The following is a brief description of the changes to the Catastrophic Risk Protection (CAT) Endorsement that are effective for the 2009 and succeeding crop years for all crops with a 2009 crop year contract change date on or after November 30, 2008, and for the 2010 and succeeding crop years for all crops with a 2009 crop year contract change date prior to November 30, 2008.

Section 1 – Removed the definitions of “crop of economic significance,” “insurance is available,” and “linkage requirement” because these terms are only used in relation to the linkage requirements. The requirement to purchase crop insurance to be eligible for certain other USDA program benefits is more appropriately contained in the rules for such other USDA program, not the crop insurance policy.

Section 2 – Removed the reference to the “General Crop Insurance Policy” because that policy no longer exists.

Section 4 – Removed provisions that were only relevant for the 1995 through 1998 crop years.

Section 6(e) – Removed the reference to “section 12” because all of the provisions in section 12 have been removed.

Section 7 – Removed provisions regarding tobacco marketing cards because they are no longer being used by the Farm Service Agency. Also removed the reference to linkage requirements for the reason stated above.

Section 9 – Removed provisions regarding instances where a producer was eligible to receive an indemnity under the policy and was also eligible for compensation for the same loss under another USDA program. This language was repetitive of similar provisions contained in the Basic Provisions.

Section 10(b) – Removed provisions indicating a new application is required after a policy has been voided because voidance does not automatically mean a policy is canceled for subsequent years. Also removed provisions referring to the waiver of disaster assistance for the reason stated above.

Section 11(a) – Removed the reference to the Late Planting Agreement Option because the option is no longer available.

Removed section 12 which dealt with linkage requirements for the reason stated above.
If a conflict exists between this Endorsement and any of the policies specified in section 2 or the Special Provisions for the insured crop, this endorsement will control.

Terms and Conditions

1. Definitions

Approved insurance provider - A private insurance company, including its agents, that has been approved and reinsured by FCIC to provide insurance coverage to producers participating in the Federal Crop Insurance program.

Approved yield - The amount of production per acre computed in accordance with FCIC’s actual production history program (7 CFR part 400, subpart G) or for crops not included under 7 CFR part 400, subpart G, the yield used to determine the guarantee in accordance with the Crop Provisions or the Special Provisions, and any adjustments elected in accordance with section 36 of the Basic Provisions.

County - The political subdivision of a state listed in the actuarial table and designated on your accepted application, including land in an adjoining county, provided such land is part of a field that extends into the adjoining county and the county boundary is not readily discernable. For peanuts and tobacco, the county will also include any land identified by a FSA farm serial number for the county but physically located in another county.

Expected market price - (price election) The price per unit of production (or other basis as determined by FCIC) anticipated during the period the insured crop normally is marketed by producers. This price will be set by FCIC before the sales closing date for the crop. The expected market price may be less than the actual price paid by buyers if such price typically includes remuneration for significant amounts of post-production expenses such as conditioning, culling, sorting, packing, etc.

FCIC - The Federal Crop Insurance Corporation, a wholly owned Government Corporation within USDA.

FSA - The Farm Service Agency, an agency of the United States Department of Agriculture or any successor agency.

Household - A domestic establishment including the members of a family (parents, brothers, sisters, children, spouse, grandchildren, aunts, uncles, nieces, nephews, first cousins, or grandparents, related by blood, adoption or marriage, are considered to be family members) and others who live under the same roof.

Limited resource farmer - A person with:
(1) Direct or indirect gross farm sales not more than $100,000.00 in each of the previous two years (to be increased starting in fiscal year 2004 to adjust for inflation using Prices Paid by Farmer Index as compiled by National Agricultural Statistical Service (NASS)); and
(2) A total household income at or below the national poverty level for a family of four, or less than 50 percent of county median household income in each of the previous two years (to be determined annually using Commerce Department Data).

Secretary - The Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture.

USDA - The United States Department of Agriculture.

Zero acreage report - An acreage report filed by you that certifies you do not have a share in the crop for that crop year.

