

United States Department of Agriculture



Federal Crop Insurance Corporation

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TEXAS CITRUS FRUIT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK

2018 and Succeeding Crop Years

RISK MANAGEMENT AGENCY KANSAS CITY, MO 64133

TITLE: Texas Citrus Fruit Loss Adjustment	NUMBER: 25500
Standards Handbook	25500-1
EFFECTIVE DATE: 2018 and Succeeding	ISSUE DATE: September 28, 2016
Crop Years	
SUBJECT:	OPI: Product Administration and Standards Division
	APPROVED:
Provides the procedures and instructions for	
administering the Texas Citrus Fruit crop	/s/ Thomas W. Worth
insurance program	
	Acting Deputy Administrator for Product
	Management

REASON FOR AMENDMENT

Major changes: See changes or additions in text which have been highlighted in yellow. Three stars (***) identify information that has been removed.

- 1. Exhibit 3, item 6, page 14: Revised the standard for the crop name and type entry on the appraisal worksheet.
- 2. Exhibit 4, item 1, page 19: Revised the standard for the crop and code # entry on the PW.
- 3. Exhibit 4, item 6, page 20: Revised the formatting to display the example for item 6 on the PW.
- 4. Exhibit 4, item 22, page 23: Revised the example for item 22 on the PW.
- 5. Exhibit 4, PW examples, pages 34-35: Made necessary corrections due to the revision of item 1 in exhibit 4.

TEXAS CITRUS FRUIT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK

CONTROL CHART

	Texas Citrus Fruit Loss Adjustment Standards Handbook							
	TP	TC	Text	Exhibit	Exhibit	Data	FCIC	
	Page(s)	Page(s)	Page(s)	Number	Page(s)	Date	Number	
Remove	1-2							
					13-14			
					19-20	08-2016	FCIC-25500	
					23-24			
					33-36			
Insert	1-2							
					13-14			
					19-20	09-2016	FCIC-25500-1	
					23-24			
					33-36			
Current	1-2					09-2016	FCIC-25500-1	
Index		1-2				08-2016	FCIC-25500	
			1-11			08-2016	FCIC-25500	
				1	12	08-2016	FCIC-25500	
				2	13	08-2016	FCIC-25500-1	
				2 3 3	14	09-2016	FCIC-25500-1	
					15-18	08-2016	FCIC-25500	
				4	19-20	09-2016	FCIC-25500-1	
				4	21-22	08-2016	FCIC-25500	
				4	23-24	09-2016	FCIC-25500-1	
				4	25-32	08-2016	FCIC-25500	
				4	33-35	09-2016	FCIC-25500-1	
				5	36	09-2016	FCIC-25500-1	
				6	37	08-2016	FCIC-25500	
				7	38	08-2016	FCIC-25500	
				8	39	08-2016	FCIC-25500	

FILING INSTRUCTIONS:

The handbook pages listed in the Control Chart above under the "Insert" heading replace such pages in the FCIC-25500 Texas Citrus Fruit Loss Adjustment Standards Handbook, dated August 25, 2016. This handbook is effective for the 2018 and succeeding crop years and is not retroactive to any 2017 or prior crop year determinations.

TEXAS CITRUS FRUIT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE NO.

PART 1 GENERAL INFORMATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES

1	General Information
2	AIP Responsibilities
	(Reserved)

PART 2 POLICY INFORMATION

11	Insurability	3
	Unit Division	
13	Causes of Loss	3
14	Duties in the Event of Damage or Loss	4
15	Production Guarantees	5
16-20) (Reserved)	

PART 3 APPRAISALS

21	General Appraisal Information	6
	Acreage Determination	
	Selecting Representative Sample Trees	
	Appraisal Methods	
	Deviations and Modifications	
	Handling Appraisal Discrepancies	
	General Information for Appraisal Worksheet Entries and Completion Procedures	
28-40) (Reserved)	

PART 4 PRODUCTION WORKSHEET

TEXAS CITRUS FRUIT LOSS ADJUSTMENT STANDARDS HANDBOOK TABLE OF CONTENTS

PAGE NO.

EXHIBITS 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

1 General Information

A. Purpose and Objective

The RMA issued loss adjustment standards for this crop are the official standard requirements for adjusting losses in a uniform and timely manner. The RMA issued standards for this crop and crop year are in effect as of the signature date for this crop handbook located at www.rma.usda.gov/handbooks/25000/index.html.

This handbook remains in effect until superseded by reissuance of either the entire handbook or selected portions (through amendments, bulletins, or FADs). If amendments are issued for a handbook, the original handbook as amended shall constitute the handbook. A bulletin or FAD can supersede either the original handbook or subsequent amendments.

B. Related Handbooks

The following table identifies handbooks that shall be used in conjunction with this handbook.

Handbook	Relation/Purpose				
CIH	Provides overall general underwriting process.				
DSSH	H Provides the form standards and procedures for use in the sales and service of crop insurance contracts.				
<mark>GSH</mark>	Provides general crop insurance information.				
LAM	Provides overall general loss adjustment (not crop-specific) process.				

- (1) Terms, abbreviations, and definitions general (not crop specific) to loss adjustment are identified in the GSH.
- (2) Terms, abbreviations, and definitions specific to Texas citrus fruit loss adjustment and this handbook are in exhibits 1 and 2, herein.

C. CAT Coverage

Refer to the CIH, GSH and LAM for provisions and procedures not applicable to CAT coverage.

2 AIP Responsibilities

A. Utilization of Standards

All AIPs shall utilize these standards for both loss adjustment and loss training for the applicable crop year. These standards, which include crop appraisal methods, claims completion instructions, and form standards, supplement the general (not crop-specific) loss adjustment standards identified in the LAM.

B. Form Distribution

The following is the minimum distribution of forms completed by the adjuster and signed by the insured (or the insured's authorized representative) for the loss adjustment inspection.

- (1) One legible copy to the insured; and
- (2) The original and all remaining copies as instructed by the AIP.

C. Record Retention

It is the AIPs responsibility to maintain records (documents) as stated in the SRA and described in the LAM.

D. Form Standards

- (1) The entry items in exhibits 3 4 are the minimum requirements for the Appraisal Worksheets and the PW. All entry items are "Substantive" (they are required).
- (2) The Privacy Act and Non-Discrimination statements are required statements that must be printed on the form or provided to the insured as a separate document. These statements are not shown on the example form(s) in exhibits 3 - 4. The current Non-Discrimination Statement and Privacy Act Statement can be found on the RMA website at: <u>http://www.rma.usda.gov/regs/required.html</u> or successor website.
- (3) The certification statement required by the current DSSH must be included on the PW directly above the insured's signature block immediately followed by the statement below:

"I understand the certified information on this Production Worksheet will be used to determine my loss, if any, to the above unit. The insurance provider may audit and approve this information and supporting documentation. The Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, an agency of the United States, subsidizes and reinsures this crop insurance."

(4) Refer to the DSSH for other crop insurance form requirements (such as point size of font, and so forth).

3-10 (Reserved)

PART 2 POLICY INFORMATION

The AIP determines the insured has complied with all policy provisions of the insurance contract. The Texas Citrus Fruit CP, which are to be considered in this determination include (but are not limited to) the information set forth in this part.

11 Insurability

The following may not be a complete list of insurability requirements. Refer to the BP, CP, and SP for a complete list.

- (1) The crop insured will be all acreage of each citrus fruit crop designated in the **SP** the insured elects to insure that is grown in the county and for which premium rates are provided in the actuarial documents:
 - (a) In which the insured has a share;
 - (b) That is adapted to the area;
 - (c) That is irrigated;
 - (d) That has produced an average yield of at least three tons per acre the previous year, or that the AIP's appraised yield potential for the acreage is at least three tons per acre;
 - (e) That is grown in a grove that, if inspected, is considered acceptable by the AIP; and
 - (f) That is not sold by direct marketing, unless allowed by the SP or by written agreement.
- (2) A citrus fruit group interplanted with another perennial agricultural commodity is insurable unless the AIP inspects the acreage and determine it does not meet the requirements contained in the CP.

12 Unit Division

Refer to the insurance contract for unit provisions. Unless limited by the CP or SP, a basic unit, as defined in the BP and CP, may be divided into optional units if for each optional unit, all of the conditions stated in the applicable provisions are met.

13 Causes of Loss

- (1) Insurance is only provided against the following causes of loss that occur within the insurance period:
 - (a) Excess rain;
 - (b) Excess wind;
 - (c) Fire, unless weeds and other forms of undergrowth have not been controlled or pruning debris has not been removed from the grove;
 - (d) Freeze

- (e) Hail
- (f) Tornado
- (g) Wildlife;
- (h) Failure of the irrigation water supply if caused by an insured peril or drought that occurs during the insurance period; or
- (i) Insects and plant disease, unless excluded or otherwise restricted through the SPs, provided the loss of production is not due to damage resulting from insufficient or improper application of control measures as recommended by agricultural experts.
- (2) In addition to the causes of loss excluded in the BP, insurance is not provided for the inability to market citrus fruit for any reason other than actual physical damage from an insurable cause of loss (e.g., quarantine, boycott, or refusal of any person to accept production).

14 Duties in the Event of Damage or Loss

- (1) In accordance with the requirements of section 14 of the BP, the insured must leave representative samples. In lieu of the requirements of section 14(c)(3) of the BP, the AIP will determine which trees must remain unharvested so the trees may be inspected in accordance with these procedures.
- (2) Within the **CP** is a requirement that insureds file a "Notice of Damage or Loss" with the AIP unless the insurance period has ended prior to each of the following situations:
 - (a) At least 3 days prior to the date harvest should have started if the citrus crop will not be harvested.
 - (b) When direct marketing is authorized by the SP or a written agreement, at least 15 days before any production from any unit will be sold by direct marketing. In the event of the insured's failure to give timely notice that the production will be sold by direct marketing, apply an appraised amount of production to count of not less than the production guarantee per acre, if such failure results in the inability of the AIP to make the required appraisal.
 - (c) If the insured gave notice previously and intends to claim an indemnity on any unit, notice must be given at least 15 days prior to the beginning of harvest of the damaged production so that the AIP may inspect such unit.

