. The actuarial documents may provide additional prevented planting coverage levels that may be elected for an additional premium. Insureds who have a Catastrophic Risk Protection Endorsement for a crop will be limited to the lowest prevented planting coverage level percentage available for that crop.
   (c) Section 18(d) - Added provisions to indicate that drought will be an insurable cause of loss for non-irrigated acreage only if the Palmer Drought Severity Index classifies the area as being in a severe or extreme drought.
16. Section 20 - Amended the provisions to specify that failure to agree with any factual determination made by FCIC must be resolved through the FCIC appeal provisions published at 7 CFR part 11. Also clarify that any award determined by arbitration or appeal cannot exceed the amount of liability established or which should have been established under the policy.

17. Section 28 - Clarified that liability under the policy cannot be increased by a transfer of coverage. Also clarified that any transferee must be eligible for crop insurance.

18. Section 29 - Clarified that no cause of action will lie against insurance provider arising from any assignment. Also specified that if the insured suffered a loss from an insurable cause and failed to file a claim for indemnity within 60 days after the end of the insurance period, the assignee may submit the claim for indemnity not later than 15 days after the 60 day period has expired.
This insurance policy is reinsured by the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation (FCIC) under the provisions of the Federal Crop Insurance Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) (Act). All provisions of the policy and rights and responsibilities of the parties are specifically subject to the Act. The provisions of the policy are published as a Notice in the Federal Register, and may not be waived or varied in any way by the crop insurance agent or any other agent or employee of FCIC or the company. In the event we cannot pay your loss, your claim will be settled in accordance with the provisions of this policy and paid by FCIC. No state guarantee fund will be liable for your loss.

Throughout this policy, “you” and “your” refer to the named insured shown on the accepted application and “we,” “us,” and “our” refer to the insurance company providing insurance. Unless the context indicates otherwise, use of the plural form of a word includes the singular and use of the singular form of the word includes the plural.

**AGREEMENT TO INSURE:** In return for the payment of the premium, and subject to all of the provisions of this policy, we agree with you to provide the insurance as stated in this policy. If a conflict exists among the policy provisions, the order of priority is as follows: (1) the Special Provisions; (2) the Crop Provisions; and (3) these Basic Provisions, with (1) controlling (2), etc.

### TERMS AND CONDITIONS

**Basic Provisions**

1. **Definitions**
   - **Abandon** - Failure to continue to care for the crop, providing care so insignificant as to provide no benefit to the crop, or failure to harvest in a timely manner, unless an insured cause of loss prevents you from properly caring for or harvesting the crop or causes damage to it to the extent that most producers of the crop on acreage with similar characteristics in the area would not normally further care for or harvest it.
   - **Acreage report** - A report required by section 7 of these Basic Provisions that contains, in addition to other required information, your report of your share of all acreage of an insured crop in the county, whether insurable or not insurable.
   - **Acreage reporting date** - The date contained in the Special Provisions or as provided in section 7 by which you are required to submit your acreage report.
   - **Actuarial documents** - The material for the crop year which is available for public inspection in your agent’s office, and which show the revenue guarantees, coverage levels, premium rates, practices, insurable acreage, and other related information regarding crop insurance in the county.
   - **Agricultural commodity** - All insurable crops and other fruit, vegetable or nut crops produced for human or animal consumption.
   - **Another use, notice of** - The written notice required when you wish to put acreage to another use (see section 15).
   - **Application** - The form required to be completed by you and accepted by us before insurance coverage will commence. This form must be completed and filed in your agent’s office not later than the sales closing date of the initial insurance year for each crop for which insurance coverage is requested. If cancellation or termination of insurance coverage occurs for any reason, including but not limited to indebtedness, suspension, debarment, disqualification, cancellation by you or us, or violation of the controlled substance provisions of the Food Security Act of 1985, a new application must be filed for the crop. Insurance coverage will not be provided if you are ineligible under the contract or under any Federal statute or regulation.
   - **Approved yield** - The yield determined in accordance with 7 CFR part 400, subpart (G). This yield is established for basic or optional units. The Approved Yield for each basic unit comprising an enterprise unit is retained for premium and final guarantee purposes under an enterprise unit.
   - **Assignment of indemnity** - A transfer of policy rights, made on our form, and effective when approved by us. It is the arrangement whereby you assign your right to an indemnity payment to any party of your choice for the crop year.
   - **Base Price** - The initial price determined in accordance with the Commodity Exchange Endorsement and used to calculate your premium and Minimum Guarantee.
   - **CRC low price factor** - A premium factor, as set forth in the actuarial documents, used to calculate the risk associated with a decrease in the Harvest Price relative to the Base Price.
   - **CRC high price factor** - A premium factor, as set forth in the actuarial documents, used to calculate the risk associated with an increase in the Harvest Price relative to the Base Price.
   - **CRC rate** - A premium rate, as set forth in the actuarial documents, used to calculate the risk associated with producing a level of production.
   - **Cancellation date** - The calendar date specified in the Crop Provisions on which coverage for the crop will automatically renew unless canceled in writing by either you or us, or terminated in accordance with the policy terms.
   - **Claim for indemnity** - A claim made on our form by you for damage or loss to an insured crop and submitted to us not later than 60 days after the end of the insurance period (see section 15.)
   - **Consent** - Approval in writing by us allowing you to take a specific action.
   - **Contract** - (see “policy.”)
   - **Contract change date** - The calendar date by which we make any policy changes available for inspection in the agent’s office (see section 5.)
   - **County** - Any county, parish, or other political subdivision of a state shown on your accepted application, including acreage in a field that extends into an adjoining county if the county boundary is not readily discernible.
   - **Coverage** - The insurance provided by this policy, against insured loss of revenue by unit as shown on your summary of coverage.
   - **Coverage begins, date** - The calendar date insurance begins on the insured crop, as contained in the Crop Provisions, or the date planting begins on the unit (see section 12 of these Basic Provisions for specific provisions relating to prevented planting.)
   - **Crop Provisions** - The part of the policy that contains the specific provisions of insurance for each insured crop.
   - **Crop year** - The period within which the insured crop is normally grown and designated by the calendar year in which the insured crop is normally harvested.
   - **Damage** - Injury, deterioration, or loss of revenue of the insured crop due to insured or uninsured causes.
   - **Damage, notice of** - A written notice required to be filed in your agent's office whenever you initially discover the insured crop has been damaged to the extent that a loss is probable (see section 15.)
   - **Days** - Calendar days.
   - **Deductible** - The amount determined by subtracting the
coverage level percentage you choose from 100 percent. For example, if you elected a 65 percent coverage level, your deductible would be 35 percent (100% - 65% = 35%).

