United States Department of Agriculture



Federal Crop Insurance Corporation



Product Development Division

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PLUM LOSS

ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK

2001 And Succeeding Crop Years

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WASHINGTON, D.C. 20250

FEDERAL CROP INSURANCE HAND	воок	NUMBER: 25200 (08-2000) 25200-1 (01-2001)
SUBJECT:	DATE: Janu	ary 12, 2001
	OPI: Produc	ct Development Division
PLUM LOSS ADJUSTMENT	APPROVED	:
STANDARDS HANDBOOK 2001 AND SUCCEEDING CROP YEARS	/s/ Tim Hoffn	nann for Tim B. Witt
	Deputy Administr	rator, Research and Evaluation

THIS HANDBOOK CONTAINS THE OFFICIAL FCIC-APPROVED LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS FOR THIS CROP FOR THE 2001 AND SUCCEEDING CROP YEARS. IN THE ABSENCE OF INDUSTRY-DEVELOPED, FCIC-APPROVED PROCEDURE FOR THIS CROP FOR THE 2001 AND SUCCEEDING CROP YEARS, ALL REINSURED COMPANIES WILL UTILIZE THESE STANDARDS FOR BOTH LOSS ADJUSTMENT AND LOSS TRAINING.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES/CONTROL CHART

Major Changes: See changes or additions in text which have been redlined. Three stars (***) identify information that has been removed.

Changes for January 2001 Issuance (FCIC-25200-1):

- A. In section 2 B, amended the definitions of "grade" and "graded" fruit.
- B. In section 3 A, removed references to pollinizer trees not being insurable. In section 3 B, amended the hail and fire exclusion statement and removed reference to "limited" coverage.
- C. In section 4 A, reformatted appraisal and inspection procedures to differentiate between appraisals that are required by the crop provisions and when appraisals and inspections should be made as directed by the insurance provider. In section 4 C, edited text for clarity.
- D. In section 5 B, edited text to emphasize appraising fruit damaged by uninsured causes. In section 5 C, added specific considerations for making mature fruit appraisals.
- E. In section 7 B, amended the "Fruit Count/Number of Fruit from each Sample" item instructions throughout the worksheet instructions.

PLUM LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK

SUMMARY OF CHANGES/CONTROL CHART (Continued)

	Control Chart For: Plum Loss Adjustment Standards Handbook														
	SC TC Page(s) Page(s) Reference Page(s) Material Date Number														
Remove	1-2	1-2	1-14		08-2000	FCIC-25200									
Insert	1-2	1-2	1-14		01-2001	FCIC-25200-1									
			14.1-14.2		01-2001	FCIC-25200-1									
Current	1-2	1-2	1-14		01-2001	FCIC-25200-1									
Index			14.1-14.2		01-2001	FCIC-25200-1									
15-28 29-32 08-2000 FCIC-252															

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1. INTRODUCTION

This handbook identifies the crop-specific procedural requirements for adjusting Multiple Peril Crop Insurance (MPCI) losses in a uniform and timely manner. These procedures, which include crop appraisal methods and claims completion instructions, supplement the general (not crop-specific) procedures, forms, and manuals for loss adjustment identified in the Loss Adjustment Manual (LAM).

2. SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

This handbook remains in effect until superseded by reissuance of **either** the entire handbook **or** selected portions (through slipsheets or bulletins). If slipsheets have been issued for a handbook, the original handbook as amended by slipsheet pages shall constitute the handbook. A bulletin can supersede either the original handbook or subsequent slipsheets.

A. DISTRIBUTION

The following is the minimum distribution of forms completed by the adjuster for the loss adjustment inspection:

One legible copy to insured. The original and all remaining copies as instructed by the insurance provider.

NOTE: It is the insurance provider's responsibility to maintain original insurance documents relative to policyholder servicing as designated in the approved plan of operations.

B. <u>TERMS</u>, <u>ABBREVIATIONS</u>, <u>AND DEFINITIONS</u>

- (1) Terms, abbreviations, and definitions **general** (not crop specific) to loss adjustment are identified in the LAM.
- (2) Terms, abbreviations, and definitions **specific** to plum loss adjustment and this handbook, which are not defined in this section, are defined as they appear in the text.
- (3) Abbreviation(s):

RPAM Random Path Appraisal Method

(4) Definition(s):

Grade Fruit Fruit that is marketable which includes fruit that is marketable for any

use other than fresh pack and fruit damaged by uninsured causes. Also includes fruit which would be rejected by the packinghouse due to being undersized, immature, overripe, or mechanically damaged, as

<mark>applicable</mark>.

Graded Fruit

Fruit that has been graded marketable as fresh-packed fruit, which includes fruit that is marketable for use other than fresh pack, and fruit damaged by uninsured causes. Also includes fruit which would be rejected by the packinghouse due to being undersized, immature, overripe, or mechanically damaged, as applicable.

3. INSURANCE CONTRACT INFORMATION

The insurance provider is to determine that the insured has complied with all policy provisions of the insurance contract. Crop provisions which are to be considered in this determination include (but are not limited to):

A. INSURABILITY

- (1) The insured crop will be all plums in the county, in which the insured has a share, for which a premium rate is provided by the actuarial documents:
 - (a) That are grown on tree varieties that:
 - 1 Were commercially available when the trees were set out;
 - 2 Are adapted to the area;
 - $\underline{3}$ Are grown on rootstock that is adapted to the area; and
 - 4 Are regulated by the California Tree Fruit Agreement Standards, a related advisory board, or the State;
 - (b) That are irrigated;
 - (c) That have reached at least the fifth growing season after set out, and that have produced an average of at least 200 lugs per acre in at least 1 of the most recent 3 actual production history crop years, unless the insurance provider inspects such acreage and gives approval to insure in writing;
 - (d) That are grown in an orchard that, if inspected, is considered acceptable by the insurance provider;
- *** NOTE: Plums produced on scions that have not reached the fifth (5th) growing season may be insured if subsection (a), (b), and (c) above are met. Such trees must have produced at least 200 lugs per acre in at least one crop year after being grafted.
- (2) Plums interplanted with another perennial crop are insurable unless the insurance provider inspects the acreage and determines it does not meet the requirements contained in the Plum Crop Provisions.

- (3) In addition to causes of loss excluded in the Basic Provisions, insurance coverage is not provided against damage or loss of production due to the following:
 - (a) Disease or insect infestation, unless adverse weather:
 - <u>1</u> Prevents the proper application of control measures or causes properly applied control measures to be ineffective; or
 - <u>2</u> Causes disease or insect infestation for which no effective control mechanism is available;
 - (b) Rejection of the crop by the packing house due to being undersized, immature, overripe, or mechanically damaged; or
 - (c) Inability to market the plums for any reason other than actual physical damage from an insurable cause specified in the crop provisions. For example, the insurance provider will not pay an indemnity if the insured is unable to market due to quarantine, boycott, or refusal of any person to accept production.

B. PROVISIONS NOT APPLICABLE TO CAT COVERAGE

- (1) Optional units.
- (2) Written Agreements.
- (3) Hail and Fire Exclusion provisions (also not applicable if additional coverage is less than 65/100 or comparable coverage.

C. UNIT DIVISION

See the insurance contract for unit provisions. **NOTE:** Unless otherwise provided by the Crop or Special Provisions, optional units may be established if each optional unit is located on noncontiguous land. Optional units may be established by varietal group when provided for in the Special Provisions.