Note: The insured must not sell or dispose of the damaged crop until after the AIP has given the insured written consent to do so. If the insured fails to meet the requirements listed above and such failure results in the AIP's inability to inspect the damaged production, all such production is to be considered undamaged and included as production to count.

15 Production Guarantees

The production guarantee per acre is progressive by stage and increases at specific intervals to the final stage production guarantee.

(1) The first stage begins on the date insurance attaches and extends through April 30 of the calendar year of normal bloom. The first stage production guarantee is 40 percent multiplied by the second stage production guarantee.

Example: The second stage guarantee is 4.90 tons/acre.First stage production guarantee per acre = $0.40 \times 4.90 = 1.96 \text{ tons/acre.}$

(2) The second stage begins on May 1 of the calendar year of normal bloom and extends through the end of the insurance period. The second stage production guarantee is the APH yield per acre multiplied by the coverage level.

Example: The APH yield per acre for early oranges is 7.54 tons/acre. The coverage level is 65%. Second stage production guarantee per acre = $7.54 \times 0.65 = 4.90$ tons/acre.

(3) The crop year begins on November 20 of calendar year 1 and ends on May 30 of calendar year 3.

Use the three-year calendar below to determine the applicable stage at the time crop damage occurs:

Calenda	r Year 1 (<mark>2</mark>	<mark>2016*</mark>)									
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
										Nov 21 Insurance a First Stage	

Calenda	Calendar Year 2 (2017*)										
Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
		April 30 end of First Stage		May 1 Second Stag	e begins						

Calendar Year 3 (2018*) Jan Feb Mar Jun Jul Oct Nov Dec Apr May Aug Sep May <u>31</u> end of Second Stage end of Insurance Period

*Adjusters will need to update crop/calendar years for each successive crop year after 2018.

16-20 (Reserved)

2018^{*} Crop Year Guarantee Stages

PART 3 APPRAISALS

Potential production for all types of inspections will be appraised in accordance with procedures specified in this handbook and the LAM. Appraisals must not be made until an accurate appraisal of potential production can be made.

21 General Appraisal Information

- (1) Specifically for Texas citrus fruit, circumstances that require an appraisal include (but are not limited to when):
 - (a) The insured chooses not to harvest the acreage;
 - (b) Production remains on the trees which have been partially harvested;
 - (c) Verifiable production records may not be available (e.g., roadside markets, etc.); or
 - (d) Any production will be sold by direct marketing if direct marketing is specifically permitted by the SP or by a written agreement.

- (2) AIP representatives will set appraisal dates.
- (3) Whenever possible, appraise citrus fruit after the fruit drop period and before the fruit is removed from the trees.

22 Acreage Determination

A. General Information

Measure all citrus tree acreage based on land acres (i.e., planimetered, wheeled/taped, GPS, etc.) with deductions for non-crop areas or other uninsured acreage of another perennial crop interplanted with the insured citrus crop. Use the information below as a guideline for establishing grove boundary lines to measure land acres for grove inspections and loss adjustment purposes.

B. Establishing Grove Boundary Lines for Land Acreage Measurements

Establish a boundary line around the outside rows of trees in the grove/subgrove as described below:

(1) Length Measurements

On the outside row of trees on the long side of the grove, measure from the center of the tree trunk outwards on a perpendicular line to the row to a distance that is equal to $\frac{1}{2}$ the distance between trees to establish the length boundary line.

(2) Width Measurements

On the outside row of trees on the wide side of the grove, measure from the center of the tree trunk outwards on a perpendicular line to the row to a distance that is equal to $\frac{1}{2}$ the distance between tree rows to establish the width boundary line.

B. Establishing Grove Boundary Lines for Land Acreage Measurements (Continued)

(3) Roads as Boundary Lines

Whenever a road forms a grove/subgrove boundary, the boundary line will be $\frac{1}{2}$ of the spacing between tree rows not to exceed the center of the road as the boundary line.

- (4) Land Acre Deductions
 - (a) Deduct any non-crop areas such as the width of canals and picking lanes only when such widths exceed the established tree row spacing, do not deduct for bench leveling.
 - (b) Deduct any uninsurable acreage (e.g., any acreage of trees of another perennial crop interplanted with the insured crop for the unit, etc.).

Measure the grove/subgrove boundary lines to determine the number of land acres (refer to the LAM for information on measuring acreage).

Example: An early orange grove trees are planted 15 feet apart within each row and 25 feet apart between rows. On the long side of the grove, measure 7.5 feet from the center of the trunk outwards to establish the length boundary line. On the wide side of the grove, measure 12.5 feet from the center of the trunk outwards to establish the width boundary line.

23 Selecting Representative Sample Trees

Make a general examination of all acreage in the grove or subgrove before selecting sample trees. Determine the number and general location of insured trees to be used in the representative sample as follows:

- (1) Total acreage of the insured crop (less acreage or trees of any other perennial crops interplanted with the insured crop) and the number of insurable trees.
- (2) Age and general capabilities of the trees.
- (3) Extent of variation in the amount of production or damage to fruit on trees within the acreage. When damage is not uniform, more trees may be required for appraising.
 - (a) Include different age or size of trees, if applicable. Never use weaker than average trees.
 - (b) Consider variation in elevation of the ground.
 - (c) Observe the location of fruit on the trees.
 - (d) Select sample trees from a representative number of rows in the grove. Split the grove into subgroves and appraise each subgrove when there are significant differences within the same grove or the insured intends to destroy part of the grove. See exhibit 6, herein for representative sample tree requirements.

23 Selecting Representative Sample Trees (Continued)

- (4) Exclude as representative sample trees any trees that:
 - (a) Have been abandoned;
 - (b) Have been damaged by uninsured causes (e.g., mechanical damage, chemical damage, etc.);
 - (c) The insured failed to provide acceptable production records; or
 - (d) The insured failed to meet the notification requirements for production sold by direct marketing.
- (5) Exclude, as representative sample trees, any trees of another perennial crop interplanted with the insured citrus fruit crop. Verify that any interplanted citrus fruit acreage was inspected, and such acreage had met the requirements for insurance to attach.

24 Appraisal Methods

A. General Information

(1) These instructions provide information on appraisal methods for:

Appraisal Method	Use
Fruit Count Appraisal Method	To determining the amount of fruit loss on insured acreage.
Weight Appraisal Method	To determine the potential amount of citrus fruit production that will not be harvested in a timely manner or that is left on the trees after the end of the insurance period.

(2) Consider any citrus fruit on the ground that is not harvested (or is unmarketable either as fresh fruit or juice because it is immature, unwholesome, decomposed, adulterated, or otherwise unfit for human consumption) as totally lost, if damaged by an insurable cause.

B. Fruit Count Appraisal Method

- (1) Use the procedures in paragraph 23 and exhibit 6, herein to select representative sample trees.
- (2) Count all of the marketable citrus fruit on each sample tree and any marketable fruit on the ground within the drip line of the sample tree, as applicable.
 - (a) Record the fruit-count from each sample tree in Part I of the Adjuster's Citrus Worksheet (Texas), hereafter referred to as the appraisal worksheet.
 - (b) Tally fruit counts from all representative sample trees.
- (3) Convert the total fruit count from all representative sample trees to tons per acre as described in exhibit 3, herein.

C. Weight Appraisal Method

- (1) Walk through the entire grove to visually analyze crop damage due to insurable causes. Observe the following:
 - (a) Number of trees with unpicked fruit;
 - (b) Number of trees "ring" or "color" picked;
 - (c) Number of trees harvested clean;
 - (d) Whether or not damage is uniform; and
 - (e) The extent and variation of damage. If damaged by freeze, note the extent of damage variation according to location of damaged fruit on the trees.
- (2) Select representative sample trees based on the grove analysis outlined in step 1 above, paragraph 23, and exhibit 6, herein.
- (3) Pick all of the fruit from each representative sample tree including any fruit from the ground within the drip line of the sample tree, as applicable, that would be acceptable by the processor for processing as juice.
- (4) Weigh the fruit from each sample and record weight in pounds, to tenths on the appraisal worksheet.
- (5) Tally the fruit weights in pounds to tenths from all sample trees.

25 Deviations and Modifications

- (1) Deviations in appraisal methods require RMA written authorization (as described in the LAM) prior to implementation.
- (2) There are no pre-established appraisal modifications contained in this handbook, refer to the LAM for additional information.

26 Handling Appraisal Discrepancies

If the insured disagrees with the appraisal, make arrangements for leaving representative trees UNHARVESTED and for inspecting those trees when the citrus fruit is ready to harvest.

- (1) The adjuster and insured should jointly determine the trees to be selected for this representative sample. Make a sketch map of the unit/grove/subgrove and sample trees by row number and tree count within the chosen row.
- (2) The adjuster should physically mark or tag trees selected for appraisals to verify exact location of sample trees in the unit/grove/subgrove.
- (3) An adjuster must be present when the representative trees are harvested.

26 Handling Appraisal Discrepancies (Continued)

If an insured refuses to sign appraisal worksheet(s) refer to the LAM for information on unusual/controversial cases.