2. Eligibility, Life of Policy, Cancellation, and Termination

(a) You must have one of the following policies in force to elect this Endorsement:
(1) The Common Crop Insurance Policy (7 CFR 457.8) and crop provisions;
(2) The Group Risk Plan Policy, if available for catastrophic risk protection; or
(3) A specific named crop insurance policy.

(b) You must have made application for catastrophic risk protection on or before the sales closing date for the crop in the county.

(c) You must be a "person" as defined in the crop policy to be eligible for catastrophic risk protection coverage.

3. Unit Division

(a) This section is in lieu of the unit provisions specified in the applicable crop policy.

(b) For catastrophic risk protection coverage, a unit will be all insurable acreage of the insured crop in the county on the date coverage begins for the crop year:
(1) In which you have one hundred percent (100%) crop share; or
(2) Which is owned by one person and operated by another person on a share basis.

(Example: If, in addition to the land you own, you rent land from five landlords, three on a crop share basis and two on a cash basis, you would be entitled to four units; one for each crop share lease and one that combines the two cash leases and the land you own.)

(c) Further division of the units described in paragraph (b) above is not allowed under this Endorsement.
4. Insurance Guarantees, Coverage Levels, and Prices for Determining Indemnities
   (a) Notwithstanding any provision contained in any other policy document, catastrophic coverage will offer protection equal to fifty percent (50%) of your approved yield indemnified at fifty-five percent (55%) of the expected market price, or a comparable coverage as established by FCIC.
   (b) If the crop policy denominates coverage in dollars per acre or other measure, or any other alternative method of coverage, such coverage will be converted to the amount of coverage that would be payable at fifty percent (50%) of your approved yield indemnified at fifty-five percent (55%) of the expected market price.
   (c) You may elect catastrophic coverage for any crop insured or reinsured by FCIC on either an individual yield and loss basis or an area yield and loss basis, if both options are offered as set out in the Actuarial Table or the Special Provisions.
   (d) To be eligible for an indemnity under this endorsement you must have suffered at least a 50 percent loss in yield.

5. Report of Acreage
   (a) The report of crop acreage that you file in accordance with the crop policy must be signed on or before the acreage reporting date. For catastrophic risk protection, unless the other person with an insurable interest in the crop objects in writing prior to the acreage reporting date and provides a signed acreage report on their own behalf, the operator may sign the acreage report for all other persons with an insurable interest in the crop without a power of attorney. All persons with an insurable interest in the crop, and for whom the operator purports to sign and represent, are bound by the information contained in that acreage report.
   (b) For the purpose of determining the amount of indemnity only, your share will not exceed your insurable interest at the earlier of the time of loss or the beginning of harvest. Unless the accepted application clearly indicates that insurance is requested for a partnership or joint venture, insurance will only cover the crop share of the person completing the application. The share will not extend to any other person having an interest in the crop except as may otherwise be specifically allowed in this endorsement. Any acreage or interest reported by or for your spouse, child or any member of your household may be considered your share. A lease containing provisions for both a minimum payment (such as a specified amount of cash, bushels, pounds, etc.) and a crop share will be considered a crop share lease. A lease containing provisions for either a minimum payment (such as a specified amount of cash, bushels, pounds, etc.) or a crop share will be considered a cash lease. Land rented for cash, a fixed commodity payment, or any consideration other than a share in the insured crop on such land will be considered as owned by the lessee.