D. QUALITY ADJUSTMENT

Applies to all harvested production from the insurable acreage:

- (1) That is packed and sold as fresh fruit and meets the U.S. No. 1 standards as modified by the California Fruit Tree Agreement publication for plums for the applicable crop year;
- (2) That is packed and sold as fresh fruit but does not meet the grade requirements specified in D (1) above, due to insurable causes. Such production will be adjusted by:
 - (a) Dividing the actual value per lug by the highest price election per lug available for the applicable varietal group; and

- (b) Multiplying the resulting factor, if less than 1.00, by the number of lugs of such plum production.
- (3) That is damaged and is, or could be, marketed for any use other than fresh packed fruit. Such production will be adjusted by:
 - (a) Multiplying the number of tons of such production by the value per ton of the damaged plums or \$50.00 per ton, whichever is greater; and
 - (b) Dividing the result of (3) (a) above by the highest price election available for the applicable varietal group.

4. PLUM APPRAISALS

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

- (1) Potential production will be appraised in accordance with procedures specified in this handbook and in the LAM.
- (2) Specifically for plums, circumstances that require an appraisal include (but are not limited to):
 - (a) When the insured has plum acreage that he/she does not intend to harvest or which is unharvested at the end of the insurance period; or
 - (b) When any production will be sold by direct marketing.
- (3) Additional circumstances when the insurance provider may require an appraisal or inspection include:
 - (a) When the insured has reported insured damage that may cause the fruit to fail to meet the specified quality requirements;
 - (b) When plums are harvested for sale as salvage (other than fresh packed plums). An appraisal is necessary to determine what percent (quantity), if any, meets the respective quality requirements for fresh-packed plums;
 - (c) When all production is sold for processing an appraisal is necessary to determine what percent (quantity), if any, meets the fresh-pack quality requirements and the price-adjusted quantity to count as "marketed other than fresh-packed plums;" or
 - (d) When verifiable production records may not be available (roadside markets, etc.);

NOTE: The insurance provider will set appraisal dates. Whenever possible, appraise plums before the fruit is removed from the trees. Refer to the LAM for additional reasons for appraisals.

B. SELECTING REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLES FOR APPRAISALS

- (1) Determine the number and general location of trees to be used in the representative samples based on:
 - (a) Total acreage and number of trees;
 - (b) Extent of variation in the amount of production or damage within the acreage and location of the fruit on the tree;

NOTE: When variable damage causes the crop potential to be significantly different within the same orchard, or an insured wishes to destroy a portion of the orchard, split the orchard into suborchards and appraise each one separately.

- (c) Percent of each variety in the acreage;
- (d) Tree age, size, density, and vigor;
- (e) The acreage in the unit from which fruit has been picked, and the extent of variation in the amount of unpicked fruit on the trees; and
- (f) Whether any portions of the orchard have been color (partially) picked.
- (2) Take not less than the minimum number (count) of representative samples required in **TABLE A**.

C. SELECTING RANDOM FRUIT SAMPLES

- (1) Appraise both mature and immature fruit. Count all fruit (damaged and undamaged) in order to determine the total amount of fruit in each sample.
- (2) Select a representative sample of plums from each sample tree to determine the number of damaged fruit due to insured causes as follows:
 - (a) Examine a sufficient number of individual plums from different locations on the trees that represent the general condition of all insurable plums in the unit or plot.
 - (b) Each sample must be random and include both plums which could be packed/processed and plums which could be eliminated if graded.
 - (c) Obtain the entire fruit sample from the inside, outside, top, and bottom of all four quadrants of the tree.
 - (d) Select sample fruit from each tree in a representative number of rows in the orchard.

(e) Never use less than 100 fruit per sample as a basis for establishing the percent of loss for any unit or plot.

5. APPRAISAL METHODS

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

These instructions provide information on appraisal methods for:

Appraisal Method	Use
Immature (Green) Fruit Appraisals	this method up to general maturity of the crop.
Mature Fruit Appraisals	this method only after general maturity of the crop.
Harvested Plums Appraisals	this method only when the harvested acreage can be verified as being representative of the unharvested acreage.

B. IMMATURE (GREEN) FRUIT APPRAISAL METHOD

- (1) Fruit Count. This procedure tracks with the immature (green) fruit appraisal item entries on the stonefruit appraisal worksheet.
 - (a) Count the number of immature fruit from representative sample trees, include fruit damaged due to uninsured causes.

NOTE: Do not include any fruit damaged by insurable causes to the extent that it obviously would not remain on the tree until maturity.

(b) Total the number of fruit from 1 (a) above, and divide by the number of samples taken to calculate the "Average Fruit per Tree."

NOTE: Do not appraise fruit until after the normal thinning period for the variety.

- (2) Production to Count.
 - (a) Multiply the "Average Fruit per Tree" times the 0.90 "Survival Factor" to calculate the "Average Fruit to Count."
 - (b) Refer to **TABLE D** to locate the applicable number of "Fruit per Pound" for the variety being appraised. Divide the "Average Fruit to Count" by the "Fruit per Pound" (for the variety) to calculate the "Pounds per Tree."

- Multiply the "Pounds/Tree" times the "Number of Trees/Acre" to calculate the "Pounds per Acre."
- (d) Divide "Pounds per Acre" by the "Pounds per Lug" to calculate the "Lugs per Acre."

NOTE: Refer to the appraisal worksheet procedure for applicable rounding rules. One lug of plums weighs 28 pounds.

EXAMPLE:

549 (Total Fruit) ÷ 10 (Number of Samples) = **54.9** (Avg. Fruit/Tree)

54.9 (Average Fruit/Tree) x .90 (Survival Factor) = **49.4** (Avg. Fruit to Count)

49.4 (Avg. Fruit to Count) \div 6 (Fruit/Pound) = **8.2** (Pounds/Tree)

8.2 (Pounds/Tree) x 115 (Number of Trees/Acre) = **943** (Pounds per Acre)

943 (Pounds per Acre) \div 28 (Pounds per Lug) = **33.7** (Lugs per Acre)

C. MATURE FRUIT APPRAISAL METHOD

- (1) Primary Considerations. This procedure tracks with the mature fruit appraisal item entries on the stonefruit appraisal worksheet.
 - (a) For mature unharvested plums, production to be counted will include:
 - 1 Fruit which could be packed and sold as fresh fruit;
 - 2 Fruit that could be marketed for any use other than fresh pack;
 - 3 Fruit damaged by uninsured causes; and
 - Fruit that would be rejected by the packinghouse due to being under sized, immature, overripe, or mechanically damaged.

NOTE: There will be no quality adjustment on unharvested plums. Refer to the Plum Crop Provisions.

- (b) If there is unharvested production due to market conditions and/or fruit damage from an uninsured cause of loss, appraise such acreage to determine the amount of unharvested fruit and/or fruit damaged by an uninsured cause.
- (2) Fruit Count.
 - (a) Count the number of mature fruit from representative sample trees and enter total number of fruit form each sample on the appraisal worksheet.
 - (b) Total the number of fruit from (2) (a) above, and divide by the number of samples taken to calculate the "Average Fruit per Tree."

(3) Random Pick.