Delinquent account - Any account you have with us in which premiums, and interest on those premiums is not paid by the termination date specified in the Crop Provisions, or any other amounts due us, such as indemnities found not to have been earned, which are not paid within 30 days of our mailing or other delivery of notification to you of the amount due.

Earliest planting date - The earliest date established for planting the insured crop (see Special Provisions and section 14.)

End of insurance period, date of - The date upon which your crop insurance coverage ceases for the crop year (see Crop Provisions and section 12.)

Field - All acreage of tillable land within a natural or artificial boundary (e.g., roads, waterways, fences, etc.)

Final Guarantee - The number of dollars guaranteed per acre determined to be the higher of the Minimum Guarantee or the Harvest Guarantee, where:

(1) Minimum Guarantee - The Approved Yield per acre multiplied by the Base Price multiplied by the coverage level percentage you elect.

(2) Harvest Guarantee - The Approved Yield per acre multiplied by the Harvest Price, multiplied by the coverage level percentage you elect.

If you elect enterprise unit coverage, the Basic Units comprising the enterprise unit will retain separate Final Guarantees.

Final planting date - The date contained in the Special Provisions for the insured crop by which the crop must initially be planted in order to be insured for the full Final Guarantee.

FSA - The Farm Service Agency, an agency of the USDA, or a successor agency.

FSA farm serial number - The number assigned to the farm by the local FSA office.

Good farming practices - The cultural practices generally in use in the county for the crop to make normal progress toward maturity and produce at least the yield used to determine the Final Guarantee and are those recognized by the Cooperative State Research, Education, and Extension Service as compatible with agronomic and weather conditions in the county.

Harvest Price - The final price determined in accordance with the Commodity Exchange Endorsement and used to calculate your calculated revenue and the Harvest Guarantee.

Insured - The named person as shown on the application accepted by us. This term does not extend to any other person having a share or interest in the crop (for example, a partnership, landlord, or any other person) unless specifically indicated on the accepted application.

Insured crop - The crop for which coverage is available under these Basic Provisions and the applicable Crop Provisions as shown on the application accepted by us.

Interplanted - Acreage on which two or more crops are planted in a manner that does not permit separate agronomic maintenance or harvest of the insured crop.

Irrigated practice - A method of producing a crop by which water is artificially applied during the growing season by appropriate systems and at the proper times, with the intention of providing the quantity of water needed to produce at least the yield used to establish the Final Guarantee on the irrigated acreage planted to the insured crop.

Late planted - Acreage initially planted to the insured crop after the final planting date.

Late planting period - The period that begins the day after the final planting date for the insured crop and ends 25 days after the final planting date, unless otherwise specified in the Crop Provisions or Special Provisions.

Loss, notice of - The notice required to be given by you not later than 72 hours after certain occurrences or 15 days after the end of the insurance period, whichever is earlier (see section 15.)

MPCI - Multiple peril crop insurance program, a program of insurance offered under the Federal Crop Insurance Act, as amended (7 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) (Act) and implemented in 7 CFR part 400.

Negligence - The failure to use such care as a reasonably prudent and careful person would use under similar circumstances.

Non-contiguous - Any two or more tracts of land whose boundaries do not touch at any point, except that land separated only by a public or private right-of-way, waterway, or an irrigation canal will be considered as contiguous.

Palmer Drought Severity Index - A meteorological index calculated by the National Weather Service to indicate prolonged and abnormal moisture deficiency or excess.

Person - An individual, partnership, association, corporation, estate, trust, or other legal entity, and wherever applicable, a State or a political subdivision or agency of a State. “Person” does not include the United States Government or any agency thereof.

Planted acreage - Land in which seed, plants, or trees have been placed appropriate for the insured crop and planting method, at the correct depth, into a seedbed that has been properly prepared for the planting method and production practice.

Policy - The agreement between you and us consisting of the accepted application, these Basic Provisions, the Crop Provisions, the Special Provisions, other applicable endorsements or options, the actuarial documents for the insured crop, and the applicable regulations published in 7 CFR chapter IV.

Practical to replant - Our determination, after loss or damage to the insured crop, based on all factors, including, but not limited to moisture availability, marketing window, condition of the field, and time to crop maturity, that replanting the insured crop will allow the crop to attain maturity prior to the calendar date for the end of the insurance period. It will not be considered practical to replant after the end of the late planting period, or the final planting date if no late planting period is applicable, unless replanting is generally occurring in the area. Unavailability of seed or plants will not be considered a valid reason for failure to replant.

Premium billing date - The earliest date upon which you will be billed for insurance coverage based on your acreage report. The premium billing date is contained in the Special Provisions.

Prevented planting - Failure to plant the insured crop with proper equipment by the final planting date designated in the Special Provisions for the insured crop in the county or by the end of the late planting period. You must have been prevented from planting the insured crop due to an insured cause of loss that also prevented most producers from planting on acreage with similar characteristics in the surrounding area.

Production report - A written record showing your annual production and used by us to determine your yield for insurance purposes (see section 4). The report contains yield information for previous years, including planted acreage and harvested production. This report must be supported by written verifiable records from a warehouseman or buyer of the insured crop or by measurement of farm-stored production, or by other records of production approved by us on an individual case basis.

Replanting - Performing the cultural practices necessary to prepare the land to replace the seed or plants of the damaged or destroyed insured crop and then replacing the seed or plants of the same crop in the insured acreage with the expectation of producing at least the yield used to determine the Final Guarantee.