27 General Information for Appraisal Worksheet Entries and Completion Procedures

- (1) Include the AIP's name in the appraisal worksheet title if it is not preprinted on the AIP's worksheet or when a worksheet entry is not provided.
- (2) Include the claim number on the appraisal worksheet (when required by the AIP) when a worksheet entry is not provided.
- (3) Separate appraisal worksheets are required for each unit, commodity type, and varying tree densities inspected, as applicable and for acreage within a unit damaged solely by uninsured causes. Refer to paragraph 23 herein for sampling instructions.
- (4) For every inspection complete items 1 through 9 and items 34 through 36 on the appraisal worksheet (see exhibit 3). For fruit count appraisals complete Part I of the appraisal worksheet. For weight appraisals complete Part II of the appraisal worksheet.
- (5) Standard appraisal worksheet items are numbered consecutively in exhibit 3 below. Example appraisal worksheets are provided to illustrate how to complete item entries.

28-40 (Reserved)

PART 4 PRODUCTION WORKSHEET

41 General Information for Production Worksheet Entries and Completion Information

- (1) The PW is a progressive form containing all notices of damage for all preliminary and final inspections (including "No Indemnity Due" claims) on a unit.
- (2) If a **PW** has been prepared on a prior inspection, verify each entry and enter additional information as needed. If a change or correction is necessary, strike out all entries on the line and re-enter correct entries on a new line. The adjuster and insured should initial any line deletions.
- (3) Refer to the LAM for instructions regarding the following:
 - (a) Acreage report errors.
 - (b) Delayed notices and delayed claims.
 - (c) Corrected claims or fire losses (double coverage) and cases involving uninsured causes of loss, unusual situations, controversial claims, concealment, or misrepresentation.
 - (d) Claims involving a Certification Form (when all the acreage on the unit has been appraised to be put to another use or other reasons as described in the LAM).
 - (e) "No Indemnity Due" claims (which must be verified by an APPRAISAL or NOTIFICATION from the insured that the production exceeded the guarantee).
- (4) The adjuster is responsible for determining if any of the insured's requirements under the notice and claim provisions of the policy have not been met. If any have not, the adjuster should contact the AIP.
- (5) Instructions labeled "**PRELIMINARY**" apply to preliminary inspections only. Instructions labeled "**FINAL**" apply to final inspections only. Instructions not labeled apply to ALL inspections.
- (6) For quality adjustment calculations of production that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, use the Fresh Fruit Factor contained in the SP.
- (7) Any production will be considered marketed or marketable as fresh fruit unless, due to insured causes, such production was not marketed as fresh fruit.
- (8) In the absence of acceptable records of disposition of harvested citrus fruit, the disposition and amount of production to count for the unit will be the guarantee on the unit.
- (9) Any citrus fruit on the ground that is not harvested will be considered totally lost if damaged by insured causes of loss.
- (10) Refer to subsection 15B of the Basic Provisions for information on determining production to count on acreage that is harvested after it has been appraised.
- (11) The PW has no entries for stage guarantees. Be sure to use the applicable 1st or 2nd stage guarantee to calculate the claim for indemnity for any citrus acreage damaged by insured causes.

Acronyms and Abbreviations

Approved Acronym/Abbreviation	Term
AIP	Approved Insurance Provider
САТ	Catastrophic Risk Protection
СІН	Crop Insurance Handbook
CP	Crop Provisions
DSSH	Document and Supplemental Standards Handbook
FCIC	Federal Crop Insurance Corporation
GPS	Global Positioning System
GSH	General Standards Handbook
LAM	Loss Adjustments Manual
RMA	Risk Management Agency
PW	Production Worksheet
SP	Special Provisions

The following table provides the acronyms and abbreviations used in this handbook.

Definitions

 $\underline{\text{Crop Year}}$ – A crop year is the period beginning with the date insurance attaches to the insured crop and extending through the normal harvest time. The crop year is designated by the calendar year following the year in which the bloom is normally set.

<u>Direct Marketing</u> – Direct marketing is the sale of the insured crop directly to consumers without the intervention of an intermediary, such as a wholesaler, retailer, packer, processor, shipper, or buyer. Examples of direct marketing include selling through an on-farm or roadside stand, farmer's market, and permitting the general public to enter the field for the purpose of picking all or a portion of the insured crop.

Fruit Size - Fruit size is the number of fruit per field box.

<u>Harvest</u> – Harvest is the severance of mature citrus from the tree by pulling, picking, or any other means, or by collecting marketable fruit from the ground.

<u>Intended use</u> – Intended use is the insured's expected end use or disposition of the commodity at the time the commodity is reported. Insurable intended uses will be specified in the SP.

<u>Interplanted (acreage)</u> – Interplanted acreage is acreage on which two or more agricultural commodities are planted in any form of alternating or mixed planting pattern and at least one of these agricultural commodities constitutes an insured crop under the CP.

<u>Production Guarantee Stages</u> – The CP provide for production guarantees by stage of crop development. The first stage begins when insurance attaches and extends through April 30 of the calendar year of normal bloom. The second stage begins on May 1 of the calendar year of normal bloom and extends through end of the insurance period.

<u>Production Guarantee per Acre</u> - The first stage production guarantee is determined by multiplying the second stage guarantee by 40 percent. The second stage production guarantee of citrus fruit (in tons) is determined by multiplying the APH yield per acre by the coverage level elected by the insured.

Form Standards – Appraisal Worksheet

Verify and/or make the following entries for each appraisal worksheet element/item number. A completed appraisal worksheet example is at the end of this exhibit. For general form standards and other general information, see subparagraph 2D and paragraph 27.

	Ι	Part I – Appraisal Fruit Count Method
	Element/Item Number	Standard
	Company	Name of AIP if not preprinted on the worksheet (Company Name).
	Claim Number	Claim number as assigned by the AIP.
1.	Insured's Name	Name of insured that identifies EXACTLY the person (legal entity) to whom the policy is issued.
2.	Policy Number	Insured's assigned policy number.
3.	Crop Year	Four-digit crop year as defined in the policy for which the claim has been filed.
4.	Unit Number	Unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified to be correct.
5.	Unit Acreage	Number of determined acres, to tenths, in the unit being appraised (see paragraph 12, herein).
6.	Crop Name & Type	Enter the commodity name and type exactly as specified on the actuarial documents.
7.	Cause & Date of Damage	The insured cause of damage and date of damage as first three letters of the month during which MOST of the insured damage (including progressive damage) occurred. Include SPECIFIC DATE where applicable, as in the case of hail damage (e.g., "Jan 10, YYYY," etc.).
8.	Planting Pattern	Line through heading and enter "Tree Spacing." The spacing between trees and between rows of trees in whole feet (e.g., trees are planted 16 feet apart in the row and rows are planted 25 feet apart, enter 16 x 25).
9.	Trees in Unit	Use the tree spacing in item 8, exhibit 5, current Producer's Pre- acceptance Worksheet, Pre-acceptance Perennial Crop Inspection Report, and/or addendum worksheets, as applicable, to determine the number of insurable trees in the unit. Refer to LAM for additional instructions on determining the number of trees per acre.
	Trees in Grove/Subgrove Appraised	The number of insurable trees in the grove or sub-grove appraised.
10.	Grove ID	Grove/subgrove identification number.
	Acres	Number of grove/subgrove acres rounded to tenths (see paragraph 12, herein).

	Element/Item Number	Standard
11.	Number of Fruit per Tree	 a) Determine the number of representative sample trees based on acreage (item 10), the number of trees in the grove/subgrove (item 9), and exhibit 6, herein.
		b) Count and record the number of marketable citrus fruit per sample tree and any marketable fruit on the ground within the drip line of the sample tree, as applicable.
12.	Total Fruit	Total of all item 11 entries in whole fruit.
13.	Total Fruit	Total of all item 12 entries.
14.	No. Trees Sampled	Total number of sample trees from item 11.
15.	Average Fruit/Tree	Item 13 divided by item 14, results rounded to tenths.
16.	Fruit Size	Select and record the "Fruit Size" for the citrus crop from exhibit 7.
17.	Field Boxes per Tree	Item 15 divided by item 16, results in boxes rounded to hundredths.
18.	Trees per Acre	Item 9 (trees in grove/subgrove appraised) divided by item 10 (grove acres), results rounded to whole trees (e.g., 752 trees \div 6.9 acres = 109 tree/acre).
19.	Total Boxes	Item 17 multiplied by item 18, results in boxes rounded to tenths.
20.	Lbs./Box	Enter 90.0 pounds/box for oranges, or 85.0 pounds/box for grapefruit, as applicable.
21.	Total Lbs.	Item 19 multiplied by item 20, results in whole pounds.
22.	Lbs./Ton	Enter "2,000" if not preprinted on worksheet.
23.	Tons per Acre	Item 21 divided by item 22, results in tons rounded to tenths.
		 For insured cause appraisals: Transfer this entry to column 31 "Appraised Production" on the PW for insured cause appraisals, or Equation of the production of the production of the production of the production of the product of the pro
		(2) For uninsured cause appraisals: Multiply this amount by
		appraised acres in item 10 and transfer results to column 37 "Uninsured Causes" on the PW.
		Part II – Weight Appraisal Method
24.	Grove ID	Grove/subgrove identification number.
	Acres	Number of grove/subgrove acres rounded to tenths (refer to paragraph 12, herein).
25.	Potential in Pounds per Tree	 (1) Determine the number of representative sample trees based on acreage (item 24), the number of trees in the grove/subgrove (item 9), and exhibit 6, herein
		(2) Pick and weigh all of the fruit from each sample tree including any fruit from the ground within the drip line of the sample tree, as applicable, that would be acceptable by the processor for processing as juice. Enter weight of such fruit in pounds rounded to tenths.