- (a) Take a "Random Pick of Fruit than meets Grade" (100 fruit per sample) from representative sample trees. Enter the number of fruit from each sample on the appraisal worksheet.
- (b) From the 100-fruit random sample, select and weigh 10 representative fruit to calculate the "Weight of Graded Fruit." Record the weights on the appraisal worksheet.
- (c) Calculate the "Total Percent of Graded Fruit" by totaling the number of fruit in (3) (a) above.
- (d) Calculate the "Total Weight" by totaling the weight of fruit in (3) (b) above.
- (e) Divide the "Total Percent of Graded Fruit" by the "Number of Samples" to calculate the "Avg. Percent of Graded Fruit."
- (f) Divide the "Total Weight" by the "Number of Samples" to calculate the "Total Avg. Wt. of Sample Fruit."
- (g) Divide the "Total Avg. Wt. of Sample Fruit" by "10" to calculate the "Avg. Weight per Fruit."

(4) Production to Count.

- (a) Multiply the "Avg. Fruit per Tree" times the "Avg. Percent Graded Fruit" to calculate the number of "Graded Fruit per Tree."
- (b) Multiply the result in (4) (a) by the "Avg. Weight per Fruit" to calculate the "Pounds/Tree."
- (c) Multiply the "Pounds/Tree" times "Number of Trees/Acre" to calculate the "Pounds/Acre."
- (d) Divide the "Pounds/Acre" by 28 lbs./Lug to calculate the appraisal in "Lugs per Acre."

NOTE: Refer to the appraisal worksheet procedure for any applicable rounding rules.

D. HARVESTED PLUM APPRAISAL METHODS

(1) Representative Trees Appraisals:

Arrange with the insured to harvest representative trees after a crop has reached maturity. Use the production harvested from the representative trees to determine the yield per acre.

(2) Harvested Acreage Appraisals:

- (a) Use the average yield per acre from harvested acreage as the appraisal per acre for unharvested acreage.
- (b) Verify by actually inspecting the harvested and unharvested acreage prior to any harvest to compare the crop on the trees.

NOTE: Any harvested production from representative trees must include all grade fruit (refer to subsection 2 B for definition of grade fruit).

(c) Document such inspections in the "Narrative" section of the claim form or on a Special Report.

6. APPRAISAL DEVIATIONS AND MODIFICATIONS

A. DEVIATIONS

Deviations in appraisal methods require FCIC written authorization (as described in the LAM) prior to implementation.

B. MODIFICATIONS

There are no pre-established modifications contained in this handbook. Refer to the LAM for additional information.

7. APPRAISAL WORKSHEET ENTRIES AND COMPLETION PROCEDURES

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

- (1) Include the insurance provider's name in the appraisal worksheet title if not preprinted on the insurance provider's worksheet or when a worksheet entry is not provided.
- (2) Include the claim number on the appraisal worksheet (when required by the insurance provider), when a worksheet entry is not provided.
- (3) Use the stonefruit appraisal worksheet herein for plum appraisals.
- (4) Separate appraisal worksheets are required for each unit or plot inspected. Refer to section 4 B for sampling requirements.

NOTE: Standard appraisal worksheet items are numbered consecutively in subsection B. An example appraisal worksheet is also provided to illustrate how to complete entries.

B. WORKSHEET ENTRIES AND COMPLETION INFORMATION

Verify or make the following entries:

Item

No. Information Required

Company: Name of the company servicing the contract.

Claim Number: Claim number as assigned by the insurance provider.

- 1. **Insured Name:** Name of the insured that identifies EXACTLY the person (legal entity) to whom the policy is issued.
- 2. **Policy Number:** Insured's assigned policy number.
- 3. **Crop Year:** Crop year, as defined in the policy, for which the claim has been filed.
- 4. **Unit No.:** Five-digit unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified to be correct (e.g., 00100).
- 5. **Acres:** Unit acreage, to tenths.
- 6. **Trees/Acre:** Number of bearing trees per acre.
- 7. **Cause of Damage:** Insured cause of loss. Refer to the LAM for causes of loss and applicable codes. If an insured cause of loss is coded as "Other," explain in the Remarks.
- 8. **Date of Damage:** First three letters of the month during which MOST of the insured damage (including progressive damage) occurred. Include SPECIFIC DATE where applicable, as in the case of hail damage (e.g., Aug 11).
- 9. **Crop Type:** Variety name of trees.

A - IMMATURE (GREEN) FRUIT APPRAISALS

PART I: FRUIT COUNT

- 10. **Field ID:** Field identification symbol.
- 11. **Acres in Plot:** Acres in field or plot, to tenths.
- 12. **Fruit Count/Number of Fruit From Each Sample Tree:** Total number of damaged and undamaged fruit from each sample tree.

- 13. **Total Fruit:** Number of **fruit** from all trees in item 12.
- 14. **Number of Samples:** Number of **samples** taken from item 12.
- 15. **Avg. Fruit per Tree:** Item 13 divided by item 14, to tenths.

PART II: PRODUCTION TO COUNT

- 16. **Avg. Fruit per Tree:** Transfer entry from item 15.
- 17. **Survival Factor:** MAKE NO ENTRY, '0.90' is preprinted on the appraisal worksheet.
- 18. **Avg. Fruit to Count:** Item 16 times item 17, to tenths.
- 19. **Fruit per Pound:** Applicable number of fruit per pound for the variety listed in item 9 (refer to **TABLE D**).

NOTE: Use 5 fruit/lb. for all other varieties as noted in **TABLE D**.

- 20. **Pounds/Tree:** Item 18 divided by item 19, to tenths.
- 21. **Number of Trees/Acre:** Transfer entry from item 6.
- 22. **Pounds per Acre:** Item 20 times item 21, to whole pounds.
- 23. **Pounds per**: Insert "Lug" in heading. Enter "28" (pounds per lug).
- 24. **per Acre:** Insert "Lugs" in heading. Item 22 divided by item 23, to tenths.

B - MATURE FRUIT APPRAISALS

PART I: FRUIT COUNT

- 25. **Field ID:** Field identification symbol.
- 26. **Acres in Plot:** Acres in field or plot, to tenths.
- 27. **Fruit Count/Number of Fruit From Each Sample Tree:** Total number of fruit from each sample tree.
- 28. **Total Fruit:** Number of **fruit** from all trees in item 27.
- 29. **Number of Samples:** Number of **samples** taken from item 27.
- 30. **Avg. Fruit per Tree:** Item 28 divided by item 29, to tenths.

PART II: RANDOM PICK

- 31. **Random Pick No. of Fruit Which Meet Grade:** Number of random-picked fruit from the 100-fruit sample meeting the grade requirements (refer to section 2 B for definition of grade fruit).
- 32. **Weight of Graded Fruit:** Weight of 10 sample fruit in item 31 in pounds, to tenths (refer to section 2 B for definition of grade fruit).
- 33. **Total Percent of Graded Fruit:** Number of **fruit** from item 31.

NOTE: Since 100 fruit are sampled, the number of graded fruit equals the "Total Percent of Graded Fruit."

- 34. **Total Weight:** Total weight of fruit in item 32 in pounds, to tenths.
- 35. **Number of Samples:** Number of **samples** taken from item 31.
- 36. **Number of Samples:** Number of **samples** taken from item 32.
- 37. **Total Avg. Wt. of Sample Fruit:** Item 34 divided by item 36 in pounds, to tenths.
- 38. **Avg. Percent of Graded Fruit:** Item 33 divided by item 35, to two-decimal places.
 - **NOTE:** Enter percent as a two-place decimal (e.g., 12 equals 0.12).
- 39. **Avg. Weight per Fruit:** Item 37 divided by "10," to two-decimal places.