Representative sample - Portions of the insured crop that must remain in the field for examination and review by our loss adjuster when making a crop appraisal, as specified in the Crop Provisions. In certain instances we may allow you to harvest the
crop and require only that samples of the crop residue be left in the field.
Sale closing date - A date contained in the Special Provisions by which an application must be filed. The last date by which you may change your crop insurance coverage for a crop year.
Section (for the purposes of unit structure) - A unit of measure under a rectangular survey system describing a tract of land usually one mile square and usually containing approximately 640 acres.
Share - Your percentage of interest in the insured crop as an owner, operator, or tenant at the time insurance attaches. However, only for the purpose of determining the amount of indemnity, your share will not exceed your share at the earlier of the time of loss, or the beginning of harvest.
Special Provisions - The part of the policy that contains specific provisions of insurance for each insured crop that may vary by geographic area.
State - The state shown on your accepted application.
Substantial benefit interest - An interest held by any person of at least 10 percent in the applicant or insured.
Summary of coverage - Our statement to you, based upon your acreage report, specifying the insured crop and the Revenue Guarantee provided by unit.
Tenant - A person who rents land from another person for a share of the crop or a share of the proceeds of the crop (see the definition of “share” above.)
Termination date - The calendar date contained in the Crop Provisions upon which your insurance ceases to be in effect because of nonpayment of any amount due under the policy, including premium.
Timely planted - Planted on or before the final planting date designated in the Special Provisions for the insured crop in the county.
Unit -
(a) Basic unit - A unit established in accordance with section 2 (a).
(b) Optional unit - A unit established from basic units in accordance with section 2 (b).
(c) Enterprise unit - A unit established from basic units in accordance with section 2 (c).
USDA - United States Department of Agriculture.
Void - When the policy is considered not to have existed for a crop year as a result of concealment, fraud, or misrepresentation (see section 27).

2. Unit Structure

(a) Basic unit - All insurable acreage of the insured crop in the county on the date coverage begins for the crop year:
(1) In which you have 100 percent crop share; or
(2) Which is owned by one person and operated by another person on a share basis. (Example: If, in addition to the land you own, you rent land from five landlords, three on a crop share basis and two on a cash basis, you would be entitled to four units; one for each crop share lease and one that combines the two cash leases and the land you own.) Land which would otherwise be one unit may, in certain instances, be divided according to guidelines contained in this section and in the applicable Crop Provisions.
(b) Optional unit - Unless limited by the Crop Provisions or Special Provisions, a basic unit as defined in section 2(a) may be divided into optional units if, for each optional unit
(1) You meet the following:
(A) You have records that are acceptable to us, of planted acreage and the production from each optional unit for at least the last crop year used to determine your Final Guarantee;
(B) You must plant the crop in a manner that results in a clear and discernable break in the planting pattern at the boundaries of each optional unit;
(C) All optional units you select for the crop year are identified on the acreage report for that crop year (Units will be determined when the acreage is reported but may be adjusted or combined to reflect the actual unit structure when adjusting a loss. No further unit division may be made after the acreage reporting date for any reason); and
(D) You have records of marketed or stored production from each optional unit maintained in such a manner that permits us to verify the production from each optional unit, or the production from each optional unit is kept separate until loss adjustment is completed by us.
(2) Each optional unit must meet one or more of the following, unless otherwise specified in the Crop Provisions:
(A) Optional units may be established if each optional unit is located in a separate section. In the absence of sections, we may consider parcels of land legally identified by other methods of measure such as Spanish grants, as the equivalents of sections for unit purposes. In areas which have not been surveyed using sections, section equivalents or in areas where boundaries are not readily discernible, each optional unit must be located in a separate FSA farm serial number; and
(B) In addition to, or instead of, establishing optional units by section, section equivalent or FSA farm serial number, optional units may be based on irrigated and non-irrigated acreage. To qualify as separate irrigated and non-irrigated optional units, the non-irrigated acreage may not extend beyond the point at which the irrigation system can deliver the quantity of water needed to produce the yield on which the Final Guarantee is based, except the corners of a field in which a center-pivot irrigation system is used may be considered as irrigated acreage if the corners of a field in which a center-pivot irrigation system is used do not qualify as a separate non-irrigated optional unit. In this case, production from both practices will be used to determine your approved yield.
(3) If you do not comply fully with the provisions in this section, we will combine all optional units that are not in compliance with these provisions into the basic unit from which they were formed. We will combine the optional units at any time we discover that you have failed to comply with these provisions. If failure to comply with these provisions is determined by us to be inadvertent, and the optional units are combined into a basic unit, that portion of the additional premium paid for the optional units that have been combined will be refunded to you for the units combined.
(c) Enterprise unit - A unit that consists of all insurable acreage of the insured crop in the county in which you have a share on the date coverage begins for the crop year. The following requirements must be met to qualify for an enterprise unit:
(1) The enterprise unit must contain 50 or more acres;
(2) The enterprise unit must be comprised of two or more basic units of the same insured crop as defined in section 2(a);
(3) The basic units which comprise the enterprise unit must each have insurable acreage of the same crop in the crop year insured;
(4) You must comply with all reporting requirements and regulations for the basic units comprising the enterprise unit;
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(5) Basic units may not be combined into an enterprise unit on any basis other than as described under this section; and

(6) If you do not comply fully with these provisions, and if at any time we discover that you have failed to comply with these provisions, we will assign you the basic unit structure and adjust the premium accordingly. If you select and qualify for an enterprise unit, you will qualify for a premium discount based on the insured crop and number of acres in the enterprise unit.

(d) **Selection of unit structure** - Basic, optional, or enterprise units will be determined when the acreage is reported but may be adjusted, combined, or separated to reflect the actual unit structure when adjusting a loss. If you select an enterprise unit structure, you must elect that option in writing by the sales closing date. If you do not qualify for an enterprise unit when the acreage is reported, you will be assigned a basic unit structure. All applicable unit structures must be stated on the acreage report for each crop year.

3. **Life of Policy, Cancellation, and Termination**

(a) This is a continuous policy and will remain in effect for each crop year following the acceptance of the original application until canceled by you in accordance with the terms of the policy or terminated by operation of the terms of the policy, or by us.

(b) Your application for insurance must contain all the information required by us to insure the crop. Applications that do not contain all social security numbers and employer identification numbers, as applicable, (except as stated herein) coverage level, price percentage, crop, type, variety, or class, plan of insurance, and any other material information required to insure the crop, are not acceptable. If a person with a substantial beneficial interest in the insured crop refuses to provide a social security number or employer identification number and that person is:

1. Not on the non-standard classification system list, the amount of coverage available under the policy will be reduced proportionately by that person’s share of the crop; or
2. On the non-standard classification system list, the insurance will not be available to that person and any entity in which the person has a substantial beneficial interest.

(c) After acceptance of the application, you may not cancel this policy for the initial crop year. Thereafter, the policy will continue in force for each succeeding crop year unless canceled or terminated as provided below.

(d) Either you or we may cancel this policy after the initial crop year by providing written notice to the other on or before the cancellation date shown in the Crop Provisions.