	Element/Item Number	Standard
26.	Total Pounds	Total all item 25 entries in pounds rounded to tenths.
27.	Total Pounds	Total of all item 26 entries.
28.	No. Trees Sampled	Total number of sample trees from item 25.
29.	Average Lbs. per Tree	Item 27 divided by item 28, results in pounds rounded to tenths.
30.	Trees per Acre	Item 9 (trees in grove/subgrove appraised) divided by item 24 (grove acres), results rounded to whole trees (e.g., 2,496 trees \div 22.9 acres = 109 tree/acre).
31.	Total Lbs. per Acre	Item 29 multiplied by item 30, results rounded to whole pounds.
32.	Lbs. per Ton	Enter "2,000" if not preprinted on worksheet.
33.	Tons per Acre	Item 31 divided by item 32, results in tons rounded to tenths.
		 (a) For insured cause appraisals: Transfer this entry to column 31 "Appraised Production" on the PW for insured cause appraisals, or
		 (b) For uninsured cause appraisals: Multiply this amount by appraised acres in item 10 and transfer results to column 37 "Uninsured Causes" on the PW.
		Narrative: Insert information pertinent to the appraisal (e.g., any acreage of other uninsurable interplanted trees, trees damaged by uninsured causes, uninsured causes of damage, average fruit size calculations, etc.).
	The following required entries	are not illustrated on the Appraisal Worksheet examples below.
34.	Adjuster's Signature, Code	Signature of adjuster, code number, and date signed after the insured
	No., and Date	(or insured's authorized representative) has signed after and insured performed prior to signature date, document the date of appraisal in the Narrative section of the appraisal worksheet (if available); otherwise, document the appraisal date in the Narrative of the PW.
35.	Insured's Signature and Date	Insured's (or insured's authorized representative's) signature and date. BEFORE obtaining the insured's signature, REVIEW ALL ENTRIES on the appraisal worksheet WITH THE INSURED or insured's authorized representative, particularly explaining codes, etc., that may not be readily understood.
36.	Page Numbers	Page numbers - (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, Page 2 of 2, etc.).

Form Standards – Appraisal Worksheet (Continued)

						For Illu	stration Purpo	oses Only	•							
COMPANY:	Any Co	ompany											CLAIM N	UMBER:	X	XXXXXX
				1. INSURE	D'S NAME					2. POI	LICY NUN	ABER			3. CRO	P YEAR
						I. M.	Insured					XXXX	XX			YYYY
101				4. UNIT NU	JMBER	_	5. UNIT ACRI	EAGE		6. CR	OP NAME	& TYPE				
	USTER'S (-0001BU			28.9			<mark>Ora</mark>	nges –	Early &	<mark>z Midsea</mark>	son (F	<mark>resh)</mark>
v	VORKSHE			7. CAUSE	& DATE OI	F DAMA	GE			8. PL/	NTING P	ATTERN	⊢Tree S	pacing		
	(TEXAS))			Fr	eeze Ja	an. 10, YYY	Y					16	x 25		
				9. TREES I			,			TREES	S IN GRO	VE/SUBC	ROVE AP			
						3	<mark>3,150</mark>						7	752		
					(2)	PART	I APPRAISAL		OUNT MET	HOD					r	
10 GROVE ID	ACRES]	1 NUMBER OF FF		TREE						TC	12 DTAL FRUIT
A	6.9	39	24	40	52	27										182
									_							
13.	14.	-	15.	16.		17.	18.		19.	_	20.	-	21.	- T	22.	23
TOTAL	NO. TREES		ERAGE	FRUIT	FIE	LD BOXI		PER	TOTAL		LBS./		TOTAL		52.	TONS
FRUIT	SAMPLED	FRU	IT/TREE	SIZE	Pl	ER TREE	ACRI	Ξ	BOXES		BOX		LBS	LBS	/TON	PER ACRE
182 -	- 5	= 3	86.4 ÷	126	=	0.29	x 109	=	31.6	х	90.0	=	2,844	÷ 2,	000	= 1.4
														,		
24.						(3)	PART II WI	EIGHT MI 25	ETHOD							26
GROVE ID	ACRES					Р	OTENTIAL IN I		PER TREE						Т	DTAL POUNDS
															_	
														_		
27.		28	:	-	29.		30.			31.			32.			33.
TOTAL		NO. TI	REES		ERAGE LBS	5.				TOTAL LBS.						
POUNDS	5	SAMP	PLED	P	ER TREE				1	PER ACRE LBS. PER TON		ON	TON	IS PER ACRE		
	 -			1								 -	2,000	=	-	
	•											•				

This form example does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, dates, etc.).

Exhibit 3

Form Standards – Appraisal Worksheet (Continued)

	For III	ustration Purposes Only		
COMPANY: Any Company	101 1	ustration r urposes only	CLAIM NUMBI	ER: XXXXXXX
COMPANT: Any Company			CLAIM NOMBI	EK; AAAAAAA
	1. INSURED'S NAME		2. POLICY NUMBER	3. CROP YEAR
	I. M	1. Insured	XXXXXX	YYYY
AD HIGTED'S CITDUS	4. UNIT NUMBER	5. UNIT ACREAGE	6. CROP NAME & TYPE	
ADJUSTER'S CITRUS	<mark>0002-0001BU</mark>	35.0	Oranges – Early & Mid	<mark>dseason (Juice)</mark>
WORKSHEET	7. CAUSE & DATE OF DAMA	AGE	8. PLANTING PATTERN Tree Spacin	ıg
(TEXAS)		Ian. 10, YYYY	16 x 25	
	9. TREES IN UNIT		TREES IN GROVE/SUBGROVE APPRAIS	ED
		3,815	2,496	
	(4) PAR	T I APPRAISAL FRUIT COUNT	тметнор	-
10 GROVE ID ACRES		11 NUMBER OF FRUIT PER TREE		12 TOTAL FRUIT
13. 14. 15.	16. 17.	18.	19. 20. 21.	22. 23
TOTAL NO. TREES AVERAGE	FRUIT FIELD BOX		TAL LBS./ TOTAL	TONS
FRUIT SAMPLED FRUIT/TREE	SIZE PER TRE	E ACRE BO	DXES BOX LBS	LBS/TON PER ACRE
				2,000
÷ =	÷ =	x =	$\mathbf{x} = \dot{\mathbf{x}}$	=
24.	(5)	PART II WEIGHT METHO 25	OD	26
GROVE ID ACRES		POTENTIAL IN POUNDS PER T	TREE	TOTAL POUNDS
A 22.9 22.5 22.0	24.0 20.5 21	1.0 23.8 22.3		156.1
	20	20		22
27. 28. TOTAL NO. TREES	29. AVERAGE LBS.	30. TREES PER	31. 32. TOTAL LBS.	33.
POUNDS SAMPLED	PER TREE	ACRE	PER ACRE LBS. PER TON	TONS PER ACRE
		· ·	I	i.
156.1 ÷ 7	= 22.3	x 109 =	2,431 ÷ 2,000	= 1.2

This form example does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, dates, etc.).

Form Standards – Production Worksheet

Verify and/or make the following entries for each PW element/item number. A completed PW for citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh fruit and citrus fruit insured with an intended use of juice are at the end of this exhibit. For general form standards and other general information, see subparagraph 2D and paragraph 41.

I	Element/Item Number	Standard
1.	Crop/ Code #	Enter the applicable commodity name and code number exactly as specified on the actuarial documents.
2.	Unit #	Unit number from the Summary of Coverage after it is verified to be correct.
3.	Location Description	Land location that identifies, if available, the location of the unit (e.g., section, township, and range; FSA Farm Serial Numbers; FSA Common Land Units (CLU) and tract numbers; GPS identifications; or Grid identifications) as applicable for the crop.
4.	Date(s) of Damage	First three letters of the month(s) during which the determined insured damage occurred for the inspection and cause(s) of damage listed in item 5. If no entry in item 5 below MAKE NO ENTRY. For progressive damage, enter in chronological order the month that identifies when the majority of the insured damage occurred. Include the SPECIFIC DATE where applicable as in the case of hail damage (e.g., "Jan 10"). Enter additional dates of damage in the extra spaces, as needed. If more space is needed, document additional dates of damage in the Narrative (or on a Special Report). Refer to the illustration in item 6 below. If there is no insurable cause of loss, and a no indemnity due claim will be completed, MAKE NO ENTRY.
5.	Cause(s) of Loss	 Name of the determined insured cause(s) of loss as listed in the LAM for the date of damage listed in item 4 above for this inspection. If an insured cause(s) of loss is coded as "Other," explain in the Narrative. Enter additional causes of damage in the extra spaces, as needed. If more space is needed, document the additional determined insured causes of loss in the Narrative (or on a Special Report). Refer to the illustration in item 6 below. If it is evident that no indemnity is due, enter "NO INDEMNITY DUE" across the columns in item 5 (refer to the LAM for more information on no indemnity due claims). If the claim is denied, enter "DC" and refer to the LAM for further instructions.

