

Farm and Foreign Agricultural Services Risk Management Agency

INFORMATIONAL MEMORANDUM

TO: All Reinsured Companies

All Risk Management Agency Offices

FROM: Ross J. Davidson, Jr. /s/ Ross J. Davidson, Jr. 04/23/02

Administrator

SUBJECT: Regional Irrigation Assessments and Prevented Planting for

Calendar Year 2002

BACKGROUND:

The Loss Adjustment Manual (LAM), FCIC 25010, requires the Risk Management Agency (RMA) Regional Offices (RO) to issue Regional Irrigation Assessments to identify areas where conditions are such that the availability of irrigation water may be adversely impacted. This is not a determination of the Federal Crop Insurance Corporation that adequate irrigation water supplies are or are not available in the respective areas. The attached irrigation assessments are provided:

- All counties in MT & WY Billings RO
- Pinal County, AZ, selected counties in CA, Pershing County, NV, all counties in UT Davis RO
- Quay County, NM, selected counties in TX Oklahoma City RO
- Selected counties in ID Spokane RO
- Republic County, KS, selected counties in CO & NE Topeka RO

DISCUSSION:

Insurance providers are reminded that prevented planting payments due to failure of the irrigation water supply can be made only if there is an inadequate amount of water available on the final planting date, and the reduced water supply is the result of an insured peril occurring within the insurance period. The insurance period for prevented planting coverage begins on the sales closing date for the previous crop year for producers who continue insurance from year to year. Transfer of coverage



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(cancellation/re-write) to a different insurance provider or a different plan of insurance (from MPCI to CRC, RA, etc.) is still considered continuous coverage. For producers who have a new policy, the insurance period begins on the sales closing date for the current crop year.

Prevented planting payments based on an irrigated practice production guarantee may be made only for the number of acres associated with the amount of irrigation water supply that is lost within the insurance period. If no insured cause of loss occurs within the insurance period that reduces the amount of irrigation water available, then no prevented planting payment based on an irrigated practice production guarantee can be made.

In some cases, drought or another insured cause of loss may continue from year to year. However, producers can only receive indemnities for the portion of loss that occurred within the insurance period. For example, a producer normally irrigates 100 acres, but the irrigation water supply has been reduced prior to the insurance period so that, even with normal precipitation and the amount of irrigation water available at the beginning of the insurance period, there would only be enough water to irrigate 50 acres. In this case, a prevented planting payment can be made only if the irrigation water supply is reduced during the insurance period to the extent that less than 50 acres can be irrigated.

To continue the proper administration of the irrigated practice for insured crops, insurance providers are directed to the LAM, Section 6, PAR 40, Prevented Planting Loss Adjustment Standards Handbook, FCIC 25370, and the review requirements in Manual 14, Guidelines and Expectations for Delivery of the Federal Crop Insurance Program, FCIC 14010. For more detailed information regarding reduced water supplies and how such shortages impact a producer's crop insurance coverage, refer to Bulletin No. MGR-01-017.

You may contact the respective offices with any questions relating to their assessments.

DISPOSAL DATE:

This Informational Memorandum is for transmitting information. The expiration date is July 1, 2003.

Attachments