(e) If any amount due, including premium, is not paid on or before the termination date for the crop on which an amount is due:

1. For a policy with the unpaid premium, the policy will terminate effective on the termination date immediately subsequent to the billing date for the crop year;
2. For a policy with other amounts due, the policy will terminate effective on the termination date immediately after the account becomes delinquent;
3. Ineligibility will be effective as of the date that the policy was terminated for the crop for which you failed to pay an amount owed and for all other insured crops with coincidental termination dates;
4. All other policies that are issued by us under the authority of the Act will also terminate as of the next termination date contained in the applicable policy;
5. If you are ineligible, you may not obtain any crop insurance under the Act until payment is made, you execute an agreement to repay the debt and make the payments in accordance with the agreement, or you file a petition to have your debts discharged in bankruptcy;

(f) If you die, disappear, or are judicially declared incompetent, or if you are an entity other than an individual and such entity is dissolved, the policy will terminate as of the date of death, judicial declaration, or dissolution. If such event occurs after coverage begins for any crop year, the policy will continue in force through the crop year and terminate at the end of the insurance period and any indemnity will be paid to the person or persons determined to be beneficially entitled to the indemnity. The premium will be deducted from the indemnity or collected from the estate. Death of a partner in a partnership will dissolve the partnership unless the partnership agreement provides otherwise. If two or more persons having a joint interest are insured jointly, death of one of the persons will dissolve the joint entity.

(g) We may terminate your policy if no premium is earned for 3 consecutive years.

(h) The cancellation and termination dates are contained in the Crop Provisions.

(i) You are not eligible to participate in the Crop Revenue Coverage program if you have elected the MPCI Catastrophic Risk Protection Endorsement except in the following instance:

If you execute a High Risk Land Exclusion Option for a Crop Revenue Coverage Policy, you may elect to insure the “high risk land” under an MPCI Catastrophic Risk Protection Endorsement. If both policies are in force, the acreage of the crop covered under the Crop Revenue Coverage policy and the acreage covered under an MPCI Catastrophic Risk Protection Endorsement will be considered as separate crops for insurance purposes, including the payment of administrative fees.

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4. Coverage Level, Price Percentage, and Approved Yield For Determining Final Guarantee and Indemnity
   (a) For each crop year, the Final Guarantee, coverage level, and price percentage at which an indemnity will be determined for each unit will be those used to calculate your summary of coverage. The information necessary to determine those factors will be contained in the Special Provisions or in the actual documents.
   (b) You may select only one coverage level from among those offered by us for each insured crop. By written notice to us you may change the coverage level for the following crop year not later than the sales closing date for the affected insured crop. If you do not change the coverage level for the preceding crop year you will be assigned the same coverage level that was in effect the previous crop year.
   (c) You may select only one price percentage for each insured crop. You may change the price percentage for the following crop year by giving written notice to us not later than the sales closing date for the insured crop. The price percentage you select applies to both the Base Price and Harvest Price. Since the price percentage may change each year, if you do not select a new price percentage on or before the sales closing date, we will assign a price percentage which bears the same relationship to the price percentage schedule that was in effect for the preceding year. (For example: If you selected a price percentage of 100 for the previous crop year, and you do not select a new price percentage for the current crop year, we will assign a price percentage of 100 for the current crop year.)
   (d) This policy is an alternative to the Multiple Peril Crop Insurance program and satisfies the requirements of section 508 (b)(7) of the Act.
   (e) You must report production to us for the previous crop year by the earlier of the acreage reporting date or 45 days after the cancellation date unless otherwise stated in the Special Provisions.
      (1) If you do not provide the required production report, we will assign a yield for the previous crop year. The yield assigned by us will not be more than 75 percent of the yield used by us to determine your coverage for the previous crop year. The production report or assigned yield will be used to compute your approved yield for the purpose of determining your Final Guarantee for the current crop year.
      (2) If you have filed a claim for any crop year, the documents signed by you which state the amount of production used to complete the claim for indemnity will be the production report for that year unless otherwise specified by FCIC.
   (f) We may revise your Final Guarantee for any unit, and revise any indemnity paid based on that Final Guarantee, if we find that your production report under paragraph (e) of this section:
      (1) Is not supported by written verifiable records in accordance with the definition of production report; or
      (2) Fails to accurately report actual production, acreage, or other material information.

5. Contract Changes
   (a) We may change the terms of your coverage under this policy from year to year.
   (b) Any changes in policy provisions, premium rates, and program dates will be provided by us to your crop insurance agent not later than the contract change date contained in the Crop Provisions. You may view the documents or request copies from your crop insurance agent.
   (c) You will be notified, in writing, of changes to the Basic Provisions, Crop Provisions, and Special Provisions not later than 30 days prior to the cancellation date for the insured crop. Acceptance of changes will be conclusively presumed in the absence of notice from you to change or cancel your insurance coverage.

6. Liberalization
   If we adopt any revisions that broadens the coverage under this policy subsequent to the contract change date without additional premium, the broadened coverage will apply.

7. Report of Acreage
   (a) An annual acreage report must be submitted to us on our form for each insured crop in the county on or before the acreage reporting date contained in the Special Provisions, except as follows:
      (1) If you insure multiple crops that have final planting dates on or after August 15 but before December 31, you must submit an acreage report for all such crops on or before the latest applicable acreage reporting date for such crops; and
      (2) If you insure multiple crops that have final planting dates on or after December 31 but before August 15, you must submit an acreage report for all such crops on or before the latest applicable acreage reporting date for such crops.
   (b) If you do not have a share in an insured crop in the county for the crop year, you must submit an acreage report on or before the acreage reporting date, so indicating.
   (c) Your acreage report must include the following information, if applicable:
      (1) All acreage of the crop in the county (insurable and not insurable) in which you have a share;
      (2) Your share at the time coverage begins;
      (3) The type; and
      (4) The type; and
   (d) Because incorrect reporting on the acreage report may have the effect of changing your premium and any indemnity that may be due, you may not revise this report after the acreage reporting date without our consent.
   (e) We may elect to determine all premiums and indemnities based on the information you submit on the acreage report or upon the factual circumstances we determine to have existed.
   (f) If you do not submit an acreage report by the acreage reporting date, or if you fail to report all units, we may elect to determine by unit the insurable crop acreage, share, type and practice, or to deny liability on such units. If we deny liability for the unreported units, your share of any production from the unreported units will be allocated, for loss purposes only, as production to count to the reported units in proportion to the liability on each reported unit.
   (g) If the information reported by you on the acreage report for share, acreage, practice, type or other material information is inconsistent with the information that is determined to actually exist for a unit and results in:
(1) A lower liability than the actual liability determined, the Final Guarantee on the unit will be reduced to an amount that is consistent with the reported information. In the event that insurable acreage is under-reported for any unit, all production or value from insurable acreage in that unit will be considered production or value to count in determining the indemnity; and the actuarial documents, times the Rate Differential specified in the actuarial documents, and times the Base Price as defined in the Commodity Exchange Endorsement;

(2) A higher liability than the actual liability determined, the information contained in the acreage report will be revised to be consistent with the correct information. If we discover that you have incorrectly reported any information on the acreage report for any crop year, you may be required to provide documentation in subsequent crop years that substantiates your report of acreage for those crop years, including, but not limited to, an acreage measurement service at your own expense.