PART III: PRODUCTION TO COUNT

- 40. **Avg. Fruit per Tree:** Transfer entry from item 30.
- 41. **Avg. Percent of Graded Fruit:** Transfer entry from item 38.
- 42. **Graded Fruit per Tree:** Item 40 times item 41, to tenths.
- 43. **Avg. Weight per Fruit:** Transfer entry from item 39.
- 44. **Pounds/Tree:** Item 42 times item 43, to two-decimal places.
- 45. **Number of Trees/Acre:** Transfer entry from item 6.
- 46. **Pounds/Acre:** Item 44 times item 45, in whole pounds.
- 47. **Pounds per** : Insert "Lug" in heading. Enter "28" (pounds per lug).

- 48. **per Acre:** Insert "Lugs" in heading as applicable. Item 46 divided by item 47, to tenths.
- 49. **Remarks:** Any pertinent information that pertains to the inspection.
- Adjuster's Signature, Code #, and Date: Signature of adjuster, code number, and date signed after the insured (or insured's authorized representative) has signed. If the appraisal is performed prior to signature date, document the date of appraisal in the Remarks/Narrative section of the Appraisal Worksheet (if available); otherwise, document the appraisal date in the Narrative of the Production Worksheet.
- Insured Signature and Date: Insured's (or insured's authorized representative's) signature and date. BEFORE obtaining insured's signature, REVIEW ALL ENTRIES on the Appraisal Worksheet WITH THE INSURED, particularly explaining codes, etc., which may not be readily understood.
- 52. **Page Number:** Page numbers (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, etc.).

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Insured Name				2. Polic	cy Number		3. Crop	Year	4. Uni	t No.	5. A			6. Trees/A	cre	7. Cause of	Damage	8. Date	e of Damage	9.	Crop Type
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16. Avg. Fruit Per Tree	17. Survival	Factor			18. Avg. Fruit to	o Count	19. F	ruit per Po	ound 2	0. Pound	s/Tree	2	1. Num Tree:	iber of s/Acre		ounds per Acre	23	3. Pounds <u>Lug</u>	per	24. <u>Lug</u> Per 1	<u>gs</u> Acre
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40. Avg. Fruit pe	er Tree	41. Avg. I	Percent Grade	e Fruit	42. Graded per Tree		43. A	vg. Wt. po	er Fruit	44.	Pounds/Tr	ee	43	7. Number of Trees/Acre		46. Pour Acre		7. Pounds	per	48 Per A	cre
		1																			
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49. Remarks						IMN	ИАТ	URE	AP	PRA	ISAI	EX	AM	IPLE							
50. Adjuster's S	ignature					Code #		Date	e		5	1. Insure	ed Signa	ture					Date		
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																				52. Pg.	<u>1</u> of <u>1</u>

For Illustration Purposes Only

STONEFRUIT APPRAISAL WORKSHEET

Compai	ny:	Any	Com	par	ıy													C	laim Nun	nber:		XXXX	XXXXX						
1. Insure	d Name							2. Po	olicy N	umber			3. C	rop Year	4	4. Unit l	No.	5.	Acres		6. Т	rees/Acre	7. 0	Cause	of Damage	8. Г	Date of Dama	ge	9. Crop Type
		I.	M. Ins	sure	rd					XXXX	XXX			YYYY	7	0	0100		30.	0		115		Freeze			Mar 10		Mid Red
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															Part	t I: FR	UIT CO	UNT											
10. Field	l ID					11. A	Acres in	Plot								it Count					13. Tota	l Fruit		14.	Number of	Samples	15. A	Avg. Fruit	per Tree
												1	Nu	mber of I	Fruit Fro	m Each	Sample '	Tree						-					
																					=			÷			=		
														Par	t II: PR	RODU	CTION	TO CC	UNT										
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25. 11010	110					20. 7	icres in	1100			27.			Numbe			ach San	nple Tre	e										
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31. Rano	lom Pick	or No.	of Fruit	t Whi	ch Mee	et Grade	e (100 p	er sampl	e)	33	. Total I	Percent	of Grade	ed Fruit			er of San				3	7. Total Av	g. Wt. of			38. Avg	. Percent of C	Graded Fru	ait
32. Weig	ght of Gr	raded F	ruit (100) per	sample)		•		34	. Total	Weight			36.	Numbe	er of Sam	ples				Sample	Fruit			39. Avg	. Weight per	Fruit	
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	I. M. Adjuster								XXX	XX		MM/I	DD/YY	YY				i	I. M. Ins	ured				MN	I/DD/Y	YYY			

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(RESERVED)

8. CLAIM FORM ENTRIES AND COMPLETION PROCEDURES

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

- (1) The claim form (hereafter referred to as the "Production Worksheet") is a progressive form containing all notices of damage for all preliminary and final inspections on a unit.
- (2) If a Production Worksheet has been prepared on a prior inspection, verify each entry and enter additional information as needed. If a change or correction is necessary, strike out all entries on the line and re-enter correct entries on a new line. The adjuster and the insured should initial any line deletions.
- (3) Refer to the LAM for instructions regarding the following:
 - (a) Acreage report errors.
 - (b) Delayed notices and delayed claims.
 - (c) Corrected claims or fire losses (double coverage) and cases involving uninsured causes of loss, unusual situations, controversial claims, concealment, or misrepresentation.
 - (d) Claims involving a Certification Form, (when all the acreage on the unit has been appraised to be put to another use or other reason described in the LAM).
 - (e) "No Indemnity Due" claims (which must be verified by an APPRAISAL or NOTIFICATION from the insured that the production exceeded the guarantee.)
- (4) The adjuster is responsible for determining if the insured has complied with all their requirements under the notice and claim provisions of the policy. If any have not, the adjuster should contact the insurance provider.
- (5) Instructions labeled "**PRELIMINARY**" apply to preliminary inspections only. Instructions labeled "**FINAL**" apply to final inspections only. Instructions not labeled apply to ALL inspections.

B. FORM ENTRIES AND COMPLETION INFORMATION

Verify or make the following entries:

Item

No. Information Required

- 1. **Crop/Code #:** "Plums" (0092).
- 2. **Unit #:** Five-digit unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified to be correct (e.g., 00100).

- 3. **Legal Description:** Section, township, and range number or other legal description that identifies the location of the unit.
- 4. **Date of Damage:** First three letters of the month during which MOST of the insured damage (including progressive damage) occurred for each inspection. Include the SPECIFIC DATE where applicable as in the case of hail damage (e.g., AUG 11).
- 5. **Cause of Damage:** Name of insured cause of loss for **this crop** as listed in the LAM. If it is evident that no indemnity is due, enter "NONE." If an insured cause of loss is coded as "Other," explain in the Narrative.

NOTE: See the Basic Provisions and the crop provisions for this crop for information pertaining to insured and uninsured causes of loss.

6. **Primary Cause %:**

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Percent of damage for the cause of damage listed in item 5 above that is determined to be the primary cause of damage, to the nearest whole percent. The primary cause of damage must exceed 50 percent (e.g., 51%). Enter an "X" in the major secondary cause of damage.