E	lement/Item Number				Standard				
6.	Insured Cause %	Prelimina	ry: MAKE N	IO ENTRY	7				
		Final : Whole percent of damage for the insured cause of damage listed in item 5 above for this inspection. Enter additional "Insured Cause %" in the extra spaces, as needed. If additional space is needed, enter the additional determined "Insured Cause %" in the Narrative (or on a Special Report). The total of all "Insured Cause %" including those entered in the Narrative must equal 100%.							
			o insurable c MAKE NO I		s, and a no	indemni	ty due clai	m will be	
		Example:	Entries for it multiple date damage, and	es of dama	ge, the cor	respondir	-		
			Date(s) of Damage:	MAY	<mark>JUN 30</mark>	JUN 30	AUG	AUG	
		<mark>5.</mark>	Cause(s) of Damage	<mark>Excess</mark> Moisture	<mark>Tornado</mark>	<mark>Hail</mark>	Drought	<mark>Heat</mark>	
			Insured Cause %	<mark>10</mark>	<mark>20</mark>	<mark>15</mark>	<mark>25</mark>	<mark>20</mark>	
		Na Na	arrative: <i>Additic</i> reeze; Insured C			EP 5; Cause	e of Damage	' <mark>-</mark>	
7.	Company/Agency	Name of th	e AIP and age	ency servio	cing the co	ntract.			
8.	Name of Insured	Name of th	e insured that	t identifies	EXACTL	Y the per	son (legal	entity) to	
			policy is issue						
9.	Claim #		ber as assigne		AIP.				
10.	Policy #		ssigned polic	<i>.</i>					
11.	Crop Year	U	crop year, as o		1 1	for whic	h the claim	n is filed.	
12.	Additional Units	Prelimina	ry: MAKE N	O ENTRY					
		Final : Unit number(s) for all non-loss units for the crop at the time of final inspection. A non-loss unit is any unit for which a PW has not been completed. Additional non-loss units may be entered on a single PW.							
		If more spaces are needed for non-loss units, enter the unit numbers, identified as "Non-Loss Units," in the Narrative or on an attached Special Report.							

E	lement/Item Number	Standard
13.	Est. Prod. Per Acre	Preliminary: MAKE NO ENTRY.
		Final : Estimated yield per acre, in tons to tenths, of all non-loss units for the crop at the time of final inspection.
14.	Date(s) Notice of Loss	Preliminary:
		 (a) Date the first or second notice of damage or loss was given for the unit in item 2, in the 1st or 2nd space, as applicable. Enter the complete date (MM, DD, and YYYY) for each notice.
		(b) A notice of damage or loss for a third preliminary inspection (if needed) requires an additional set of PWs. Enter the date of notice for a third preliminary inspection in the 1st space of item 14 on the second set of PWs.
		(c) Reserve the "Final" space on the first page of the first set of PWs for the date of notice for the final inspection.
		(d) If the inspection is initiated by the AIP, enter "Company Insp." instead of the date.
		(e) If the notice does not require an inspection, document as directed in the Narrative instructions.
		Final: Transfer the last date (in the 1st or 2nd space from the first or second set of PWs) to the FINAL space on the first page of the first set of PWs if a final inspection should be made as a result of the notice. Always enter the complete date of notice (MM/DD/YYYY) for the FINAL inspection in the FINAL space on the first page of the first set of PWs . For a delayed notice of loss or delayed claim, refer to the LAM.
15.	Companion Policy(s)	 (a) If no other person has a share in the unit (insured has 100 percent share), MAKE NO ENTRY.
		(b) In all cases where the insured has LESS than a 100 percent share of a loss-affected unit, ask the insured if the OTHER person sharing in the unit has a multiple-peril crop contract (i.e., not crop-hail, fire, etc.). If the other person does not, enter "NONE."
		(1) If the other person has a multiple-peril crop insurance contract and it can be determined that the SAME AIP services it, enter the contract number. Handle these companion policies according to AIP instructions.

Ε	Element/Item Number		Standard
15.	Companion Policy(s) (Continued)		(2) If the OTHER person has a multiple-peril crop insurance contract and a DIFFERENT AIP or agent services it, enter the name of the AIP and/or agent (and contract number) if known.
			(3) If unable to verify the existence of a companion contract, enter "Unknown" and contact the AIP for further instructions.
		(c)	Refer to the LAM for further information regarding companion contracts.

Section I – Determined Acreage Appraised, Production, and Adjustments

Make separate line entries for varying:

- (1) Rate classes, types, irrigated practices, or organic practices, as applicable;
- (2) APH yields;
- (3) Appraisals;
- (4) Adjustments to appraised production;
- (5) Stages or intended use(s) of acreage;
- (6) Shares (e.g., 50 percent and 75 percent shares on the same unit); or
- (7) Appraisals for damage due to hail or fire if Hail and Fire Exclusion is in effect.

E	lement/Item Number	Standard
16.	Field ID	The grove/subgrove identification symbol from the appraisal worksheet, sketch
		map, or aerial photograph, as applicable. Refer to the Narrative instructions.
17.	Multi-crop Code	The applicable two-digit code for first crop and second crop. Refer to the LAM
		for instructions regarding entry of first and second crop codes.
18.	Reported Acres	In the event of over-reported acres, handle in accordance with the individual
		AIP's instructions. In the event of under-reported acres, enter the reported
		acres to tenths for the grove or sub-grove. If there are no under-reported acres
		MAKE NO ENTRY. Refer to the LAM or CIH for acreage determination
		instructions specific to perennial crops.
19.	Determined Acres	Refer to the LAM for definition of acceptable determined acres for perennial
		crops used herein. Determined acres to tenths for which consent is given for
		other use and/or:
		(a) Put to other use without consent;
		(h) Abandanad
		(b) Abandoned;
		(c) Damaged by uninsured causes;

E	lement/Item Number	Standard
19.	Determined Acres (Continued)	(d) For which the insured failed to provide acceptable records of production; or
		(e) From which production was sold by direct marketing if the insured failed to meet the requirements contained in the CPs.
		Final : Determined acres to tenths. Acreage breakdowns within a unit may be estimated (refer to the LAM) if a determination is impractical. Account for all planted acreage in the unit.
20.	Interest or Share	Insured's interest in the crop to three decimal places as determined at the time of inspection. If shares vary on the same UNIT, use separate line entries.
21.		MAKE NO ENTRY.
22.	Туре	Type: Three-digit code number (e.g., 150 for 'Early & Midseason (Fresh)' or 151 for 'Early & Midseason (Juice)'), entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents for the type grown by the insured.
23.		MAKE NO ENTRY.
24.		MAKE NO ENTRY.
25.		MAKE NO ENTRY.
26.	Irr. Practice	Three-digit code number (e.g., 002), entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents for the irrigated practice carried out by the insured.
27.		MAKE NO ENTRY.
28.	Organic Practice	Three-digit code number, entered exactly as specified on the actuarial documents for the organic practice carried out by the insured. If "No Organic Practice Specified" is shown in the actuarial documents, enter the appropriate three-digit code number from the actuarial documents (e.g., 997). If an organic practice is not specified on the actuarial documents, MAKE NO ENTRY.
29.	Stage	Preliminary: MAKE NO ENTRY.
		Final: Stage abbreviation as shown below:
		Stage Explanation
		 "1st"

Element/Item Nu	mber Standard
29. Stage (Continu	
	Any acreage of the citrus crop damaged in the first stage to the extent that the majority of producers in the area would not further maintain the citrus crop, enter "1st" in column 29.
	Any acreage of the citrus crop damaged in the first stage to the extent that a majority of the producers in the area would maintain the citrus crop for harvest, enter "2nd" in column 29.
	Gleaned acreage: Refer to the LAM for information on gleaning.
30. Use of Acreage	e Use the following abbreviations:
	Use Explanation "Trees removed," "Grove replanted," "Grove replanted," Use made of the acreage. "WOC" Other use without consent (does not apply to 1 st stage appraisal where there will be "no further care" for the balance of the crop year; enter "UH"). "SU" Solely uninsured.
	 "ABA"
	Verify any "Use of Acreage" entry. If the final use of the acreage was not as indicated, strike out the original line and initial it. Enter all data on a new line showing the correct "Use of Acreage."
21 Approved Date	Gleaned acreage: Refer to the LAM for information on gleaning.
31. Appraised Pote	Transfer the per-acre appraisal in tons from item 23 or 33 on the appraisal worksheet.
	If there is no potential on UH acreage, enter "0.0". Refer to the LAM for Zero Appraisal Documentation.

E	ement/Item Number	Standard
32a.	Moisture %	Make the following entries, as applicable:
		 (a) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of juice that is not marketed as fresh fruit, and due to insurable causes, does not contain 120 or more gallons of juice per ton, enter such gallons of juice per ton (see exhibit 8 for information on calculating gallons of juice per ton). Round gallons to tenths.
		(b) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, MAKE NO ENTRY.
		(c) If no quality adjustment, MAKE NO ENTRY.
32b.	Factor	Make the following entries, as applicable:
		 (a) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of juice that is not marketed as fresh fruit, enter 120.0 gallons when there is an entry in column 32a.
		 (b) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, MAKE NO ENTRY. (c) If the state of MAKE NO ENTRY.
33.		(c) If no quality adjustment, MAKE NO ENTRY.MAKE NO ENTRY
<u>33.</u> 34.	Production Pre QA	Column 19 multiplied by column 31, results in tons rounded to tenths.
35.	Quality Factor	Make the following entries, as applicable:
		 (a) For appraised production of citrus fruit with an intended use of juice that is not marketed as fresh fruit, column 32a divided by column 32b. Round to three decimal places.
		(b) For appraised production of citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh fruit that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, enter the applicable Fresh Fruit Factor contained in the SP.
		(c) For appraisals without quality adjustment, MAKE NO ENTRY.
		Include a copy of all supporting documentation in the insured's claim file. For additional quality adjustment definitions, instructions, documentation, qualifications, and testing requirements, refer to the LAM. Also refer to the quality adjustment instructions in the Narrative, herein.