(h) Errors in reporting units may be corrected by us at the time of adjusting a loss to reduce our liability and to conform to applicable unit division guidelines.

8. Annual Premium
(a) The annual premium is earned and payable at the time coverage begins. You will be billed for premium due not earlier than the premium billing date specified in the Special Provisions. The premium due, plus any accrued interest, will be considered delinquent if it is not paid on or before the termination date specified in the Crop Provisions.
(b) Any amount you owe us related to any crop insured with us under the authority of the Act will be deducted from any prevented planting payment or indemnity due you for any crop insured with us under the authority of the Act.
(c) The annual premium amount is determined by:
(1) Multiplying the Approved Yield times the coverage level, times the Base Rate specified in the actuarial documents, times the Approved Yield as defined in the Commodity Exchange Endorsement;
(2) Multiplying the approved yield times the coverage level, times the CRC Rate specified in the actuarial documents, times the CRC Low Price Factor specified in the actuarial documents;
(3) Multiplying the Approved Yield times the coverage level, times the Base Rate specified in the actuarial documents, times the CRC High Price Factor specified in the actuarial documents;
(4) Adding items (1), (2), and (3) together;
(5) Multiplying the result of item (4) above times the acres insured, times your share at the time coverage begins, and as applicable, times any Rate Map Adjustment Factor; Rate Class Option Factor and/or Option Factor specified in the actuarial documents;
(6) Multiplying the Approved Yield times the coverage level, times the Base Rate specified in the actuarial documents, times the MPCI Market Price Election, times the insured acres, times your share at the time coverage begins, and as applicable, times any Rate Map Adjustment Factor; Rate Class Option Factor and/or Option Factor specified in the actuarial documents, and times the applicable producer subsidy percentage to calculate the appropriate amount of subsidy. The producer subsidy percentage is based upon the coverage level and is contained in the actuarial documents; and
(7) Subtracting item (6) from item (5) above to determine the annual producer paid premium.
(d) The annual premium amount for any applicable Non-Standard Classification System designations is determined by:
(1) Multiplying the Approved Yield (with yield adjustments specified in the actuarial documents) times the coverage level, times the NCS Rate specified in the actuarial documents, times the Rate Differential specified in the actuarial documents, and times the Base Price as defined in the Commodity Exchange Endorsement;
(2) Multiplying the result of item (1) above times the acres insured, times your share at the time coverage begins, times any applicable Rate Class Option Factor specified in the actuarial documents, times any applicable Option Factor specified in the actuarial documents, and times the NCS Premium Factor calculated using the NCS Premium Factor Formula specified in the actuarial documents;
(3) Multiplying the Approved Yield (with yield adjustments specified in the actuarial documents) times the coverage level, times the NCS Rate specified in the actuarial documents, times the Rate Differential specified in the actuarial documents, times the MPCI Market Price Election, times the acres insured, times your share at the time coverage begins, and as applicable, times any Rate Class Option Factor and/or Option Factor specified in the actuarial documents, and times the applicable producer subsidy percentage to calculate the appropriate amount of subsidy. The producer subsidy percentage is based upon the coverage level and is contained in the actuarial documents; and
(4) Subtracting item (3) above from item (2) above to determine the annual producer paid premium.

9. Insured Crop
(a) The insured crop will be that shown on your accepted application and as specified in the Crop Provisions or Special Provisions and must be grown on insurable acreage.
(b) A crop which will NOT be insured will include, but will not be limited to, any crop:
(1) If the farming practices carried out are not in accordance with the farming practices for which the premium rates or Final Guarantee have been established;
(2) Of a type, class or variety established as not adapted to Special Provisions and must be grown on insurable acreage.
(3) A lower liability than the actual liability determined, the actuarial documents, times the NCS Rate specified in the actuarial documents, times the Rate Differential specified in the actuarial documents, times the MPCI Market Price Election, times the acres insured, times your share at the time coverage begins, and as applicable, times any Rate Class Option Factor and/or Option Factor specified in the actuarial documents, and times the applicable producer subsidy percentage to calculate the appropriate amount of subsidy. The producer subsidy percentage is based upon the coverage level and is contained in the actuarial documents; and
(4) Subtracting item (3) above from item (2) above to determine the annual producer paid premium.

10. Insurable Acreage
(a) Acreage planted to the insured crop in which you have a share is insurable except acreage:
(1) That has not been planted and harvested within one of the 3 previous crop years, unless:
(i) Such acreage was not planted:
(A) To comply with any other USDA program;
(B) Because of crop rotation, (e.g., corn, soybean, alfalfa; and the alfalfa remained for 4 years before the acreage was planted to corn again);
(C) Due to an insurable cause of loss that prevented planting; or
(D) Because a perennial crop was grown on the acreage.
12. Insurance Period

(a) Except for prevented planting coverage (see section 18), coverage begins on each unit or part of a unit at the later of:

(1) The date we accept your application (For the purposes of this paragraph, the date of acceptance is the date that you submit a properly executed application in accordance with section 3);

(2) The date the insured crop is planted; or

(3) The calendar date contained in the Crop Provisions for the beginning of the insurance period.

(b) Coverage ends at the earliest of:

(1) Total destruction of the insured crop on the unit;

(2) Harvest of the unit;

(3) Final adjustment of a loss on a unit;

(4) The calendar date contained in the Crop Provisions for the end of the insurance period;

(5) Abandonment of the crop on the unit; or

(6) As otherwise specified in the Crop Provisions.

13. Causes of Loss

The insurance provided is against only unavoidable loss of revenue directly caused by specific causes of loss contained in the Crop Provisions. All other causes of loss, including but not limited to the following, are NOT covered:

(a) Negligence, mismanagement, or wrongdoing by you, any member of your family or household, your tenants, or employees;

(b) Failure to follow recognized good farming practices for the insured crop;

(c) Water contained by any governmental, public, or private dam or reservoir project;

(d) Failure or breakdown of irrigation equipment or facilities; or

(e) Failure to carry out a good irrigation practice for the insured crop, if applicable.