- 7. **Company/Agency:** Name of company and agency servicing the contract.
- 8. **Name of Insured:** Name of the insured that identifies EXACTLY the person (legal entity) to whom the policy is issued.
- 9. **Claim #:** Claim number as assigned by the insurance provider.
- 10. **Policy #:** Insured's assigned policy number.
- 11. **Crop Year:** Crop year, as defined in the policy, for which the claim is filed.
- 12. Additional Units:

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Unit number(s) for ALL non-loss units for the crop at the time of final inspection. A non-loss unit is any unit for which a Production Worksheet has not been completed. Additional non-loss units may be entered on a single Production Worksheet.

NOTE: If more spaces are needed for non-loss units, enter the unit numbers identified as "Non-Loss Units," in the Narrative or on an attached Special Report.

13. Est. Prod. Per Acre:

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Estimated yield per acre, in whole lugs, of all non-loss units for the crop at the time of final inspection.

14. **Date(s) Notice of Loss:**

PRELIMINARY:

- a. Date the notice of damage was given for the unit in item 2.
- b. A third preliminary inspection (if needed) requires an additional set of Production Worksheets. Enter the date of notice for a third preliminary inspection in the 1st space of item 14 on the second set.
- c. Reserve the "Final" space on the first page of the first set of Production Worksheets for the date of notice for the final inspection.
- d. If the inspection is initiated by the insurance provider, enter "Company Insp." instead of the date.

FINAL: Transfer the last date in the 1st or 2nd space to the FINAL space if a final inspection should be made as a result of the notice. Always enter the complete date of notice (month, day, year) for the FINAL inspection in the FINAL space on the first page of the first set of Production Worksheets. For a delayed notice of loss or delayed claim, refer to the LAM.

15. **Companion Policy(s):**

- a. If no other person has a share in the unit (insured has 100 percent share), MAKE NO ENTRY.
- b. In all cases where the insured has LESS than a 100 percent share of a loss-affected unit, ask the insured if the OTHER person sharing in the unit has a multiple-peril crop insurance contract (i.e., not crop-hail, fire, etc.). If the other person does not, enter "NONE."
 - (1) If the other person has a multiple-peril crop insurance contract and it can be determined that the SAME insurance provider services it, enter the contract number. Handle these companion policies according to insurance provider instructions.
 - (2) If the OTHER person has a multiple-peril crop insurance contract and a DIFFERENT insurance provider or agent services it, enter the name of the insurance provider and/or agent (and contract number) if known.

(3) If unable to verify the existence of a companion contract, enter "Unknown" and contact the insurance provider for further instructions.

NOTE: Refer to the LAM for further information regarding companion contracts.

SECTION I - ACREAGE APPRAISED, PRODUCTION AND ADJUSTMENTS

Make separate line entries for varying:

- (1) Rate classes, types, or farming practices;
- (2) APH yields;
- (3) Appraisals;
- (4) Stages or intended use(s) of acreage;
- (5) Shares (e.g., 50 percent and 75 percent shares on the same unit); or
- (6) Appraisals for damage due to hail or fire if Hail and Fire Exclusion is in effect.

Verify or make the following entries:

Item

No. Information Required

A. **Field ID:** The field identification symbol from a sketch map or an aerial photo. See the Narrative. In the margin (or in a separate column), enter the date of inspection for the last line entry of each inspection.

B. **Preliminary Acres:**

PRELIMINARY: The number of acres, to tenths, (include "E" if estimated), for which consent for other use has been given. Determine actual acreage, to tenths, when the boundaries of the appraised acreage may not be determined later.

FINAL: MAKE NO ENTRY.

C. **Final Acres:** Refer to the LAM for definition of acceptable determined acres used herein.

Determined acres to tenths (include "E" if estimated) for which consent is given for other use and/or:

- a. Put to other use without consent.
- b. Abandoned.
- c. Damaged by uninsured causes.
- d. For which the insured failed to provide acceptable records of production.
- e. From which production was sold by direct marketing if the insured failed to meet the requirements contained in the crop provisions.

FINAL: Determined acres to tenths.

NOTE: Acreage breakdowns WITHIN a unit may be estimated (enter "E" in front of the acres) if a determination is impractical AND if authorization was received from the insurance provider. Document authorization in the Narrative.

ACCOUNT FOR ALL ACREAGE IN THE UNIT. In the event of over-reported acres, handle in accordance with individual insurance provider's instructions. In the event of under-reported acres, draw a diagonal line in Column "C" as shown.

- C₁ Enter the ACTUAL acres for the orchard or suborchard.
- C₂ Enter the REPORTED acres for the orchard or suborchard.



- D. **Interest or Share:** Insured's interest in crop to three decimal places as determined at the time of inspection. If shares vary on the same UNIT, use separate line entries.
- E. **Risk:** The correct rate class from the actuarial documents. Verify with the Summary of Coverage, and if the rate class is found to be incorrect, revise according to the insurance provider's instructions. Refer to the LAM.

NOTE: Unrated land is uninsurable without a written agreement.

- F. **Practice:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents, for the practice carried out by the insured. If "No Practice Specified," enter appropriate three-digit code number from the actuarial documents.
- G. **Type/Class/Variety:** Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents, for the type grown by the insured. If "No Type Specified," enter appropriate three-digit code number from the actuarial documents.
- H. Stage:

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Stage abbreviation as shown below.

STAGE	EXPLANATION
"P"	Acreage abandoned without consent, put to other use without consent, damaged solely by uninsured causes, for which the insured failed to provide records of production which are acceptable to the insurance provider, or from which production was sold by direct marketing if the insured failed to meet the requirements contained in the crop provisions.
"H"	Harvested.
"UH"	Unharvested or put to other use without consent.

GLEANED ACREAGE: Refer to the LAM for information on gleaning.

EXPLANATION

I. **Intended or Final Use:** Use of acreage. Use the following "Intended Use" abbreviations:

"Bulldozed, etc."	Use made of acreage
"WOC"	Other use without consent
"SU"	Solely uninsured
"ABA"	Abandoned without consent

"H".....Harvested

"UH"......Unharvested

Verify any "Intended Use" entry. If the final use of the acreage was not as indicated, strike out the original line and initial it. Enter all data on a new line showing the correct "Final Use."

GLEANED ACREAGE: Refer to the LAM for information on gleaning.

J. **Appraised Potential:** Per-acre appraisal in lugs, to tenths, of POTENTIAL production for the acreage appraised. See appraisal methods for additional instructions.

NOTE: If there is no potential on UH acreage, enter "0."

K_1 -L. MAKE NO ENTRY.

USE

- M. + Uninsured Causes: EXPLAIN IN THE NARRATIVE.
 - a. Hail and Fire exclusion NOT in effect.
 - (1) Enter NOT LESS than the insured's production guarantee per acre in lugs, to tenths, for the line, (calculated by multiplying the elected coverage level percentage times the approved APH yield per acre shown on the APH form) for any "P" stage acreage.

NOTE: On preliminary inspections, advise the insured to keep the harvested production from any acreage damaged SOLELY by uninsured causes separate from other production.

- (2) For acreage that is damaged PARTLY by uninsured causes, enter the APPRAISED UNINSURED loss of production per acre in lugs, to tenths, for any such acreage.
- b. Refer to the LAM when a Hail and Fire Exclusion is in effect and damage is from hail or fire.
- c. Enter the result of adding uninsured cause appraisals to hail and fire exclusion appraisals.