6. Annual Premium and Administrative Fees
   (a) Notwithstanding any provision contained in any other policy document, you will not be responsible to pay a premium, nor will the policy be terminated because the premium has not been paid. FCIC will pay a premium subsidy equal to the premium established for the coverage provided under this endorsement.
   (b) In return for catastrophic risk protection coverage, you must pay an administrative fee to us within 30 days after you have been billed, unless otherwise authorized in the Federal Crop Insurance Act (You will be billed by the date stated in the Special Provisions):
      (1) The administrative fee owed is $300 for each crop in the county unless otherwise specified in the Special Provisions.
      (2) Payment of an administrative fee will not be required if you file a bona fide zero acreage report on or before the acreage reporting date for the crop (if you falsely file a zero acreage report you may be subject to criminal and administrative sanctions).
   (c) The administrative fee provisions of paragraph (b) of this section do not apply if you meet the definition of a limited resource farmer (see section 1). The administrative fee will be waived if you request it and:
      (1) You qualify as a limited resource farmer; or
      (2) You were insured prior to the 2005 crop year or for the 2005 crop year and your administrative fee was waived for one or more of those crop years because you qualified as a limited resource farmer under a policy definition previously in effect, and you remain qualified as a limited resource farmer under the definition that was in effect at the time the administrative fee was waived.
   (d) When a crop policy has provisions to allow you the option to separately insure individual crop types or varieties, you must pay a separate administrative fee in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section for each type or variety you elect to separately insure.
   (e) If the administrative fee is not paid when due, you, and all persons with an insurable interest in the crop under the same contract, may be ineligible for certain other USDA program benefits.

7. Insured Crop
   The crop insured is specified in the applicable crop policy, however:
   (a) Notwithstanding any other policy provision requiring the same insurance coverage on all insurable acreage of the crop in the county, if you purchase additional coverage for a crop, you
may separately insure acreage under catastrophic coverage that has been designated as “high risk” land by FCIC, provided that you execute a High Risk Land Exclusion Option and obtain a catastrophic risk protection policy with the same approved insurance provider, if available, on or before the applicable sales closing date. If catastrophic coverage is not available from the same insurance provider, you may obtain the catastrophic risk protection policy for the high risk land from another approved insurance provider or FSA, if available. You will be required to pay a separate administrative fee for both the additional coverage policy and the catastrophic coverage policy.

(b) A landowner will be allowed to obtain catastrophic coverage for all other landowners who hold an undivided interest in the insurable acreage, provided:

(1) All the landowners must agree in writing to such arrangement and have their social security number or employer identification number listed on the application, without regard to the actual amount of their interest in the insured acreage;

(2) All landowners must have an undivided interest in the insurable acreage;

(3) None of the landowners may hold any share in other acreage for which they are required to obtain at least catastrophic coverage;

(4) The total cumulative liability under the Catastrophic Risk Protection Endorsement for all landowners must be $2,500 or less;

(5) The landowner insuring the crop will:
   (i) Make application for insurance and provide the name and social security number or employer identification number of each person with an undivided interest in the insurable acreage;
   (ii) Be responsible to pay the one administrative fee for all the producers within the county;
   (iii) Fulfill all requirements under the insurance contract; and
   (iv) Receive any indemnity payment under the landowner’s social security number, or when applicable, employer identification number, and distribute the indemnity payments to the other persons sharing in the crop.

8. Replanting Payment
   Notwithstanding any provision contained in any other crop insurance document, no replant payment will be paid whether or not replanting of the crop is required under the policy.

9. Claim for Indemnity
   If two or more insured crop types, varieties, or classes are insured within the same unit, and multiple price elections are applicable, the dollar amount of insurance and the dollar amount of production to be counted will be determined separately for each type, variety, class, etc., that have separate price elections and then totaled to determine the total liability or dollar amount of production to be counted for the unit.

10. Concealment or Fraud
   Notwithstanding any provision contained in any other crop insurance document, your CAT policy may be voided by us on all crops without waiving any of our rights, including the right to collect any amounts due:
   (a) If at any time you conceal or misrepresent any material fact or commit fraud relating to this or any other contract issued under the authority of the Federal Crop Insurance Act with any insurance provider; and
   (b) The voidance will be effective for the crop year during which any such act or omission occurred.

11. Exclusion of Coverage
   (a) Options or endorsements that extend the coverage available under any crop policy offered by FCIC will not be available under this endorsement. Written agreements are not available for any crop insured under this endorsement.
   (b) Notwithstanding any provision contained in any other crop policy, hail and fire coverage and high-risk land may not be excluded under catastrophic risk protection.

(3 of 3)