14. Replanting Payment

(a) If allowed by the Crop Provisions, a replanting payment may be made on an insured crop replanted after we have given consent and the acreage replanted is at least the lesser of 20 acres or 20 percent of the insured planted acreage for the unit (as determined on the final planting date or within the late planting period if a late planting period is applicable.)

(b) No replanting payment will be made on acreage:

(1) On which our appraisal establishes that production will exceed the level set by the Crop Provisions;

(2) Initially planted prior to the earliest planting date established by the Special Provisions; or

(3) On which one replanting payment has already been allowed for the crop year.

(c) The replanting payment per acre will be your actual cost for replanting, but will not exceed the amount determined in accordance with the Crop Provisions.

(d) No replanting payment will be paid if we determine it is not practical to replant.

15. Duties in the Event of Damage or Loss

(a) In case of damage to any insured crop you must:

(1) Protect the crop from further damage by providing sufficient care;

(2) Give us notice within 72 hours of your initial discovery of damage (but not later than 15 days after the end of the insurance period), by unit, for each insured crop (we may accept a notice of loss provided later than 72 hours after your initial discovery if we still have the ability to accurately adjust the loss);

(3) Leave representative samples intact for each field of the damaged unit as may be required by the Crop Provisions; and

(4) Cooperate with us in the investigation or settlement of the claim, and, as often as we reasonably require:

(i) Show us the damaged crop;

(ii) Allow us to remove samples of the insured crop; and

(iii) Provide us with records and documents we request and permit us to make copies.

(b) You must obtain consent from us before, and notify us after you:

(1) Destroy any of the insured crop that is not harvested;

(2) Put the insured crop to an alternative use;

(3) Put the acreage to another use; or

(4) Abandon any portion of the insured crop. We will not give consent for any of the actions in sections 15(b)(1) through (4) if it is practical to replant the crop or until...
we have made an appraisal of the potential production of the crop.

(c) In addition to complying with all other notice requirements, you must submit a claim for indemnity declaring the amount of your loss not later than 60 days after the end of the insurance period. This claim must include all the information we require to settle the claim.

(d) Upon our request, you must:

(1) Provide a complete harvesting and marketing record of each insured crop by unit including separate records showing the same information for production from any acreage not insured; and

(2) Submit to examination under oath.

(e) You must establish the total production or value received for the insured crop on the unit, that any loss of production or value occurred during the insurance period, and that the loss of production or value was directly caused by one or more of the insured causes specified in the Crop Provisions.

(f) All notices required in this section that must be received by us within 72 hours may be made by telephone or in person to your crop insurance agent but must be confirmed in writing within 15 days.

Our Duties -

(a) If you have complied with all the policy provisions, we will pay your loss within 30 days after:

(1) We reach agreement with you;

(2) Completion of arbitration or appeal proceedings; or

(3) The entry of a final judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(b) In the event we are unable to pay your loss within 30 days, we will give you notice of our intentions within the 30-day period.

(c) We may defer the adjustment of a loss until the amount of loss can be accurately determined. We will not pay for additional damage resulting from your failure to provide sufficient care for the crop during the deferral period.

(d) We recognize and apply the loss adjustment procedures established or approved by the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation.

16. Production Included in Determining Indemnities

(a) The total production to be counted for a unit will include all production determined in accordance with the policy.

(b) The amount of production of any unharvested insured crop may be determined on the basis of our field appraisals conducted after the end of the insurance period.

17. Late Planting

Unless limited by the Crop Provisions, insurance will be provided for acreage planted to the insured crop after the final planting date in accordance with the following:

(a) The Final Guarantee for each acre planted to the insured crop during the late planting period will be reduced by 1 percent per day for each day planted after the final planting date.

(b) Acreage planted after the late planting period (or after the final planting date for crops that do not have a late planting period) may be insured as follows:

(1) The Final Guarantee for each acre planted as specified in this subsection will be determined by multiplying the Final Guarantee that is provided for acreage of the insured crop that is timely planted by the prevented planting coverage level percentage you elected, or that is contained in the Crop Provisions if you did not elect a prevented planting coverage level percentage;

(2) Planting on such acreage must have been prevented by the final planting date (or during the late planting period, if applicable) by an insurable cause occurring within the insurance period for prevented planting coverage;

(3) The Final Guarantee for any acreage on which an insured cause of loss prevents completion of planting, as specified in the definition of “planted acreage” (e.g., seed is broadcast on the soil surface but cannot be incorporated), will be determined as indicated in this section; and

(4) All production from acreage as specified in this section will be included as production to count for the unit.

(c) The premium amount for insurable acreage specified in section 17(a) or (b) will be the same as that for timely planted acreage. If the amount of premium you are required to pay (gross premium less our subsidy) for such acreage exceeds the liability, coverage for those acres will not be provided (no premium will be due and no indemnity will be paid).

18. Prevented Planting

(a) Unless limited by the policy provisions, a prevented planting payment may be made to you for eligible acreage if:

(1) You were prevented from planting the insured crop by an insurable cause that occurs:

(i) On or after the sales closing date contained in the Special Provisions for the insured crop in the county for the crop year the application for insurance is accepted; or

(ii) For any subsequent crop year, on or after the sales closing date for the previous crop year for the insured crop in the county, provided insurance has been in force continuously since that date. Cancellation for the purpose of transferring the policy to a different insurance provider for the subsequent crop year will not be considered a break in continuity for the purpose of the preceding sentence; and

(2) You include any acreage of the insured crop that was prevented from being planted on your acreage report.

(b) The actuarial documents may contain additional levels of prevented planting coverage that you may purchase for the insured crop:

(1) Such purchase must be made on or before the sales closing date.

(2) If you do not purchase one of those additional levels by the sales closing date, you will receive the prevented planting coverage specified in the Crop Provisions.

(3) If you have an MPCI Catastrophic Risk Protection Endorsement for any acreage of “high risk land”, the additional levels of prevented planting coverage will not be available for that acreage; and

(4) You may not increase your elected or assigned prevented planting coverage level for any crop year if a cause of loss that will or could prevent planting is evident prior to the time you wish to change your prevented planting coverage level.

(c) The premium amount for acreage that is prevented from being planted will be the same as that for timely planted acreage. If the amount of premium you are required to pay (gross premium less our subsidy) for acreage that is prevented from being planted exceeds the liability on such acreage, coverage for those acres will not be provided (no premium will be due and no indemnity will be paid for such acreage).