NOTE: For fire losses, if the insured also has other fire insurance (double coverage), refer to the LAM.

- N. **Adjusted Potential:** Column "J" plus Column "M," results in lugs, rounded to tenths.
- O. **Total to Count:** Column "C" or "C₁" (**actual** acres) times Column "N," results in lugs, rounded to tenths.
- P. **Per Acre:** Per-acre Guarantee Enter the per acre guarantee from the insured's policy.
- Q. **Total:** Column "C₂" (**reported** acres; "C" if acreage is not under-reported) times Column "P," rounded to whole lugs.
- 16. **Total Acres:**

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Total actual acres (Column "C" or ["C₁" if under reported]), to tenths.

NOTE: FOR ITEM 17. WHEN SEPARATE LINE ENTRIES ARE MADE FOR VARYING SHARES, STAGES, APH YIELDS, PRICE ELECTIONS, TYPES, ETC., WITHIN THE UNIT, AND TOTALS NEED TO BE KEPT SEPARATE FOR CALCULATING INDEMNITIES, MAKE NO ENTRY AND FOLLOW THE INSURANCE PROVIDER'S INSTRUCTIONS; OTHERWISE, MAKE THE FOLLOWING ENTRIES.

17. **Totals:**

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Total of Column "O" and total of Column "Q."

NARRATIVE:

If more space is needed, document on a Special Report, and enter "See Special Report." Attach the Special Report to the Production Worksheet.

- a. If no acreage is released on the unit, enter "No Acreage Released," adjuster's initials, and date.
- b. If notice of damage was given and "No Inspection" is necessary, enter the unit number(s), "No Inspection," date, and adjuster's initials. The insured's signature is not required.
- c. Explain any uninsured causes, unusual, or controversial cases.
- d. If there is an appraisal in Section I, item "M" for uninsured causes due to a hail/fire exclusion, show the original hail/fire liability per acre and the hail/fire indemnity per acre.

- e. Document the actual appraisal date if an appraisal was performed prior to the adjuster's signature date on the appraisal worksheet, and the date of the appraisal is not recorded on the appraisal worksheet.
- f. State that there is "No other fire insurance" when fire damages or destroys the insured crop, and it is determined that the insured has no other fire insurance. Also refer to the LAM.
- g. Explain any errors found on the Summary of Coverage.
- h. Explain any commingled production. Refer to the LAM.
- i. Explain any entry for "Production Not to Count" in Section II, item "O," and/or any production not included in Section II, item I or item "B-E" entries (e.g., harvested production from uninsured acreage that can be identified separately from the insured acreage in the unit).
- j. Explain a "NO" checked in item 19.
- k. Attach a sketch map or aerial photograph to identify the total unit:
 - (1) If consent is or has been given to put part of the unit to another use;
 - (2) If uninsured causes are present; or
 - (3) For unusual or controversial cases.

NOTE: Indicate on the sketch map or aerial photograph, the disposition of acreage destroyed or put to other use with or without consent.

- l. Explain any difference between date of inspection and signature dates. For an ABSENTEE insured, enter the date of the inspection AND the date of mailing the Production Worksheet for signature.
- m. When any other adjuster or supervisor accompanied the adjuster on the inspection, enter the code number of the other adjuster or supervisor and date of inspection.
- n. Explain the reason for a "No Indemnity Due" claim. No Indemnity Due claims are to be distributed in accordance with insurance provider's instructions.
- o. Explain any delayed notices or delayed claims as instructed in the LAM.
- p. Document any authorized estimated acres shown in Section I, item "C" as follows: "Line 3 'E' acres authorized by insurance provider MM/DD/YYYY."
- q. Document the method and calculation used to determine acres for the unit. Refer to the LAM.
- r. If "comparable acreage" was used to establish the production figures (i.e., Harvested Appraisal Method) for insured acreage, enter the location (identification) and yield of the comparable acreage.

- s. Specify the type of insects or disease when the insured cause of damage or loss is listed as insects or disease. Explain why control measures did not work.
- t. Document the value per ton for any damaged harvested production that is, or could be, marketed for any use other than fresh packed plums.
- u. Record any trees removed without inspection.
- v. Document the name and address of the charitable organization when gleaned acreage is applicable. Refer to the LAM for more information on gleaning.
- w. Document any other pertinent information, including any data to support any factors used to calculate the production.

SECTION II - HARVESTED PRODUCTION

GENERAL INFORMATION:

- (1) Account for ALL HARVESTED PRODUCTION (for **ALL ENTITIES** sharing in the crop) except production appraised BEFORE harvest and shown in Section I because the quantity cannot be determined later.
- (2) For production commercially stored, sold, etc., enter the name and address of storage facility, buyer, packinghouse, or processor as applicable in items "B" through "E." For fruit otherwise disposed of, indicate the disposition (sold at roadside stand, etc.).
- (3) If additional lines are necessary, the data may be entered on a continuation sheet. USE SEPARATE LINES FOR:
 - (a) Separate storage facilities.
 - (b) Different FIRST handlers (buyers, packinghouses, or processors). The insured must have maintained satisfactory records of ALL production sold or stored. Verify any packing house or processor records.
 - **NOTE:** (In all localities) if the first handler was not a packer or processor, the production will be determined by the adjuster on the basis of available records.
 - (c) Harvested fruit of any type that failed to meet the applicable grade (quality) requirements because of INSURED damage.
 - (d) Varying shares; e.g., 50 percent and 75 percent shares on same unit.
 - (e) If there is harvested production from more than one insured practice (or type) and a separate approved APH yield has been established for each, the harvested production also must be entered on separate lines in items "A" through "S" by type. If production has been commingled, refer to the LAM.

(4) There will generally be no harvested production entries in items "A" through "S" for preliminary inspections.

Verify or make the following entries:

Item

No. Information Required

18. Date Harvest Completed: (Used to determine if there is a delayed notice or a delayed claim. Refer to the LAM.)

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL:

- a. The earlier of the date the ENTIRE acreage was either (1) harvested (2) totally destroyed, (3) put to other use, (4) a combination of harvested destroyed, or put to other use, or (5) the calendar date for the end of the insurance period.
- b. If at the time of final inspection (if prior to the end of the insurance period), there is any unharvested insured acreage remaining on the unit that the insured does not intend to harvested, enter "Incomplete."
- c. If at the time of final inspection (if prior to the end of the insurance period), **none** of the insured acreage on the unit has been harvested, and the insured does not intend to harvest such acreage, enter '**No Harvest.**'
- d. If the case involves a Certification Form, enter the date from the Certification Form when the entire unit is put to another use, etc. Refer to the LAM.

19. **Similar Damage:**

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Check "Yes" or "No." Check "Yes" if amount and cause of damage due to insurable causes is similar to the experience of other orchards in the area. If "No" is checked, explain in the Narrative.

- 20. **Assignment of Indemnity:** Check "Yes" **only** if an assignment of indemnity is in effect for the crop year; otherwise, check "No." Refer to the LAM.
- 21. **Transfer of Right to Indemnity:** Check "Yes" **only** if a transfer of right to indemnity is in effect for the unit for the crop year; otherwise, check "No." Refer to the LAM.
- A₁. **Share:** RECORD ONLY VARYING SHARES on SAME unit to three decimal places.