Ε	lement/Item Number	Standard
36.	Production Post-QA	Make the following entries in tons rounded to tenths:
		(a) For appraisals with quality adjustment, column 34 multiplied by column 35.
		(b) For all appraisals without quality adjustment, transfer entry from column 34.
37.	Unins. Causes	Make the following entries in tons rounded to tenths:
		Result of appraisal for uninsured cause(s) appraisal (taken from item 23 or 33 on the appraisal worksheet). If no uninsured causes MAKE NO ENTRY.
		(a) Hail and Fire exclusion NOT in effect.
		(1) Enter NOT LESS than the insured's production guarantee per acre in tons rounded to tenths, for the line, (calculated by multiplying the elected coverage level percentage times the approved APH yield per acre shown on the APH form) for any "P" stage acreage. On preliminary inspections, advise the insured to keep the harvested production from any acreage damaged SOLELY by uninsured causes separate from other production.
		(2) For acreage that is damaged PARTLY by uninsured causes, enter the APPRAISED UNINSURED loss of production per acre in tons rounded to tenths, for any such acreage. Refer to the LAM for instructions regarding assessing uninsured cause appraisals.
		(b) Refer to the LAM when a Hail and Fire Exclusion is in effect and damage is from hail or fire.
		(c) Enter the result of adding uninsured cause appraisals to hail and fire exclusion appraisals.
		(d) For fire losses, if the insured also has other fire insurance (double coverage), refer to the LAM.
38.	Total to Count	Result of adding item 36 and item 37.
39.	Total	Total of all column 19 entries in acres.

Element/Item Number			Standard
40. Quality			alifying quality adjustment condition(s) affecting the
		aised and har	vested production (refer to the CP and SP) in the table
	below.		
		Qualif	ying Quality Adjustment Conditions
	TW (Te	st Weight)	Dark Roast
		tal Defects)	Sclerotinia
	Aflatoxi		Ergoty
	Vomitor		CoFo (Commercially Objectionable Foreign Odor)
	Fumoni		Other
	Garlicky	ý	None
		all qualifying 1 a Special Re	quality adjustment conditions checked, in the Narrative eport:
	(1)	condition as location of e	he level for each qualifying quality adjustment s indicated by approved test results, and the name and each testing facility that verifies the presence of the quality adjustment condition and the date(s) of such
	(2)	copy of the	documentation included in the claim file" (e.g., include test facility certificate, grade certificate, summary or heet, etc., that documents the quality adjustment
			ked, in addition to the above documentation ument in the Narrative or on a Special Report:
	(1)	A description	on of the qualifying quality adjustment conditions, and
	(2)		f the controlling authority that considers this qualifying estment condition to be injurious to human or animal why.
	(c) Cheo	ck "None" if r	none of the production qualifies for quality adjustment.

Ε	lement/Item Number	Standard								
41.	Mycotoxins Exceed	Check "Yes" if any mycotoxins listed in item 40 (including any identified as								
	FDA, State, or Other	"Other") exceed the FDA, state, or other health organization maximum limits;								
	Health Organization	otherwise, leave blank.								
	Maximum Limits									
		Document in the Narrative or on a Special Report the disposition of the production that was:								
		(a) Sold, document the name and address of the buyer; or								
		(b) Not sold, document the date(s) of such disposition, how the production was used, or how such production was destroyed.								
		Refer to the LAM for additional information on mycotoxins.								
42.	Totals	Total of columns 34, 36, 37, and 38. If a column has no entries, MAKE NO								
		ENTRY.								

Narrative Instructions

If more space is needed, document on a Special Report, and enter "See Special Report." Attach the Special Report to the PW.

a.	If no acreage is released on the unit, enter "No Acreage Released," adjuster's initials, and date.
b.	If notice of damage was given and no inspection is necessary, enter "No Inspection," the unit
	number(s), date, and adjuster's initials (do not enter unit numbers for which notice has not been given).
	The insured's signature is not required.
с.	Explain any uninsured causes, unusual, or controversial cases.
d.	If there is an appraisal in column "37" for uninsured causes due to a hail/fire exclusion, show the
	original hail/fire liability per acre and the hail/fire indemnity per acre.
e.	Document the actual appraisal date if an appraisal was performed prior to the adjuster's signature date
	on the appraisal worksheet, and the date of the appraisal is not recorded on the appraisal worksheet.
f.	State that there is "No Other Fire Insurance" when fire damages or destroys the insured crop and it is
	determined that the insured has no other fire insurance. Also refer to the LAM.
g.	Explain any errors found on the Summary of Coverage.
h.	Explain any commingled production. Refer to the LAM.
i.	Explain any entry for "Production Not to Count" in column "62," and/or any production not included
	in column "56" (e.g., harvested production from uninsured acreage that can be identified separately
	from the insured acreage in the unit).
j.	Explain a "No" checked in item "44."
k.	Attach a sketch map or aerial photograph to identify the total unit:
	(1) If consent is or has been given to put part of the unit to another use;
	(2) If uninsured causes are present; or
	(3) For unusual or controversial cases.
1.	Explain any difference between inspection and signature dates. For an ABSENTEE insured, enter the
	date of the inspection AND the date of mailing the PW for signature.

When any other adjuster or supervisor accompanied the adjuster on the inspection, enter the code
number of the other adjuster or supervisor and date of inspection.
Explain the reason for a "No Indemnity Due" claim. "No Indemnity Due" claims are to be distributed
in accordance with the AIP's instructions.
Explain any delayed notices or delayed claims as instructed in the LAM.
Document any authorized estimated acres shown in column "19" as follows: "Line 3 'E' acres authorized by AIP MM/DD/YYYY."
Document the method and calculation used to determine acres for the unit. Refer to the LAM.
For production that qualified for quality adjustment, include a copy of all supporting documentation in the insured's claim file.
(1) Indicate if the quality factor was determined from a juice test, individual records, an average juice content from the nearest juice plant, etc.
(2) Explain any "0.000" quality adjustment factor entered in column 35 and column 65.
(3) Document any substances or conditions that are identified as being harmful to human or animal health that are allowed for quality adjustment as well as any which are not allowed.
(4) Document all calculations used to determine quality adjustment factors.
(5) Refer to the LAM for additional documentation requirements.
Explain if there is no market value for any appraised potential of citrus.
Specify the type of insects or disease when the insured cause of damage or loss specified in the policy that prevented the control measures taken to be ineffective or for which there is no effective control mechanism available and sources contacted to verify that an effective control mechanism is not available.
Explain the reason for a "No Indemnity Due" claim. "No Indemnity Due" claims are to be distributed
in accordance with the AIP instructions.
Document the name and address of the charitable organization when gleaned acreage is applicable.
Refer to the LAM for more information on gleaning.
Document any other pertinent information, including any data to support any factors used to calculate the production.

Section II – Determined Harvested Production

- (1) When all acreage has been harvested, determine total production from warehouse receipts, packer/processor receipts, or farm management records (refer to the LAM for farm record requirements) verified by the adjuster and supported by written records from the first handler. This production will be the basis for computing losses from the insured and uninsured causes of damage on the PW.
- (2) Account for ALL HARVESTED PRODUCTION for ALL ENTITIES sharing in the crop except production appraised BEFORE harvest and shown in Section I because the quantity cannot be determined later.
- (3) For production commercially sold, enter the name and address of processor as applicable in items "49" through "52." For fruit otherwise disposed of, indicate method of disposition.
- (4) If additional lines are necessary, the data may be entered on a continuation sheet. USE SEPARATE LINES FOR:
 - (a) Different FIRST handlers (buyers, packing houses, or processors). The insured must have maintained satisfactory records of ALL production sold. Verify any packinghouse or processor records. (In all localities) if the first handler was not a packer or processor, the production will be determined by the adjuster on the basis of available records.
 - (b) Varying shares; e.g., 50 percent and 75 percent shares on the same unit.
 - (c) Varying determinations of production (varying value, etc.).
 - (d) Varying practices or types/varieties when a separate approved APH yield exists.
 - (e) If there is harvested production from more than one insured practice (or crop) and a separate approved APH yield has been established for each, the harvested production also must be entered on separate lines in columns 47a through 66 by crop. If production has been commingled, refer to the LAM.
- (5) There will generally be no harvested production entries in items "47a" through "66" for preliminary inspections.

E	lement/Item Number	Standard
43.	Date Harvest Completed	Used to determine if there is a delayed notice or a delayed claim. Refer to the LAM.
		Preliminary: MAKE NO ENTRY.
		Final:
		 (a) The earlier of the date the ENTIRE acreage on the unit was (1) harvested, (2) totally destroyed, (3) put to other use, (4) a combination of harvested, destroyed, or put to other use, or (5) the calendar date for the end of the insurance period.

E	ement/Item Number	Standard
43.	Date Harvest	Final (Continued):
	Completed (Continued)	 (b) If at the time of final inspection (if prior to the end of the insurance period), there is any unharvested insured acreage remaining on the unit that the insured does not intend to harvest, enter "Incomplete." (c) If at the time of final inspection (if prior to the end of the insurance period), none of the insured acreage on the unit has been harvested, and
		the insured does not intend to harvest such acreage, enter "No Harvest."(d) If the case involves a Certification Form, enter the date from the Certification Form when the entire unit is put to another use, etc. Refer to the LAM.
44.	Damage Similar to	Preliminary: MAKE NO ENTRY.
	Other Farms in the Area?	Final : Check "Yes" or "No." Check "Yes" if amount and cause of damage due to insurable causes is similar to the experience of other groves in the area. If "No" is checked, explain in the Narrative.
45.	Assignment of Indemnity	Check "Yes" only if an assignment of indemnity is in effect for the crop year; otherwise, check "No." Refer to the GSH.
46.	Transfer of Right to Indemnity	Check "Yes" only if a transfer of right to indemnity is in effect for the unit for the crop year; otherwise, check "No." Refer to the GSH.
47a.	Share	Record only varying shares on same unit to three decimal places.
47b.	Field ID	 (a) If only one practice, variety, or type of harvested production is listed in Section I, MAKE NO ENTRY.
		(b) If more than one practice, variety, or type of harvested production is listed in Section I, and a separate approved APH yield exists, indicate for each practice/type/variety the corresponding Field ID (from column "16").
48.	Multi-crop Code	The applicable two-digit code for first crop and second crop. Refer to the LAM for instructions regarding entry of first crop and second crop codes. ***
49- 52.	Length or Diameter, Width, Depth, Deductions	For harvested production sold, enter the name and address of the buyer, packing house, or processor. For harvested production otherwise disposed of, indicate method the disposition.
53-55	5.	MAKE NO ENTRY.
56.	Bu. Ton, Lbs., Cwt.	Circle "Ton" in column heading. Enter the gross harvested production in tons rounded to tenths. If the insured has selected juice coverage from the actuarial documents and harvested as fresh, count on a ton for ton basis (e.g., 10.0 tons harvested as fresh, count 10.0 tons as juice, etc.). Convert any harvested production in pounds, containers, etc. to tons, explain in the Narrative.