(d) Drought or failure of the irrigation water supply will not be considered to be an insurable cause of loss for the purposes of prevented planting unless, on the final planting date:

(1) For non-irrigated acreage, the area that is prevented from being planted is classified by the Palmer Drought Severity Index as being in a severe or extreme drought; and

(2) For irrigated acreage, there is not a reasonable probability of having adequate water to carry out an irrigated practice.

(e) The maximum number of acres that may be eligible for a
prevented planting payment for any crop will be determined as follows:

1. The total number of acres eligible for prevented planting coverage for all crops cannot exceed the number of acres of cropland in your farming operation for the crop year, unless you are eligible for prevented planting coverage on double cropped acreage in accordance with section 18(f)(3) or (4). The eligible acres for each insured crop will be determined in accordance with the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of crop</th>
<th>Eligible acres if, in any of the 4 most recent crop years, you have produced any crop for which insurance was available.</th>
<th>Eligible acres if, in any of the 4 most recent crop years, you have not produced any crop for which insurance was available.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(i) The crop is not required to be contracted with a processor to be insured.</td>
<td>(A) The maximum number of acres certified for APH purposes or reported for insurance for the crop in any one of the 4 most recent crop years (not including reported prevented planting acreage that was planted to a substitute crop other than an approved cover crop). The number of acres determined above for a crop may be increased by multiplying it by the ratio of the total cropland acres that you are farming this year (if greater) to the total cropland acres that you farmed in the previous year, provided that you submit proof to us that for the current crop year you have purchased or leased additional land or that acreage will be released from any USDA program which prohibits harvest of a crop. Such acreage must have been purchased, leased, or released from the USDA program, in time to plant it for the current crop year using good farming practices. No cause of loss that will or could prevent planting may be evident at the time the acreage is purchased, leased, or released from the USDA program.</td>
<td>(B) The number of acres specified on your intended acreage report which is submitted to us by the sales closing date for all crops you insure for the crop year and that is accepted by us. The total number of acres listed may not exceed the number of acres of cropland in your farming operation at the time you submit the intended acreage report. The number of acres determined above for a crop may only be increased by multiplying it by the ratio of the total cropland acres that you are farming this year (if greater) to the number of acres listed on your intended acreage report. If you meet the conditions stated in section 18(e)(1)(i)(A).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(ii) The crop must be contracted with a processor to be insured.</td>
<td>(A) The number of acres of the crop specified in the processor contract, if the contract specifies a number of acres contracted for the crop year; or the result of dividing the quantity of production stated in the processor contract by your approved yield, if the processor contract specifies a quantity of production that will be accepted. (For the purposes of establishing the number of prevented planting acres, any reductions applied to the transitional yield for failure to certify acreage and production for four prior years will not be used.)</td>
<td>(B) The number of acres of the crop as determined in section 18(e)(1)(ii)(A).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Any eligible acreage determined in accordance with the table contained in section 18(e)(1) will be reduced by subtracting the number of acres of the crop (insured and uninsured) that are timely and late planted, including acreage specified in section (17b).

3. On which the insured crop is prevented from being planted, if you or any other person receives a prevented planting payment for any crop for the same acreage in the same crop year (excluding share arrangements), unless you have coverage greater than the Catastrophic Risk Protection Plan of Insurance and have records of acreage and production that are used to determine your approved yield that show the acreage was double-cropped in each of the last 4 years in which the insured crop was grown on the acreage;

4. On which the insured crop is prevented from being planted, if any crop from which any benefit is derived under any program administered by the USDA is planted and fails, or if any crop is harvested, hayed or grazed on the same acreage in the same crop year (other than a cover crop which may be hayed or grazed after the final planting date for the insured crop), unless you have coverage greater than that applicable to the Catastrophic Risk Protection Plan of Insurance and have records of acreage and production that are used to determine your approved yield that show the acreage was double-cropped in each of the last 4 years in which the insured crop was grown on the acreage;

5. Of a crop that is prevented from being planted if a cash lease payment is also received for use of the same acreage in the same crop year (not applicable if acreage is leased for haying or grazing only). If you state that you will not be cash renting the acreage and claim a prevented planting payment on the acreage, you could be subject to civil and criminal sanctions if you cash rent the acreage and do not return the prevented planting payment for it;

6. For which planting history or conservation plans indicate that the acreage would have remained fallow for crop rotation purposes;

7. That exceeds the number of acres eligible for a prevented planting payment;

8. That exceeds the number of eligible acres physically available for planting;

9. For which you cannot provide proof that you had the inputs available to plant and produce a crop with the expectation of at least producing the yield used to determine the Final Guarantee (Evidence that you have previously planted the crop on the unit will be considered adequate proof unless your planting practices or rotational requirements show that the acreage would have remained fallow or been planted to another crop);

10. Based on an irrigated practice Final Guarantee unless adequate irrigation facilities were in place to carry out an irrigated practice on the acreage prior to the insured cause of loss that prevented you from planting; or

11. Of a crop type that you did not plant in at least one of the four most recent years. Types for which separate Final Guarantees are available must be included in your APH database in at least one of the most recent four years, or crops that do not require yield certification (crops for which the insurance guarantee is not based on APH) must be reported on your acreage report in at least one of the four most recent crop years except as allowed in section 18(e)(1)(i)(B).

(g) The prevented planting payment for any eligible acreage within a basic or optional unit will be determined by:
20. Arbitration
(a) If you and we fail to agree on any factual determination, the disagreement will be resolved in accordance with the rules of the American Arbitration Association. Failure to agree with any factual determination made by FCIC must be resolved through the FCIC appeal provisions published at 7 CFR part 11.
(b) No award determined by arbitration or appeal can exceed the amount of liability established or which should have been established under the policy.
(c) For the purpose of subsection (b) of this section, the amount of loss from fire will be the reduction in revenue of the insured crop on the unit involved determined pursuant to this policy.