A_2 . Field ID:

- a. If only one practice and/or type of harvested production is listed in Section I, MAKE NO ENTRY.
- b. If more than one practice and/or type of harvested production is listed in Section I, and a separate approved APH yield exists, indicate for each practice/type, the corresponding Field ID (from Section I, item "A").
- B. E. **Buyers, Packing House, or Processor:** For plums stored or sold, enter the name and address of the buyer, packinghouse, or processor as applicable. If farm-stored production (lugs or bulk) has been weighed prior to storage and acceptable weight tickets are available showing net weights, enter "Weighed and Stored on Farm" in this space. For fruit otherwise disposed of, indicate the disposition (sold by direct marketing, etc.).

F. - H. MAKE NO ENTRY.

I. Bu., Ton, Lbs., Cwt.:

- a. Plum production that is packed and sold as fresh fruit. Line through Bu., Ton, Lbs., CWT., and enter "Lugs" in the heading. Enter production in lugs, rounded to tenths.
- b. Plum production that is damaged and is, or could be, marketed for any use other than fresh packed plums, enter tonnage to tenths, followed by "T" (e.g., 3.6 T).

J. - M. MAKE NO ENTRY.

- N. **Adjusted Production:** Lugs or tons to tenths for plums in Column "I," as applicable.
- O. **Prod. Not to Count:** Net production NOT to count in lugs or tons to tenths, as applicable, WHEN ACCEPTABLE RECORDS IDENTIFYING SUCH PRODUCTION ARE AVAILABLE, from harvested acreage which has been assessed an appraisal of not less than the guarantee per acre, or from other sources (e.g., other units or uninsured acreage).

THIS ENTRY MUST NEVER EXCEED PRODUCTION SHOWN ON THE SAME LINE. EXPLAIN ANY "PRODUCTION NOT TO COUNT" IN THE NARRATIVE.

P. **Production:** Result of subtracting the entry in Column "O" from Column "N," in lugs or tons to tenths, as applicable.

Q_1 . Value:

a. For plum production that is packed and sold as fresh fruit but does not meet the grade requirements of the crop provisions due to insurable causes, enter the value per lug in dollars and cents of this production.

- b. For plum production that is damaged and is, or could be, marketed for any use other than fresh packed plums, enter the greater of the value in dollars and cents of the damaged plums or \$50.00.
- Q₂. **MKT Price:** Enter the highest price election available in dollars and cents for the applicable varietal group.
- R. **Quality Factor:** Q_1 divided by Q_2 , results to three-decimal places.
- S. **Production to Count:** Production from Column "P," times Column "R," in lugs to tenths.

NOTE: FOR ITEMS 22 - 24. WHEN SEPARATE ENTRIES ARE MADE FOR VARYING SHARES, STAGES, APH YIELDS, PRICE ELECTIONS, TYPES, ETC., WITHIN THE UNIT, AND TOTALS NEED TO BE KEPT SEPARATE FOR CALCULATING INDEMNITIES, MAKE NO ENTRY AND FOLLOW THE INSURANCE PROVIDER'S INSTRUCTIONS; OTHERWISE, MAKE THE FOLLOWING ENTRIES.

22. **Section II Total:**

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Total of Column "S," to tenths.

23. **Section I Total:**

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NO ENTRY.

FINAL: Enter figure from Section I, Column "O" total, to tenths.

24. Unit Total:

PRELIMINARY: MAKE NOT ENTRY.

FINAL: Total of 22 and 23, in lugs, to tenths.

Adjuster's Signature, Code #, and Date: Signature of adjuster, code number and date signed after the insured (or insured's authorized representative) has signed. For an absentee insured, enter adjuster's code number ONLY. The signature and date will be entered AFTER the absentee has signed and returned the Production Worksheet.

NOTE: Final indemnity inspections should be signed on bottom line.

26. **Insured's Signature and Date:** Insured's (or insured's authorized representative's) signature and date. BEFORE obtaining insured's signature, REVIEW ALL ENTRIES on the Production Worksheet WITH THE INSURED, particularly explaining codes, etc., that may not be readily understood.

NOTE: Final indemnity inspections should be signed on bottom line.

27. **Page Numbers:**

PRELIMINARY: Page numbers - "1," "2," etc., at the time of inspection.

FINAL: Page numbers - (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, Page 2 of 2, etc.).

PRODUCTION WORKSHEET

1 Cro	p/Code #	2 Unit #	3 Legal De	scription		7	(For I	llustratio	n Purpo	oses Only) 8	8 Name of Insured							
Pl	ums	00100	S	W1-96N-30	W					,	,		I.	M. Insured					
	092	-				7 Con	npany		Any Comp	oany	9	Claim #		11	Crop Year				
4 Date of	Damage	Mar 10	May 10			Age	ency		Any Agei	псу		XX	XXXXXX		YYYY				
5 Cause o	Cause of Damage Freeze Freeze Primary Cause % 100%											0 Policy#		XX	XXXXXX				
		100%									1	4 Date(s)	1st	2n		Final			
	onal Units	00200									N	Notice of Loss	MM/DD/Y	YYY		MM/DD/YYYY			
13 Est. Pr	13 Est. Prod. Per Acre 1000 SECTION I - ACREAGE APPRAISED, PRODUCTION										1	15 Companion Policy(s)							
		EAGE APP	RAISED, P	RODUC	TION ANI	O ADJUS	STMEN'	TS											
ACTUA	RIAL								POTENT	TIAL YIELI)				STAGE	GUARANTEE			
A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	$\frac{K_1}{K_2}$	L	M	N	О	Р	Q			
Field ID	Prelim Acres	Final Acres	Interest or Share	Risk	Practice	Type Class Variety	Stage	Intended or Final Use	Appraised Potential	Moisture % Factor	Shell and/ Quality Factor	+Uninsure	d Adjusted Potential	Total To Count (C x N)	Per Acre	Total (C x P)			
MM/DD A		8.8	1.000	A01	002	107	UH	UH	33.7				33.7	296.6	400.0	3,520.0			
MM/DD B		10.0	1.000	A01	002	108	UH	UH	32.0				32.0	320.0	400.0	4,000.0			
MM/DD C		11.2	1.000	A01	002	109	Н	Н							400.0	4,480.0			
16	TOTAL	30.0			•	•	•	•	-	•		•	17 TOTALS	616.6		12,000.0			

NARRATIVE (If more space is needed, attach a Special Report) Acres were wheel measured. Value of other than fresh fruit plums \$40.50 per ton.

SECTI	SECTION II - HARVESTED PRODUCTION 18 Date Harvest Completed 19 Is damage similar to other farms in the area? 20 Assignment of Indemnity 21 Transfer of Right to Indemnity?															•		
18 Date	Harvest C	omplete	d		19 Is	damage si	imilar to o	ther farms i	n the area	?	20 A	Assignmen	t of Indemnity	,		21 Transfer	of Right to Inder	nnity?
	MN	I/DD/YY	YYY			Y	es X	No				Yes	s No	X		Yes	No X	(
MEAS	UREMEN	NTS			GROSS	S PROD	UCTION	1	ADJU	STMENT	S TO HAR	RVESTEI	PRODUC	TION				
$-\frac{A_1}{A_2}$															S			
Share Length or Width Depth tion Cubic sion Prod. Conver Cubic Sugar Shell/												Production	Value	Quality Factor	Production to Count			
Field ID	Diameter		•	tion	Feet	Factor	(FxG)	CWT Lugs	Factor	Factor	Factor	Factor	(HorI)xK2xL2xM2	to Count	(N - O)	Mkt. Price	(Q1 ÷ Q2)	(PxR)
		BC Pack Anytowi	inghous 1, State	e				2,785.0					2,785.0		2,785.0	$\frac{2.70}{4.85}$.557	1,551.2
Acme Processing House Anytown, State 38.3 T 38.3 T 38.3 T - \frac{50.00}{4.85} \frac{10.309}{10.309}													394.8					
													y insured crop.			22 3	Section II Total	1,946.0
													reinsured by the			23	Section I Total	616.6
Corporati	ion, an agenc	y or the U	Inited Sta	tes. I unde	rstana that ar	ny raise or i	naccurate 11	niormation m	ay result in	tne sanction	is outlined in m	y poncy and	l administrative,	civii, and crim	inai		24 II:4 T-4-1	25(2)

24 Unit Total 2,562.6 sanctions under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1006 and 1014, 7 U.S.C. § 1506, 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729 and 3730 and other federal statutes.