E	lement/Item Number	Standard
57-6	Ob.	MAKE NO ENTRY.
61.	Adjusted Production	Transfer entry from column 56.
62.	Prod. Not To Count	Enter the net production NOT to count in tons rounded to tenths When acceptable records identifying such production are available, from harvested acreage which has been assessed an appraisal of not less than the guarantee per acre, or from other sources (e.g., other units or uninsured acreage). This entry must never exceed production shown on the same line. Explain any "Production not to Count" in the Narrative.
63.	Production Pre-QA	Column 61 minus column 62, results in tons to tenths.
64a.	Value	 Make the following entries, as applicable: (a) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of juice that is not marketed as fresh fruit, and due to insurable causes, does not contain 120 or more gallons of juice per ton, enter such gallons of juice per ton (see
		 exhibit 8 for information on calculating gallons of juice per ton). Round gallons to tenths. (b) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, MAKE NO ENTRY. (c) If no quality adjustment, MAKE NO ENTRY.
64b.	Mkt. Price	 Make the following entries, as applicable: (a) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of juice that is not marketed as fresh fruit, enter 120.0 gallons when there is an entry in column 64a.
		 (b) For any citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, MAKE NO ENTRY. (c) If no quality adjustment, MAKE NO ENTRY.
65.	Quality Factor	Make the following entries, as applicable:
		 (a) For harvested production of citrus fruit with an intended use of juice that is not marketed as fresh fruit, column 64a divided by column 64b. Round to three decimal places.
		(b) For harvested production of citrus fruit insured with an intended use of fresh fruit that is not marketable as fresh fruit due to insurable causes, enter the applicable Fresh Fruit Factor contained in the SP.
		(c) If no quality adjustment, MAKE NO ENTRY.

E	ement/Item Number	Standard
66.	Production to	Make the following entries in tons rounded to tenths:
	Count	
		(a) For harvested production with quality adjustment, column 63 multiplied by
		column 65.
		(b) For harvested production without quality adjustment, transfer entry from
		column 63.
67.	Total	Total of all column 63 entries. If no entry in column 63, MAKE NO ENTRY.
68.	Section II Total	Total of all column 66 entries.
69.	Section I Total	Transfer entry from section 1 column 38 total.
70.	Unit Total	Item 68 plus item 69.
71.	Allocated Prod.	Refer to the LAM for instructions for determining allocated production. Enter
		the total production, in tons rounded to tenths, allocated to this unit that is
		included in sections I or II of the PW. Document how allocated production was
		determined and record supporting calculations in the Narrative or on a Special
72.	Total APH Prod	Report. Make the following entries:
12.	1000170111100	wake the following churces.
		(a) When there are entries in column 37 and/or item 71: Item 70 minus item
		71, minus the total of column 37.
		(b) When there is no entry in column 37 or item 71: Transfer the entry from $\frac{1}{1000}$
		item 70.
		Note: MAKE NO ENTRY when separate APH yields are maintained by type,
		practice, etc., within the unit.
	The following	required entries are not illustrated on the PW examples below.
73.	Insured's Signature	Insured's (or insured's authorized representative's) signature and date.
	and Date	BEFORE obtaining the insured's signature, REVIEW ALL ENTRIES on the
		PW WITH THE INSURED or insured's authorized representative, particularly
		explaining codes, etc., that may not be readily understood. Final indemnity
74	A Jim - 4 - 12 - 0. 4	inspections should be signed on bottom line.
74.	Adjuster's Signature,	Signature of adjuster, code number, and date signed after the insured (or insured's authorized representative) has signed. For an absentee insured, enter
	Code #, and Date	insured's authorized representative) has signed. For an absentee insured, enter adjuster's code number ONLY. The signature and date will be entered AFTER
		the absentee has signed and returned the PW. Final indemnity inspections
		should be signed on bottom line.
75.	Page Numbers	Preliminary : Page numbers - "1," "2," etc., at the time of inspection.
	U	
		Final: Page numbers - (Example: Page 1 of 1, Page 1 of 2, Page 2 of 2, etc.).

									INUD			ллэп	LLI (F	resh r	uit Cla	IIII <i>)</i>									
1. Crop/Co			2. Un	it #		tion Descr	1		7. Company			Any	Company	7		8. Name of Inst	ured								
Ora i	nges /	<u>0227</u>	000	1-0001	L	ot 10a B	lock 28,		Agency			Any	Agency					<i>I. M.</i>	I. M. Insured						
				BU		Texas Ga	ardens					_				9. Claim #			11. Crop Year						
4. Date(s)		0		N 10												XXXXXXXX YYYY									
5. Cause(s	,	0		eeze												10. Policy #				XXX					
6. Insured				100			-									14. Date(s)	1st		2nd		Final <i>MM/DD/YYYY</i>				
12. Additio				0001 BU												Notice of Loss		DD/YYYY			MM/DD	/YYYY			
13. Est. Pr				<i>7.3</i>				DUCTIO		DUIGEN		1				15. Companion	Policy(s)								
			RMINEL	DACKEA	AGE AP	PRAISE	D, PRO	DUCTIC	ON AND A	DJUSTI	MENTS					DTENTIAL YI	TD								
A. ACT	UAK	IAL													B. P	32a.	TED								
16. 17		18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31	32b.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38.			
Field Mu	n R	eported	Determine	i Interest or	Risk	Туре	Class	Sub-	ntended Use	frr Practice	Cropping	Organic		Use o	11		Shell %, Factor, or	Production	Quality	Production	Uninsured	Total to			
ID Co		Acres	Acres	Share	Risk	rype	Clubb	Class		in i nædee	Practice	Practice	Stuge	Acreag	e Poten	tial Factor	Value	Pre QA	Factor	Post QA	Causes	Count			
A N	NS		6.9	1.000		150				002			1st	UH	1.4	1		9.7	0.11	1.1		1.1			
B N	NS		2.0	1.000		150				002			Р	UH							<i>9.8</i>	9.8			
C N	NS IS		20.0	1.000		150				002			2nd	H											
				40. Qu	ality: TW	V 🗆 KD	□ Afla	toxin 🗆	Vomitoxin	☐ Fumo	nisin 🗆	Garlicky	Dark I	Roast 🗆											
	39.	TOTAL	28.9						her 🗵 Noi							2	42. TOTALS	9.7		1.1	<i>9.8</i>	10.9			
		(7.0			5 5			A, State of	other health																
			re space is													<u>4.90T guarantee</u>									
			<u>arantee /</u> s = 9.8T c			<u>r 0.65 co</u>	verage I	evel = 4.	901. Block	A quali	ty adjusi	tment to	or treeze d	amaged	truit. Bl	ock B damaged	by spray bui	rn, apprais	al for unii	isured caus	ses at				
			<u>- 9.01 c</u> ERMINE			PRODU	ICTION				_														
43. Date				υ πάκν	LOILD				r farms in th	e area?	_		45 As	signment (of Indemnit	V		46 Tra	nsfer of Rig	ht to Indemn	itv?				
15. Dute	That ves		DD/YYY	V		Th. Du	nuge sinn	Yes	X No				15. 715	, igninent (Yes	No X		10. 114	Yes	No	·				
A. MEA	ASUR			-		B. GR	OSS PR	ODUCT			DJUSTN	IENTS	TO HAR	VESTE) PRODU			I							
47a.	48.	49.	50.	51.	52.	53.	54.	55.	56.	57.	58	Ba.	59a. 58b.	60a.	61.	62.	63.		64a.	65.		66.			
47b. Share	Multi-	Length				Net	Conver-		Bu., To	n Shel	58 1/ FN			60b. Test WT	Adjuste	đ	Produc	tion	64b. Value		P	roduction			
	Crop	or	Width	Depth	Deduc-	Cubic	sion	Gros	S I he	Suga	r				Producti	PIOd. NOL	Pre-Q	۰۰۰۰ ۱۸		Quality F		o Count			
	Code	Diameter		1	tion	Feet	Factor	Prod	· CWT	Facto		ctor	Factor	Factor	Tiodaeti	on to Count		L I	Akt. Price						
			Acme	Fruit Co.															-						
	NS			vn, State					31.3						31.3		31.	3	-	0.11	1	3.5			
LI																67. TOTA	L 31.	3	68	3. Section II	Total	3.5			
									TII -	.		0 ·	`						6	9. Section I		10.9			
								•	Illustra		-	•								70. Unit		14.4			
			Th	is forn	n exan	iple do	oes not	t illusti	rate all 1	require	ed entr	y item	ns (e.g.,	signat	ures, d	ates, etc.).									
	This form example does not illustrate all required entry items (e.g., signatures, dates, etc.). 71. Allocated Prod. 72. Total APH Prod. 4.6													46											