21. Access to Insured Crop and Records, and Record Retention
(a) We reserve the right to examine the insured crop as often as we reasonably require.
(b) For three years after the end of the crop year, you must retain, and provide upon our request, complete records of the harvesting, storage, shipment, sale, or other disposition of all the insured crop produced on each unit. This requirement also applies to the records used to establish the basis for the production report for each unit. You must also provide upon our request, separate records showing the same information for production from any acreage not insured. We may extend the record retention period beyond three years by notifying you of such extension in writing. Your failure to keep and maintain such records will, at our option, result in:
   (1) Cancellation of the policy;
   (2) Assignment of production to the units by us;
   (3) Combination of the optional units; or
   (4) A determination that no indemnity is due.
(c) Any person designated by us will, at any time during the record retention period, have access:
   (1) To any records relating to this insurance at any location where such records may be found or maintained; and
   (2) To the farm.
(d) By applying for insurance under the authority of the Act or by continuing insurance for which you previously applied, you authorize us, or any person acting for us, to obtain records relating to the insured crop from any person who may have custody of those records including, but not limited to, FSA offices, banks, warehouses, gins, cooperatives, marketing associations, and accountants. You must assist us in obtaining all records which we request from third parties.

22. Other Insurance
(a) Other Like Insurance - You must not obtain any other crop insurance issued under the authority of the Act on your share of the insured crop. If we determine that more than one policy on your share is intentional, you may be subject to the sanctions authorized under this policy, the Act, or any other applicable statute. If we determine that the violation was not intentional, the policy with the earliest date of application will be in force and all other policies will be void. Nothing in this paragraph prevents you from obtaining other insurance not issued under the Act.
(b) Other Insurance Against Fire - If you have other insurance, whether valid or not, against damage to the insured crop by fire during the insurance period, we will be liable for loss due to fire only for the smaller of:
   (1) The amount of indemnity determined pursuant to this policy without regard to such other insurance; or
   (2) The amount by which the loss from fire is determined to exceed the indemnity paid or payable under such other insurance.
(c) For the purpose of subsection (b) of this section, the amount of loss from fire will be the reduction in revenue of the insured crop on the unit involved determined pursuant to this policy.

23. Conformity to Food Security Act
Although your violation of a number of federal statutes, including the Act, may cause cancellation, termination, or voidance of your insurance contract, you should be specifically aware that your policy will be canceled if you are determined to be ineligible to receive benefits under the Act due to violation of the controlled substance provision (title XVII) of the Food Security Act of 1985 (Pub. L. 99-198) and the regulations promulgated under the Act by USDA. Your insurance policy will be canceled if you are determined, by the appropriate Agency, to be in violation of these provisions. We will recover any and all monies paid to you or received by you during your period of ineligibility, and your premium will be refunded, less a reasonable amount for expenses and handling not to exceed 20 percent of the premium paid or to be paid by you.

24. Amounts Due Us
(a) Interest will accrue at the rate of 1.25 percent simple interest per calendar month, or any portion thereof, on any unpaid amount due us. For the purpose of premium amounts due us, the interest will start to accrue on the first day of the month following the premium billing date specified in the Special Provisions.
(b) For the purpose of any other amounts due us, such as repayment of indemnities found not to have been earned, interest will start to accrue on the date that notice is issued to you for the collection of the unearned amount. Amounts found due under this paragraph will not be charged interest if payment is made within 30 days of issuance of the notice by us. The amount will be considered delinquent if not paid within 30 days of the date the notice is issued by us.
(c) All amounts paid will be applied first to expenses of collection (see subsection (d) of this section) if any, second to the reduction of accrued interest, and then to the reduction of the principal balance.
(d) If we determine that it is necessary to contract with a collection agency or to employ an attorney to assist in
collection, you agree to pay all of the expenses of collection.

25. Legal Action Against Us
   (a) You may not bring legal action against us unless you have complied with all of the policy provisions.
   (b) If you do take legal action against us, you must do so within 12 months of the date of denial of the claim. Suit must be brought in accordance with the provisions of 7 U.S.C. 1508(j).
   (c) Your right to recover damages (compensatory, punitive, or other), attorney's fees, or other charges in connection with any claim for indemnity, whether we approve or disapprove such claim.

26. Payment and Interest Limitations
   (a) Under no circumstances will we be liable for the payment of damages (compensatory, punitive, or other), attorney's fees, or other charges in connection with any claim for indemnity, whether we approve or disapprove such claim.
   (b) We will pay simple interest computed on the net indemnity ultimately found to be due by us or by a final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction, from and including the 61st day after the date you sign, date, and submit to us the properly completed claim on our form. Interest will be paid only if the reason for our failure to timely pay is NOT due to your failure to provide information or other material necessary for the computation or payment of the indemnity. The interest rate will be that established by the Secretary of the Treasury under section 12 of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978 (41 U.S.C. 611) and published in the Federal Register semiannually on or about January 1 and July 1 of each year, and may vary with each publication.

27. Concealment, Misrepresentation or Fraud
   (a) If you have falsely or fraudulently concealed the fact that you are ineligible to receive benefits under the Act or if you or anyone assisting you has intentionally concealed or misrepresented any material fact relating to this policy:
      (1) This policy will be voided; and
      (2) You may be subject to remedial sanctions in accordance with 7 CFR part 400, subpart R.
   (b) Even though the policy is void, you may still be required to pay 20 percent of the premium due under the policy to offset costs incurred by us in the service of this policy. If previously paid, the balance of the premium will be returned.
   (c) Voidance of this policy will result in you having to reimburse all indemnities paid for the crop year in which the voidance was effective.
   (d) Voidance will be effective on the first day of the insurance period for the crop year in which the act occurred and will not affect the policy for subsequent crop years unless a violation of this section also occurred in such crop years.

28. Transfer of Coverage and Right to Indemnity
   If you transfer any part of your share during the crop year, you may transfer your coverage rights, if the transferee is eligible for crop insurance. We will not be liable for any more than the liability determined in accordance with your policy that existed before the transfer occurred. The transfer of coverage rights must be on our form and will not be effective until approved by us in writing. Both you and the transferee are jointly and severally liable for the payment of the premium. The transferee has all rights and responsibilities under this policy consistent with the transferee’s interest.

29. Assignment of Indemnity
   You may assign to another party your right to an indemnity for the crop year. The assignment must be on our form and will not be effective until approved in writing by us. The assignee will have the right to submit all loss notices and forms as required by the policy. If you have suffered a loss from an insurable cause and fail to file a claim for indemnity within 60 days after the end of the insurance period, the assignee may submit the claim for indemnity not later than 15 days after the 60-day period has expired. We will honor the terms of the assignment only if we can accurately determine the amount of the claim. However, no action will lie against us for failure to do so.

30. Subrogation (Recovery of Loss From a Third Party)
   Since you may be able to recover all or a part of your loss from someone other than us, you must do all you can to preserve this right. If we pay you for your loss, your right to recovery will, at our option, belong to us. If we recover more than we paid you plus our expenses, the excess will be paid to you.