1st Inspection I. M. Adjuster XXXXX MM/DD/YYYY 1st Inspection I. M. Insured MM/DD/YYYY 2nd Inspection I. M. Adjuster XXXXX MM/DD/YYYY 2nd Inspection I. M. Insured MM/DD/YYYY 27 Page Final Inspection I. M. Adjuster XXXXX MM/DD/YYYY Final Inspection I. M. Insured MM/DD/YYYY 1 of 1	25 Adjuster's Sig	gnature Code #	Date	26 Insured's Signa	nture	Date			
	1st Inspection	I. M. Adjuster XXXXX	MM/DD/YYYY	1st Inspection	I. M. Insured	MM/DD/YYYY			
Final Inspection I. M. Adjuster XXXXX MM/DD/YYYY Final Inspection I. M. Insured MM/DD/YYYY 1 of 1	2nd Inspection	I. M. Adjuster XXXXX	MM/DD/YYYY	2nd Inspection	I. M. Insured	MM/DD/YYYY	27 Page		
	Final Inspection	I. M. Adjuster XXXXX	MM/DD/YYYY	Final Inspection	I. M. Insured	MM/DD/YYYY	1	of	1

9. REFERENCE MATERIAL

TABLE A - MINIMUM REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE REQUIREMENTS

Number of Trees in Acreage:	Select:
10 acres or less	The lesser of 10 trees or 5% of the number of trees in the orchard (rounded to the nearest whole tree).
10.1 to 100.0	10 trees plus 3 trees per additional 10.0 trees.
100.1 or more	37 trees plus 5 trees per additional 100.0 trees.

TABLE B - TREE PLANTING PATTERNS USED IN PLUM ORCHARDS

Square						Hedgerow								Quincunx*						Hexagonal**										
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X	
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X	
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X
															X		X		X		X		X		X		X		X	

*Quincunx: A tree planting pattern that is a rectangle with a tree in the middle.

^{**}Hexagonal: A tree planting pattern with six adjoining trees that are equidistant from any other one tree.

TABLE C -NUMBER OF PLUM TREES PER ACRE

	ROW SPACING (feet)																					
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	10	436	396	363	335	311	290	272	256	242	229	218	207	198	189	182	174	168	161	156	150	145
	11		360	330	305	283	264	248	233	220	208	198	189	180	172	165	158	152	147	141	137	132
	12			303	279	259	242	227	214	202	191	182	173	165	158	151	145	140	134	130	125	121
	13				258	239	223	209	197	186	176	168	160	152	146	140	134	129	124	120	116	112
	14					222	207	194	183	173	164	156	148	141	135	130	125	125	115	111	107	104
	15						194	182	171	161	153	145	138	132	126	121	116	112	108	104	100	97
eet)	16							170	160	151	143	136	130	124	118	113	109	105	101	97	94	91
SPACING (feet)	17								151	142	135	128	122	117	111	107	103	99	95	92	88	85
	18									134	127	121	115	110	105	101	97	93	90	86	83	81
AC	19										121	115	109	104	100	96	92	88	85	82	79	76
SP	20											109	104	99	95	91	87	84	81	78	75	73
TREE	21												99	94	90	86	83	80	77	74	72	69
TR	22													90	86	83	79	76	73	71	68	66
	23														82	80	76	73	70	68	65	63
	24															76	73	70	67	65	63	61
	25																70	67	65	62	60	58
	26																	64	62	60	58	56
	27																		60	58	56	54
	28																			56	54	52
	29																				52	50
	30																					48

The above figures are for square and hedgerow plantings.

- (1) For hexagonal plantings add 14%. (Example: 176 trees per acre from the above chart plus 25 (14% of 176) = 201 trees per acre.)
- (2) For quincunx plantings double the number of trees. (Example: 124 trees per acre from the chart + 124 = 248 trees per acre.)
- (3) For row spacing patterns in fractions of whole feet, multiply the distance between the rows by the spacing between the trees and divide into 43,560 (square feet per acre). (Example: Row spacing is 18.5 feet, distance between trees is 18.5 feet. 18.5 x 18.5 = 342 square feet. 43,560 ÷ 342 = 127 trees per acre.

TABLE D - NUMBER OF PLUMS PER POUND BY VARIETY*

	DER OF TECH			
2 FRUIT/LB.	3 FRUIT/LB.	4 FRUIT/LB.	5 FRUIT/LB.	6 FRUIT/LB.
King James	Autumn Giant	Angeleno	Black Flame	Ambra
	Betty Anne	Autumn Beaut	Black Gold	Black Beaut
	Black Knight	Blackamber	Black Premium	Burgandy
	Challenger	Black Diamond	Casselman	El Dorado
	Fortune	Black Torch	Catalina	Empress
	Freedom	Elephant Heart	Dolly	Frontier
	Golden Globe	Friar	Earliqueen	King Richard
	Howard Sun	Gar Fantasy	Ebony Sun	Late Santa Rosa
	King's Black	Gar Red	Emerald Beaut	Linda Rosa
	October Gem	Grand Rosa	King David	Murietta
	Prime Time	Joanna Red	Laroda	Nubiana
	Red Lane	Kelsey	Passion	President
	September King	King Diamond	Prima Dona	Prima Black
	Showtime	Mid Red	Purple Magesty	Red Roy
		October Sun	Queen Ann	Royal Red
		Onyx Jewel	Sharron's Plum	Royal Zee
		Prima Rosa	Simka	Roysum
		Queen Rosa	Sweetheart	Santa Rosa
		Red Ram	Wickson	Sierra Sweet
		Red Sun		
		Rosemary	All Other Varieties	
		Royal Diamond		
		Scarlet Sun		
		Sweethear t		
		Westerner		
7 FRUIT/LB.	8 FRUIT/LB.	9 FRUIT/LB.	10 FRUIT/LB.	14 FRUIT/LB.
Aleta Rose	Andy's Pride	Standard	Moyer Prune	French Prune
Angee	Autumn Rose			Improved French
Carolyn Harris	Durado			-
Early Hawaiian Ann	Gar Rosa			Prune
Ebony	Rosa Ann			
First Beaut				
Improved Late Santa				
Rosa				
July Red				
July Santa Rosa				
Mariposa				
Mid Summer				
Red Beaut				
Red Jewel				
Red Rosa				
Rich Red				
Rose Ann				
Rose Zee				
Spring Beaut				

^{*}This list is based on actual production averages from California.