									PRC	DUCTI	ON WO	RKSHE	ET (Ju	ice Clai	m)									
1. Cro	op/Code	#	2. Uni	it #	3. Loca	tion Descri	ption	7. C	ompany		AI	<i>лу Сотр</i>	any			8. Name of Insure	d							
	Orange	e <mark>s / 0227</mark>	0002	2-0001	1	Lot 8c Blo	ock 28,	A	gency		A	ny Agen	icy					I. M.	. Insured					
			Ŀ	BU		Texas Ga	rdens									9. Claim #			11. Crop Year					
		Damage		N 10													XXXXXX		YYYY					
		Damage		eeze												10. Policy #			XXXX					
	ured Ca			00												14. Date(s)	1st		2nd	-	inal			
	dditiona			0001 BU												Notice of Loss		DD/YYYY			MM/DD/	YYYY		
		Per Acre												15. Companion Po	olicy(s)									
			RMINED	ACREA	CREAGE APPRAISED, PRODUCTION AND ADJUSTMENTS																			
A. <i>I</i>	ACTU	ARIAL	1	1		1		1	ł	1	1				B. P	OTENTIAL YI	ELD		1	1		1		
16.	17.	18.	19	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31		33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38.		
Field ID	Multi- Crop Code	Reported Acres	Determined Acres	I Interest or Share	Risk	Туре	Class	Sub-Class	Intended Use	e Irr Practice	e Cropping Practice	Organic Practice	Stage	Use of Acreage	Appra Poter		Shell %, Factor, or Value	Production Pre QA	Quality Factor	Production Post QA	Uninsured Causes	Total to Count		
A	NS		22.9	1.000		151				002			2nd	UH	1.	2 <u>37.5</u> 120.0	-	27.5	0.313	8.6		8.6		
B	NS		12.1	1.000		151				002			2nd	H										
									nitoxin 🗆		n 🗆 Garlic	ky 🗖 D	ark Roast											
	2	9. TOTAL	35.0						⊠ None ⊑ er health org		naximum li	mits? Yes	D No			42.	TOTALS	27.5		8.6		8.6		
			ore space is									e Specia	l Report	t). Grove	e A, 37.	5 gallons per to	n entry in c	olumns 32.	a from juic	e plant ana	lysis.			
Gro	ve B, 1	2.4 tons s	old for jui	ce. Stage	e 2 guara	ntee 7.54	APH Yie	eld x 0.65	coverage l	evel = 4.9	<i>DOT.</i>													
SEC	TION	II – DET	ERMINE	DHARV	ESTED	PRODU	CTION																	
		rvest Comp						other farm	s in the area	?		45.	Assignm	nent of Ind	emnity			46. Trai	sfer of Righ	t to Indemnity	?			
		MM/L	DD/YYYY				Ŷ	'es	Y No				-	Yes	5	No X			Yes	No	X			
		UREMEN	TS			B. GR	OSS PRO	DUCTIO		C. ADJU	JSTMEN				ODUC	TION								
47a 47b	48	. 49.	50.	51.	52.	53.	54.	55.	56.	57	58a. 58b.	59a. 59b.	60: 601		61.	62.	63.		64a. 64b.	65.		66.		
Shar	e Mu	lti- Lengtl			Deduc-	Net	Conver-	Gross	Bu., Ton	Shell/	FM%	Moisture	% Test	WT A	djusted	Prod. Not	Product		Value			oduction		
Field ID	i Cro Co		Width r	Depth	tion	Cubic Feet	sion Factor	Prod.	Lbs. CWT	Sugar Factor	Factor	Factor	Fact	tor Pro	oduction	to Count	Pre-Q	A N	Ikt. Price	Quality Fac	tor to	Count		
	N	5		luice Co. vn, State					12.4	-					12.4		12.4	4	37.5 120.0	0.313		3.9		
L		1	·									l		1		67. TOTAL	12.4	1	68	Section II To	otal	3.9		
																07. IOIAL	12.7			. Section I To		<i>3.)</i> <i>8.6</i>		
								(For Ill	ustratio	n Purp	oses Oi	ıly)							57	70. Unit To		12.5		
				This f	orm or	zomnlo	door n	at illust	rate all	roquir	ad antr	, itoms	(0 0	cionat	IIPOG	ote)			71.	Allocated Pr				
				1 1115 10	or m ex	ample	uves no	ot must	i ate all	requir	eu entry	y items	(e.g.,	Signat	ures,	eic.).				Total APH Pr		12.5		
																					L			

Tree Populations per Acre

						Dista	nce Be	tween	Trees	s (in fe	eet)																
				4		5		6		7		8		9													
SM		1	1	0890		8712		7260		6223		5445	;	484	0			,			. 1		.1				
\mathbf{R}_{0}		2	4	5445		4356		3630		3111		2723	;	242	0	For tree/row spacing not shown on the adjacent charts: Multiply the distance between trees (nearest tenth foot)									s:		
en		3		3630		2904		2420		2074		1815	;	161.	3	N	/lultip	oly the	e dist	ance	betwe	een ti	ees (1	neare	st ten	th foc	ot)
twe	(in feet)	4		2723		2178		1815		1556		1361		121	0											foot) a neare	
Bet	n f	5	1	2178		1742		1452		1245		1089)	968													
ce ,	E	6	1	1815		1452		1210		1037		908		807	'	whole number (e.g., 6.5 ft. x 10 ft. = 65 sq. ft. $43,560$ sq. ft. = 670 trees per acre). Refer to the LAM for											-503
tan		7	j	1556	Ì	1245		1037		889		778	l l	691												rees p)or
Distance Between Rows		8	1	1361		1089	908			778		681		605	;		cre.	ation	1 UII II	ow u	Jean	urate	uic n	unnoc	1 01 0	ices j	
		9	j	1210	Ì	968		807		691		605	l l	538	;	a	ure.										
															Rows												
		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35
	10	436	396	363	335	311	290	272	256	242	229	218	207	198	189	182	174	168	161	156	150	145		136	132	128	124
	11		360	330 303	<u>305</u> 279	283	264 242		233 214	220 202	208 191	198 182	189 173	180 165	172 158	165 151	158 145	152 140	147 134	141 130	137 125	132 121		124 113	120 110	116 107	113 104
	12 13			303	279	259 239	242		197	<u>202</u> 186	191	162		105	158	151	145		134	130	125	121		115	102	107 99	<u>104</u> 96
	13 14				230	239	223	194	183	173	164	156		132	135	130	134	129	115	111	107	104		97	<u>102</u> 94	99	90 89
	15						<u>207</u> 194		171	161	153	145		132	135	121	116		108	104	107	<u>97</u>	94	91	88	85	83
	16						1/4	170	160	151	143			132	118	1113	109	105	100	97	94	91	88	85	83	80	78
eet	17							110	151	142	135			116	111	107	102	99	95	92	88	85	83	80	78	75	73
Distance Between Trees (in feet)	18									134	127	121	115	110	105	101	97	93	90	86	83	81	78	76	73	71	69
s (i	19										121	115	109	104	100	96	92	88	85	82	79	76	74	72	69	67	66
ree	20											109	104	99	95	91	87	84	81	78	75	73	70	68	66	64	62
Ē	21												99	94	90	86	83	80	77	74	72	69	67	65	63	61	59
een	22													90	86	83	79	76	73	71	68	66	64	62	60	58	57
itw	23														82	79	76	73	70	68	65	63	61	59	57	56	54
Be	24															76	73	70	67	65	63	61	59	57	55	53	52
JCe	25																70	67	65	62	60	58	56	54	53	51	50
taı	26																	64	62	60	58	56	54	52	51	49	48
Dis	27																		60	58	56	54	52	50	49	47	46
	28 29																			56	54 52	52 50	50 48	49 47	47	46 44	44
	29 30																				52	<u>50</u> 48	48		46 44		43 41
	30 31																					4ð	47	45 44	44	43 41	41 40
	31 32																						43	44	43	40	39
	32 33																							73	40	39	38
	33 34																								TU	38	37
	35																										36
		· · ·		1 1		1	1	1	1	1	1	I				1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1			

Acres in Grove or Block	Minimum Number of Samples				
0.1 - 10.0	The lesser of 5 trees or 5% of the number of trees.				
One additional tree is required for each additional 10.0 acres (or fraction thereof) in the grove.					

Number of Oranges per 90.0 Pound Field Box									
96	126	150	176	200	216	220	252	288	324
Number of Grapefruit per 85.0 Pound Field Box									
36	46		54	64	70	80		96	112

Note: If citrus fruit size varies on the acreage being appraised, establish an average size and explain in the Narrative how this average size was determined. For example, if there are equal numbers of size 126 and 176 oranges, the closest average size would be size 150, enter "150".

A. General Information

Use the following information to determine juice content for calculating quality adjustment factors for juice claims:

- (1) If the average juice content has not already been determined, deliver a fruit sample to the nearest juice plant for juice quantity determination when the following records are not available:
 - (a) Individual producer records of juice content, or
 - (b) An average juice content from the nearest juice plant if not available.
- (2) Select a fruit sample that contains at least 40 pounds of citrus fruit from the acreage that is being appraised. Such fruit must be representative of the insured citrus fruit in the grove.
- (3) Retain a copy of the juice analysis from the juice plant in the insured's claim folder. Document percent juice calculations on the PW or Special Report, as applicable.

B. Calculations

(1) Convert percent juice to gallons of juice per ton as follows:

Step	Formula	Example
1	Juice % (from analysis) x wt. of sample fruit	0.150 x 40 lbs. = 6.0 lbs. juice
2	Step 1 results ÷ 8.0 lbs./gal.*	6.0 lbs. ÷ 8.0 lbs./gal. = 0.750 gal.
3	<u>Step 2 results x 2000.0 lbs./ton</u> 40.0 lbs.	$\frac{0.750 \text{ x } 2000.0}{40.0} = 37.5 \text{ gal. of juice}$

Gallons of Citrus Juice per Ton Calculations

*8.0 lbs. is the weight of one gallon of juice.

(2) Transfer result of step 3 to column 32a "Moisture %" or column 64a "Value" on the PW, as applicable.